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Synthetic expression of pplications including D invention provides me	cassette NA imi	/ polypeptides in a variety of cell types, including, but not limited to, encoding the HIV Gag-containing polypeptides are described, as are anization, generation of packaging cell lines, and production of Env-, producing Virus-Like Particles (VLPs), as well as, uses of the VLPs s and stimulation of immune response in subjects to whom the VLPs
	nber: PCT/US 30 December 1999 (Excember 1998 (31.12.9) EATION [US/US]; 456 (US). FON OF HIV POLYPE To the efficient expression of the effici	nber: PCT/US99/31245 30 December 1999 (30.12.99) Exember 1998 (31.12.98) US Ember 1999 (01.12.99) US EATION [US/US]; 4560 Horton (US). EXATION (US/US); 4560 Horton (US).

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IMPROVED EXPRESSION OF HIV POLYPEPTIDES AND PRODUCTION OF VIRUS-LIKE PARTICLES

5 TECHNICAL FIELD

Synthetic expression cassettes encoding the HIV polypeptides (e.g., Gag-, pol-, prot-, reverse transcriptase, Env- or tat-containing polypeptides) are described, as are uses of the expression cassettes. The present invention relates to the efficient expression of HIV polypeptides in a variety of cell types. Further, the invention provides methods of producing Virus-Like Particles (VLPs), as well as, uses of the VLPs and high level expression of oligomeric envelope proteins.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) is recognized as one of the greatest health threats facing modern medicine. There is, as yet, no cure for this disease.

In 1983-1984, three groups independently identified the suspected etiological agent of AIDS. See, e.g., Barre-Sinoussi et al. (1983) Science 220:868-871; Montagnier et al., in Human T-Cell Leukemia Viruses (Gallo, Essex & Gross, eds., 1984); Vilmer et al. (1984) The Lancet 1:753; Popovic et al. (1984) Science 224:497-500; Levy et al. (1984) Science 225:840-842. These isolates were variously called lymphadenopathy-associated virus (LAV), human T-cell lymphotropic virus

type III (HTLV-III), or AIDS-associated retrovirus (ARV). All of these isolates are strains of the same virus, and were later collectively named Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). With the isolation of a related AIDS-causing virus, the strains originally called HIV are now termed HIV-1 and the related virus is called HIV-2 See, e.g., Guyader et al. (1987) Nature 326:662-669; Brun-Vezinet et al. (1986) Science 233:343-346; Clavel et al. (1986) Nature 324:691-695.

A great deal of information has been gathered about the HIV virus, however, to date an effective vaccine has not been identified. Several targets for vaccine development have been examined including the env, Gag, pol and tat gene products encoded by HIV.

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Haas, et al., (Current Biology 6(3):315-324, 1996)
suggested that selective codon usage by HIV-1 appeared to
account for a substantial fraction of the inefficiency of
viral protein synthesis. Andre, et al., (J. Virol.
72(2):1497-1503, 1998) described an increased immune
response elicited by DNA vaccination employing a
synthetic gp120 sequence with optimized codon usage.
Schneider, et al., (J Virol. 71(7):4892-4903, 1997)
discuss inactivation of inhibitory (or instability)
elements (INS) located within the coding sequences of the
Gag and Gag-protease coding sequences.

The Gag proteins of HIV-1 are necessary for the assembly of virus-like particles. HIV-1 Gag proteins are involved in many stages of the life cycle of the virus including, assembly, virion maturation after particle release, and early post-entry steps in virus replication. The roles of HIV-1 Gag proteins are numerous and complex (Freed, E.O., Virology 251:1-15, 1998).

Wolf, et al., (PCT International Application, WO 96/30523, published 3 October 1996; European Patent Application, Publication No. 0 449 116 Al, published 2 October 1991) have described the use of altered pr55 Gag of HIV-1 to act as a non-infectious retroviral-like particulate carrier, in particular, for the presentation of immunologically important epitopes. Wang, et al., (Virology 200:524-534, 1994) describe a system to study assembly of HIV Gag-β-galactosidase fusion proteins into virions. They describe the construction of sequences encoding HIV Gag-β-galactosidase fusion proteins, the expression of such sequences in the presence of HIV Gag proteins, and assembly of these proteins into virus particles.

15 Recently, Shiver, et al., (PCT International Application, WO 98/34640, published 13 August 1998) described altering HIV-1 (CAM1) Gag coding sequences to produce synthetic DNA molecules encoding HIV Gag and modifications of HIV Gag. The codons of the synthetic 20 molecules were codons preferred by a projected host cell.

The envelope protein of HIV-1 is a glycoprotein of about 160 kD (gp160). During virus infection of the host cell, gp160 is cleaved by host cell proteases to form gp120 and the integral membrane protein, gp41. The gp41 portion is anchored in (and spans) the membrane bilayer of virion, while the gp120 segment protrudes into the surrounding environment. As there is no covalent attachment between gp120 and gp41, free gp120 is released from the surface of virions and infected cells.

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72(2):1497-1503, 1998) described an increased immune response elicited by DNA vaccination employing a synthetic gp120 sequence with optimized codon usage.

5 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to improved expression of HIV Env-, tat-, pol-, prot-, reverse transcriptase, or Gag-containing polypeptides and production of virus-like particles.

In one embodiment the present invention includes an 10 expression cassette, comprising a polynucleotide encoding an HIV Gag polypeptide comprising a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:20. In certain embodiments, the polynucleotide sequence encoding said Gag polypeptide comprises a 15 sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:9 or SEQ ID NO:4. expression cassettes may further include a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV protease polypeptide, for example a nucleotide sequence having at least 90% 20 sequence identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:78, and SEQ ID The expression cassettes may further include a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV reverse transcriptase polypeptide, for example a sequence having 25 at least 90% sequence identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:80, SEQ ID

NO:81, SEQ ID NO:82, SEQ ID NO:83, and SEQ ID NO:84. The expression cassettes may further include a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV tat polypeptide, for example a sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:87, SEQ ID NO:88, and SEQ ID NO:89. The expression cassettes may further include a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV polymerase polypeptide, for example a

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sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:6. The expression cassettes may include a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV polymerase polypeptide, wherein (i) the nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:4, and (ii) wherein the sequence is modified by deletions of coding regions corresponding to reverse transcriptase and integrase. The expression cassettes described above may preserves T-helper cell and CTL epitopes. The expression cassettes may further include a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HCV core polypeptide, for example a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:7.

In another aspect, the invention includes an expression cassette, comprising a polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide including an HIV Env polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding said Env polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:71 (Figure 58) or SEO ID NO:72 (Figure 59). In certain embodiments, the Env expression cassettes includes sequences flanking a V1 region but have a deletion in the V1 region itself, for example the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:65 (Figure 52, gp160.modUS4.delV1). In certain embodiments, the Env expression cassettes, include sequences flanking a V2 region but have a deletion in the V2 region itself, for example the sequences shown in SEQ ID NO:60 (Figure 47); SEQ ID NO:66 (Figure 53); SEQ ID NO:34 (Figure 20); SEQ ID NO:37 (Figure 24); SEQ ID NO:40 (Figure 27); SEQ ID NO:43 (Figure 30); SEQ ID NO:46 (Figure 33); SEQ ID NO:76 (Figure 64) and SEQ ID NO:49 (Figure 36). In certain

embodiments, the Env expression cassettes include sequences flanking a V1/V2 region but have a deletion in the V1/V2 region itself, for example, SEQ ID NO:59 (Figure 46); SEQ ID NO:61 (Figure 48); SEQ ID NO:67 5 (Figure 54); SEQ ID NO:75 (Figure 63); SEQ ID NO:35 (Figure 21); SEQ ID NO:38 (Figure 25); SEQ ID NO:41 (Figure 28); SEQ ID NO:44 (Figure 31); SEQ ID NO:47 (Figure 34) and SEQ ID NO:50 (Figure 37). encoding expression cassettes may also include a mutated 10 cleavage site that prevents the cleavage of a gp140 polypeptide into a gp120 polypeptide and a gp41 polypeptide, for example, SEQ ID NO:57 (Figure 44); SEQ ID NO:61 (Figure 48); SEQ ID NO:63 (Figure 50); SEO ID NO:39 (Figure 26); SEQ ID NO:40 (Figure 27); SEQ ID NO:41 15 (Figure 28); SEQ ID NO:42 (Figure 29); SEQ ID NO:43 (Figure 30); SEQ ID NO:44 (Figure 31); SEQ ID NO:45 (Figure 32); SEQ ID NO:46 (Figure 33); and SEQ ID NO:47 (Figure 34). The Env expression cassettes may include a gp160 Env polypeptide or a polypeptide derived from a 20 gp160 Env polypeptide, for example SEQ ID NO:64 (Figure 51); SEQ ID NO:65 (Figure 52); SEQ ID NO:66 (Figure 53); SEQ ID NO:67 (Figure 54); SEQ ID NO:68 (Figure 55); SEQ ID NO:75 (Figure 63); SEQ ID NO:73 (Figure 61); SEQ ID NO:48 (Figure 35); SEQ ID NO:49 (Figure 36); SEQ ID NO:50 25 (Figure 37); SEQ ID NO:76 (Figure 64); and SEQ ID NO:74 (Figure 62). The Env expression cassettes may include a gp140 Env polypeptide or a polypeptide derived from a gp140 Env polypeptide, for example SEQ ID NO:56 (Figure 43); SEQ ID NO:57 (Figure 44); SEQ ID NO:58 (Figure 45); 30 SEQ ID NO:59 (Figure 46); SEQ ID NO:60 (Figure 47); SEQ ID NO:61 (Figure 48); SEQ ID NO:62 (Figure 49); SEQ ID NO:63 (Figure 50); SEQ ID NO:36 (Figure 23); SEQ ID NO:37 (Figure 24); SEQ ID NO:38 (Figure 25); SEQ ID NO:39

(Figure 26); SEQ ID NO:40 (Figure 27); SEQ ID NO:41 (Figure 28); SEQ ID NO:42 (Figure 29); SEQ ID NO:43 (Figure 30); SEQ ID NO:44 (Figure 31); SEQ ID NO:45 (Figure 32); SEQ ID NO:46 (Figure 33); and SEQ ID NO:47 (Figure 34). The Env expression cassettes may also include a gp120 Env polypeptide or a polypeptide derived from a gp120 Env polypeptide, for example SEQ ID NO:54 (Figure 41); and SEQ ID NO:55 (Figure 42); SEQ ID NO:33 (Figure 19); SEQ ID NO:34 (Figure 20); and SEQ ID NO:35 (Figure 21). The Env expression cassettes may include an 10 Env polypeptide lacking the amino acids corresponding to residues 128 to about 194, relative to strains SF162 or US4, for example, SEQ ID NO:55 (Figure 42); SEQ ID NO:62 (Figure 49); SEQ ID NO:63 (Figure 50); and SEQ ID NO:68 15 (Figure 55).

In another aspect, the invention includes a recombinant expression system for use in a selected host cell, comprising, one or more of the expression cassettes described herein operably linked to control elements compatible with expression in the selected host cell. The expression cassettes may be included on one or on multiple vectors and may use the same or different promoters. Exemplary control elements include a transcription promoter (e.g., CMV, CMV+intron A, SV40, RSV, HIV-Ltr, MMLV-ltr, and metallothionein), a transcription enhancer element, a transcription termination signal, polyadenylation sequences, sequences for optimization of initiation of translation, and translation termination sequences.

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In another aspect, the invention includes a recombinant expression system for use in a selected host cell, comprising, any one of the expression cassettes described herein operably linked to control elements

compatible with expression in the selected host cell. Exemplary control elements include, but are not limited to, a transcription promoter (e.g., CMV, CMV+intron A, SV40, RSV, HIV-LTR, MMLV-LTR, and metallothionein), a transcription enhancer element, a transcription termination signal, polyadenylation sequences, sequences for optimization of initiation of translation, and translation termination sequences.

In yet another aspect, the invention includes a cell comprising one or more of the expression cassettes described herein operably linked to control elements compatible with expression in the cell. The cell can be, for example, a mammalian cell (e.g., BHK, VERO, HT1080, 293, RD, COS-7, or CHO cells), an insect cell (e.g.,

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Trichoplusia ni (Tn5) or Sf9), a bacterial cell, a plant cell, a yeast cell, an antigen presenting cell (e.g., primary, immortalized or tumor-derived lymphoid cells such as macrophages, monocytes, dendritic cells, B-cells, T-cells, stem cells, and progenitor cells thereof).

In another aspect, the invention includes methods for producing a polypeptide including HIV Gag-, prot-, pol-, reverse transcriptase, Env- or Tat-containing polypeptide sequences, said method comprising, incubating the cells comprising one or more the expression cassettes describe herein, under conditions for producing said polypeptide.

In yet another aspect, the invention includes compositions for generating an immunological response, comprising one or more of the expression cassettes described herein. In certain embodiments, the compositions also include an adjuvant.

In a still further aspect, the invention includes methods of generating an immune response in a subject, comprising introducing a composition comprising one or

more of the expression cassettes described herein into the subject under conditions that are compatible with expression of said expression cassette in the subject. In certain embodiments, the expression cassette is introduced using a gene delivery vector. More than one expression cassette may be introduced using one or more gene delivery vectors.

In yet another aspect, the invention includes a purified polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide including an HIV Env polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding said Env polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:71 (Figure 58) or SEQ ID NO:72 (Figure 59). Further exemplary purified polynucleotide sequences were presented above.

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The polynucleotides of the present invention can be produced by recombinant techniques, synthetic techniques, or combinations thereof.

In another embodiment, the invention includes a method for producing a polypeptide including HIV *Gag* polypeptide sequences, where the method comprises incubating any of the above cells containing an expression cassette of interest under conditions for producing the polypeptide.

The invention further includes, a method for producing virus-like particles (VLPs) where the method comprises incubating any of the above-described cells containing an expression cassette of interest under conditions for producing VLPs.

In another aspect the invention includes a method for producing a composition of virus-like particles (VLPs) where, any of the above-described cells containing an expression cassette of interest are incubated under

conditions for producing VLPs, and the VLPs are substantially purified to produce a composition of VLPs.

In a further embodiment of the present invention, packaging cell lines are produced using the expression cassettes of the present invention. For example, a cell line useful for packaging lentivirus vectors comprises suitable host cells that have an expression vector containing an expression cassette of the present invention wherein said polynucleotide sequence is 10 operably linked to control elements compatible with expression in the host cell. In a preferred embodiment, such host cells may be transfected with one or more expression cassettes having a polynucleotide sequence that encodes an HIV polymerase polypeptide or 15 polypeptides derived therefrom, for example, where the nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:6. Further, the HIV polymerase polypeptide may be modified by deletions of 20 coding regions corresponding to reverse transcriptase and integrase. Such a polynucleotide sequence may preserve T-helper cell and CTL epitopes, for example when used in a vaccine application. In addition, the polynucleotide sequence may also include other polypeptides. Further, 25 polynucleotide sequences encoding additional polypeptides whose expression are useful for packaging cell line function may also be utilized.

In another aspect, the present invention includes a gene delivery or vaccine vector for use in a subject, where the vector is a suitable gene delivery vector for use in the subject, and the vector comprises one or more of any of the expression cassettes of the present

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invention where the polynucleotide sequences of interest are operably linked to control elements compatible with expression in the subject. Such gene delivery vectors can be used in a method of DNA immunization of a subject, for example, by introducing a gene delivery vector into the subject under conditions that are compatible with expression of the expression cassette in the subject. Gene delivery vectors useful in the practice of the present invention include, but are not limited to, 10 nonviral vectors, bacterial plasmid vectors, viral vectors, particulate carriers (where the vector is coated on a polylactide co-glycolide particles, gold or tungsten particle, for example, the coated particle can be delivered to a subject cell using a gene gun), liposome preparations, and viral vectors (e.g., vectors derived 15 from alphaviruses, pox viruses, and vaccinia viruses, as well as, retroviral vectors, including, but not limited to, lentiviral vectors). Alphavirus-derived vectors include, for example, an alphavirus cDNA construct, a 20 recombinant alphavirus particle preparation and a eukaryotic layered vector initiation system. In one embodiment, the subject is a vertebrate, preferably a mammal, and in a further embodiment the subject is a human.

The invention further includes a method of generating an immune response in a subject, where cells of a subject are transfected with any of the above-described gene delivery vectors (e.g., alphavirus constructs; alphavirus cDNA constructs; eukaryotic

layered vector initiation systems (see, e.g., U.S. Patent Number 5,814,482 for description of suitable eukaryotic layered vector initiation systems); alphavirus particle

preparations; etc.) under conditions that permit the expression of a selected polynucleotide and production of a polypeptide of interest (i.e., encoded by any expression cassette of the present invention), thereby eliciting an immunological response to the polypeptide. Transfection of the cells may be performed ex vivo and the transfected cells are reintroduced into the subject. Alternately, or in addition, the cells may be transfected in vivo in the subject. The immune response may be humoral and/or cell-mediated (cellular).

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Further embodiments of the present invention include purified polynucleotides. In one embodiment, the purified polynucleotide comprises a polynucleotide sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:20, and complements thereof. In another embodiment, the purified polynucleotide comprises a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV Gag polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide sequence comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:20, and complements thereof. In still another embodiment, the purified polynucleotide comprises a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV Gag polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide sequence comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:9, and complements thereof. further embodiments the polynucleotide sequence comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to one of the following sequences: SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ

The polynucleotides of the present invention can be produced by recombinant techniques, synthetic techniques, or combinations thereof.

ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:7, and complements thereof.

These and other embodiments of the present invention will readily occur to those of ordinary skill in the art in view of the disclosure herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

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Figure 1 shows the locations of the inactivation sites for the native HIV-1SF2 Gag protein coding sequence.

Figure 2 shows the locations of the inactivation

10 sites for the native HIV-1SF2 Gag-protease protein coding sequence.

Figures 3A and 3B show electron micrographs of virus-like particles. Figure 3A shows immature p55Gag virus-like particles in COS-7 cells transfected with a synthetic HIV-1_{SF2} gag construct while Figure 3B shows mature (arrows) and immature VLP in cells transfected with a modified HIV-1_{SF2} gagprotease construct (GP2, SEQ ID NO:70). Transfected cells were fixed at 24 h (gag) or 48 h (gagprotease) post-transfection and subsequently analyzed by electron microscopy (magnification at 100,000%). Cells transfected with vector alone (pCMVKm2) served as negative control (data not shown).

Figure 4 presents an image of samples from a series of fractions which were electrophoresed on an 8-16% SDS polyacrylamide gel and the resulting bands visualized by commassie blue staining. The results show that the native p55 Gag virus-like particles (VLPs) banded at a sucrose density of range of 1.15 - 1.19 g/ml with the peak at approximately 1.17 g/ml.

Figure 5 presents an image similar to Figure 4 where the analysis was performed using Gag VLPs produced by a synthetic Gag expression cassette.

Figure 6 presents a comparison of the total amount of purified HIV p55 Gag from several preparations obtained from two baculovirus expression cassettes encoding native and modified Gag.

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Figure 7 presents an alignment of modified coding sequences of the present invention including a synthetic Gag expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:4), a synthetic Gag-protease expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:5), and a synthetic Gag-polymerase expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:6). A common region (Gag-common; SEQ ID NO:9) extends from position 1 to position 1262.

Figure 8 presents an image of wild-type Gag-HCV core expression samples from a series of fractions which were electrophoresed on an 8-16% SDS polyacrylamide gel and the resulting bands visualized by commassie staining.

Figure 9 shows the results of Western blot analysis of the gel shown presented in Figure 8.

Figure 10 presents results similar to those shown in Figure 9. The results in Figure 10 indicate that the main HCV Core-specific reactivity migrates at an approximate molecular weight of 72,000 kD, which is in accordance with the predicted molecular weight of the Gag-HCV core chimeric protein.

Figures 11A to 11D present a comparison of AT content, in percent, of cDNAs corresponding to an unstable human mRNA (human IFNy mRNA; 11A), wild-type HIV Gag native RNA (11B), a stable human mRNA (human GAPDH mRNA; 11C), and synthetic HIV Gag RNA (11D).

Figure 12 shows the location of the inactivation sites for the native HIV-1SF2 Gag-polymerase sequence.

Figure 13A presents a vector map of pESN2dhfr. Figure 13B presents a map of the pCMVIII vector. Figure 14 presents a vector map of pCMV-LINK.

Figure 15 presents a schematic diagram showing the relationships between the following forms of the HIV Env polypeptide: gp160, gp140, gp120, and gp41.

Figure 16 depicts the nucleotide sequence of wild-type gp120 from SF162 (SEQ ID NO:30).

Figure 17 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the wild-type gp140 from SF162 (SEQ ID NO:31).

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Figure 18 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the wild-type gp160 from SF162 (SEQ ID NO:32).

Figure 19 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp120.modSF162 (SEQ ID NO:33).

Figure 20 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp120.modSF162.delV2 (SEQ ID NO:34).

Figure 21 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp120.modSF162.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID NO:35).

Figures 22A-H show the percent A-T content over the length of the sequences for IFNy (Figures 2C and 2G); native gp160 Env US4 and SF162 (Figures 2A and 2E, respectively); GAPDH (Figures 2D and 2H); and the synthetic gp160 Env for US4 and SF162 (Figures 2B and 2F, respectively).

Figure 23 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.modSF162 (SEQ ID NO:36).

Figure 24 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.modSF162.delV2 (SEQ ID NO:37).

Figure 25 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.modSF162.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID ${
m NO:38}$).

Figure 26 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gpl40.mut.modSF162 (SEQ ID NO:39).

Figure 27 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut.modSF162.delV2 (SEQ ID ${\tt NO:40}$).

Figure 28 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut.modSF162.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID NO:41).

Figure 29 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gpl40.mut7.modSF162 (SEQ ID NO:42).

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Figure 30 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut7.modSF162.delV2 (SEQ ID NO:43).

Figure 31 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut7.modSF162.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID NO:44).

Figure 32 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut8.modSF162 (SEQ ID NO:45).

Figure 33 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut8.modSF162.delV2 (SEQ ID NO:46).

Figure 34 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut8.modSF162.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID NO:47).

Figure 35 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp160.modSF162 (SEQ ID NO:48).

Figure 36 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp160.modSF162.delV2 (SEQ ID NO:49).

Figure 37 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp160 .modSF162.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID NO:50).

Figure 38 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the wild-type gp120 from US4 (SEQ ID NO:51).

Figure 39 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the wild-type gp140 from US4 (SEQ ID NO:52).

Figure 40 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the wild-type gp160 from US4 (SEQ ID NO:53).

Figure 41 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp120.modUS4 (SEQ ID NO:54).

Figure 42 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gpl20.modUS4.del 128-194 (SEQ ID NO:55).

Figure 43 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gpl40.modUS4 (SEQ ID NO:56).

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Figure 44 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut.modUS4 (SEQ ID NO:57).

Figure 45 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.TM.modUS4 (SEQ ID NO:58).

Figure 46 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.modUS4.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID NO:59).

Figure 47 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.modUS4.delV2 (SEQ ID NO:60).

Figure 48 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut.modUS4.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID NO:61).

Figure 49 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.modUS4.del 128-194 (SEQ ID NO:62).

Figure 50 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp140.mut.modUS4.del 128-194 (SEQ ID NO:63).

Figure 51 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp160.modUS4 (SEQ ID NO:64).

Figure 52 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp160.modUS4.delV1 (SEQ ID NO:65).

Figure 53 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp160.modUS4.delV2 (SEQ ID NO:66).

Figure 54 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2 (SEQ ID NO:67).

Figure 55 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated gp160.modUS4.del 128-194 (SEQ ID NO:68).

Figure 56 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the common region of Env from wild-type US4 (SEQ ID NO:69).

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Figure 57 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the common region of Env from wild-type SF162 (SEQ ID NO:70).

Figure 58 depicts the nucleotide sequence of synthetic sequences corresponding to the common region of Env from US4 (SEQ ID NO:71).

Figure 59 depicts the nucleotide sequence of synthetic sequences corresponding to the common region of Env from SF162 (SEQ ID NO:72).

Figure 60 presents a schematic representation of an Env polypeptide purification strategy.

Figure 61 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the bicistronic construct designated gp160.modUS4.Gag.modSF2 (SEQ ID NO:73).

Figure 62 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the bicistronic construct designated gp160.modSF162.Gag.modSF2 (SEQ ID NO:74).

Figure 63 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the bicistronic construct designated gp160.modUS4.-delV1/V2.Gag.modSF2 (SEQ ID NO:75).

25 Figure 64 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the bicistronic construct designated gp160.modSF162.delV2.Gag.modSF2 (SEQ ID NO:76).

Figures 65A-65F show micrographs of 293T cells transfected with the following polypeptide encoding sequences: Figure 65A, gag.modSF2; Figure 65B, gp160.modUS4; Figure 65C,

gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2.gag.modSF2 (bicistronic Env and Gag); Figures 65D and 65E, gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2 and

gag.modSF2; and Figure 65F, gp120.modSF162.delV2 and
gag.modSF2.

Figures 66A and 66B present alignments of selected modified coding sequences of the present invention including a common region defined for each group of synthetic *Env* expression cassettes. Figure 66A presents alignments of modified SF162 sequences. Figure 66B presents alignments of modified US4 sequences. The SEQ ID NOs for these sequences are presented in Tables 1A and 1B.

Figure 67 shows the ELISA titers (binding antibodies) obtained in two rhesus macaques (H445, lines with solid black dots; and J408, lines with open squares). The y-axis is the end-point gp140 ELISA titers and the x-axis shows weeks post-immunization. The dashed lines at 0, 4, and 8 weeks represent DNA immunizations. The alternating dash/dotted line at 27 weeks indicates a DNA plus protein boost immunization.

Figure 68 (SEQ ID NO:77) depicts the wild-type 20 nucleotide sequence of Gag reverse transcriptase from SF2.

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Figure 69 (SEQ ID NO:78) depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated GP1.

Figure 70 (SEQ ID NO:79) depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated GP2.

Figure 71 (SEQ ID NO:80) depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated FS(+).protinact.RTopt.YM. FS(+) indicates that there is a frameshift in the GagPol coding sequence.

Figure 72 (SEQ ID NO:81) depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated FS(+).protinact.RTopt.YMWM.

Figure 73 (SEQ ID NO:82) depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated FS(-

).protmod.RTopt.YM. FS(-) indicates that there is no frameshift in the GagPol coding sequence.

Figure 74 (SEQ ID NO:83) depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac$

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Figure 75 (SEQ ID NO:84) depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated FS(-).protmod.RTopt(+).

Figure 76 (SEQ ID NO:85) depicts the nucleotide sequence of wild type Tat from isolate SF162.

Figure 77 (SEQ ID NO:86) depicts the amino acid sequence of the tat polypeptide.

Figure 78 (SEQ ID NO:87) depicts the nucleotide sequence of a synthetic Tat construct designated Tat.SF162.opt.

Figure 79 (SEQ ID NO:88) depicts the nucleotide sequence of a synthetic Tat construct designated tat.cys22.sf162.opt. The construct encodes a tat polypeptide in which the cystein residue at position 22 of the wild type Tat polypeptide is replaced by a glycine residue.

Figures 80A to 80E are an alignment of the nucleotide sequences of the constructs designated Gag.mod.SF2, GP1 (SEQ ID NO:78), and GP2 (SEQ ID NO:79).

Figure 81 (SEQ ID NO:89) depicts the nucleotide sequence of the construct designated tataminoSF162.opt, which encodes the amino terminus of that tat protein. The codon encoding the cystein-22 residue is underlined.

Figure 82 (SEQ ID NO:90) depicts the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide encoded by the construct designated tat.cys22.SF162.opt (SEQ ID NO:88).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The practice of the present invention will employ, unless otherwise indicated, conventional methods of chemistry, biochemistry, molecular biology, immunology and pharmacology, within the skill of the art. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature. e.g., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 18th Edition (Easton, Pennsylvania: Mack Publishing Company, 1990); Methods In Enzymology (S. Colowick and N. Kaplan, eds., Academic Press, Inc.); and Handbook of Experimental Immunology, Vols. I-IV (D.M. Weir and C.C. Blackwell, eds., 1986, Blackwell Scientific Publications); Sambrook, et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (2nd Edition, 1989); Short Protocols in Molecular Biology, 4th ed. (Ausubel et al. eds., 1999, John Wiley & Sons); Molecular Biology Techniques: An Intensive Laboratory Course, (Ream et al., eds., 1998, Academic Press); PCR (Introduction to Biotechniques Series), 2nd ed. (Newton & Graham eds., 1997, Springer Verlag).

As used in this specification and the appended claims, the singular forms "a," "an" and "the" include plural references unless the content clearly dictates otherwise. Thus, for example, reference to "an antigen" includes a mixture of two or more such agents.

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1. Definitions

In describing the present invention, the following terms will be employed, and are intended to be defined as indicated below.

"Synthetic" sequences, as used herein, refers to
Env-, tat- or Gag-encoding polynucleotides whose
expression has been optimized as described herein, for
example, by codon substitution, deletions, replacements
and/or inactivation of inhibitory sequences. "Wild-type"

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conditions.

or "native" sequences, as used herein, refers to polypeptide encoding sequences that are essentially as they are found in nature, e.g., Gag encoding sequences as found in the isolate HIV-1SF2 or Env encoding sequences as found in the isolates HIV-1SF162 or HIV1US4.

As used herein, the term "virus-like particle" or "VLP" refers to a nonreplicating, viral shell, derived from any of several viruses discussed further below. VLPs are generally composed of one or more viral 10 proteins, such as, but not limited to those proteins referred to as capsid, coat, shell, surface and/or envelope proteins, or particle-forming polypeptides derived from these proteins. VLPs can form spontaneously upon recombinant expression of the protein in an 15 appropriate expression system. Methods for producing particular VLPs are known in the art and discussed more fully below. The presence of VLPs following recombinant expression of viral proteins can be detected using conventional techniques known in the art, such as by 20 electron microscopy, biophysical characterization, and the like. See, e.g., Baker et al., Biophys. J. (1991) 60:1445-1456; Hagensee et al., J. Virol. (1994) 68:4503-4505. For example, VLPs can be isolated by density gradient centrifugation and/or identified by 25 characteristic density banding (e.g., Example 7). Alternatively, cryoelectron microscopy can be performed on vitrified aqueous samples of the VLP preparation in question, and images recorded under appropriate exposure

By "particle-forming polypeptide" derived from a particular viral protein is meant a full-length or near full-length viral protein, as well as a fragment thereof, or a viral protein with internal deletions, which has the ability to form VLPs under conditions that favor VLP

formation. Accordingly, the polypeptide may comprise the full-length sequence, fragments, truncated and partial sequences, as well as analogs and precursor forms of the reference molecule. The term therefore intends

deletions, additions and substitutions to the sequence, so long as the polypeptide retains the ability to form a VLP. Thus, the term includes natural variations of the specified polypeptide since variations in coat proteins often occur between viral isolates. The term also

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- includes deletions, additions and substitutions that do not naturally occur in the reference protein, so long as the protein retains the ability to form a VLP. Preferred substitutions are those which are conservative in nature, i.e., those substitutions that take place within a family
- of amino acids that are related in their side chains.

 Specifically, amino acids are generally divided into four families: (1) acidic -- aspartate and glutamate; (2) basic -- lysine, arginine, histidine; (3) non-polar -- alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, proline,
- phenylalanine, methionine, tryptophan; and (4) uncharged polar -- glycine, asparagine, glutamine, cystine, serine threonine, tyrosine. Phenylalanine, tryptophan, and tyrosine are sometimes classified as aromatic amino acids.
- An "antigen" refers to a molecule containing one or more epitopes (either linear, conformational or both) that will stimulate a host's immune system to make a humoral and/or cellular antigen-specific response. The term is used interchangeably with the term "immunogen."
 - Normally, a B-cell epitope will include at least about 5 amino acids but can be as small as 3-4 amino acids. A T-cell epitope, such as a CTL epitope, will include at least about 7-9 amino acids, and a helper T-cell epitope at least about 12-20 amino acids. Normally, an epitope

will include between about 7 and 15 amino acids, such as, 9, 10, 12 or 15 amino acids. The term "antigen" denotes both subunit antigens, (i.e., antigens which are separate and discrete from a whole organism with which the antigen is associated in nature), as well as, killed, attenuated or inactivated bacteria, viruses, fungi, parasites or other microbes. Antibodies such as anti-idiotype antibodies, or fragments thereof, and synthetic peptide mimotopes, which can mimic an antigen or antigenic determinant, are also captured under the definition of antigen as used herein. Similarly, an oligonucleotide or polynucleotide which expresses an antigen or antigenic determinant in vivo, such as in gene therapy and DNA immunization applications, is also included in the definition of antigen herein.

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antigens.

For purposes of the present invention, antigens can be derived from any of several known viruses, bacteria, parasites and fungi, as described more fully below. The term also intends any of the various tumor antigens. Furthermore, for purposes of the present invention, an "antigen" refers to a protein which includes modifications, such as deletions, additions and substitutions (generally conservative in nature), to the native sequence, so long as the protein maintains the ability to elicit an immunological response, as defined herein. These modifications may be deliberate, as through site-directed mutagenesis, or may be accidental, such as through mutations of hosts which produce the

An "immunological response" to an antigen or composition is the development in a subject of a humoral and/or a cellular immune response to an antigen present in the composition of interest. For purposes of the present invention, a "humoral immune response" refers to

an immune response mediated by antibody molecules, while a "cellular immune response" is one mediated by Tlymphocytes and/or other white blood cells. important aspect of cellular immunity involves an antigen-specific response by cytolytic T-cells ("CTL"s). CTLs have specificity for peptide antigens that are presented in association with proteins encoded by the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) and expressed on the surfaces of cells. CTLs help induce and promote the destruction of intracellular microbes, or the lysis of 10 cells infected with such microbes. Another aspect of cellular immunity involves an antigen-specific response by helper T-cells. Helper T-cells act to help stimulate the function, and focus the activity of, nonspecific effector cells against cells displaying peptide antigens 15 in association with MHC molecules on their surface. A "cellular immune response" also refers to the production of cytokines, chemokines and other such molecules produced by activated T-cells and/or other white blood 20 cells, including those derived from CD4+ and CD8+ Tcells.

A composition or vaccine that elicits a cellular immune response may serve to sensitize a vertebrate subject by the presentation of antigen in association with MHC molecules at the cell surface. The cell-mediated immune response is directed at, or near, cells presenting antigen at their surface. In addition, antigen-specific T-lymphocytes can be generated to allow for the future protection of an immunized host.

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The ability of a particular antigen to stimulate a cell-mediated immunological response may be determined by a number of assays, such as by lymphoproliferation (lymphocyte activation) assays, CTL cytotoxic cell assays, or by assaying for T-lymphocytes specific for the

antigen in a sensitized subject. Such assays are well known in the art. See, e.g., Erickson et al., J. Immunol. (1993) 151:4189-4199; Doe et al., Eur. J. Immunol. (1994) 24:2369-2376. Recent methods of measuring cell-mediated immune response include

- measuring cell-mediated immune response include measurement of intracellular cytokines or cytokine secretion by T-cell populations, or by measurement of epitope specific T-cells (e.g., by the tetramer technique) (reviewed by McMichael, A.J., and O'Callaghan,
- 10 C.A., J. Exp. Med. 187(9)1367-1371, 1998; McheyzerWilliams, M.G., et al, Immunol. Rev. 150:5-21, 1996;
 Lalvani, A., et al, J. Exp. Med. 186:859-865, 1997).

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Thus, an immunological response as used herein may be one which stimulates the production of CTLs, and/or the production or activation of helper T- cells. antigen of interest may also elicit an antibody-mediated immune response. Hence, an immunological response may include one or more of the following effects: the production of antibodies by B-cells; and/or the activation of suppressor T-cells and/or $\bar{\gamma}\delta$ T-cells directed specifically to an antigen or antigens present in the composition or vaccine of interest. responses may serve to neutralize infectivity, and/or mediate antibody-complement, or antibody dependent cell cytotoxicity (ADCC) to provide protection to an immunized Such responses can be determined using standard immunoassays and neutralization assays, well known in the art.

An "immunogenic composition" is a composition that comprises an antigenic molecule where administration of the composition to a subject results in the development in the subject of a humoral and/or a cellular immune response to the antigenic molecule of interest.

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By "subunit vaccine" is meant a vaccine composition which includes one or more selected antigens but not all antigens, derived from or homologous to, an antigen from a pathogen of interest such as from a virus, bacterium, parasite or fungus. Such a composition is substantially free of intact pathogen cells or pathogenic particles, or the lysate of such cells or particles. Thus, a "subunit vaccine" can be prepared from at least partially purified (preferably substantially purified) immunogenic polypeptides from the pathogen, or analogs thereof. The method of obtaining an antigen included in the subunit vaccine can thus include standard purification techniques, recombinant production, or synthetic production.

"Substantially purified" general refers to isolation of a substance (compound, polynucleotice, protein, polypeptide, polypeptide composition) such that the substance comprises the majority percent of the sample in which it resides. Typically in a sample a substantially purified component comprises 50%, preferably 80%-85%, more preferably 90-95% of the sample. Techniques for purifying polynucleotides and polypeptides of interest are well-known in the art and include, for example, ion-exchange chromatography, affinity chromatography and sedimentation according to density.

A "coding sequence" or a sequence which "encodes" a selected polypeptide, is a nucleic acid molecule which is transcribed (in the case of DNA) and translated (in the case of mRNA) into a polypeptide in vivo when placed under the control of appropriate regulatory sequences (or "control elements"). The boundaries of the coding sequence are determined by a start codon at the 5' (amino) terminus and a translation stop codon at the 3' (carboxy) terminus. A coding sequence can include, but

is not limited to, cDNA from viral, procaryotic or eucaryotic mRNA, genomic DNA sequences from viral or procaryotic DNA, and even synthetic DNA sequences. A transcription termination sequence may be located 3' to the coding sequence.

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Typical "control elements', include, but are not limited to, transcription promoters, transcription enhancer elements, transcription termination signals, polyadenylation sequences (located 3' to the translation stop codon), sequences for obtimization of initiation of translation (located 5' to the coding sequence), and translation termination sequences, see e.g., McCaughan et al. (1995) PNAS USA 92:5431 5435; Kochetov et al (1998) FEBS Letts. 440:351-355.

A "nucleic acid" molecule can include, but is not limited to, procaryotic sequences, eucaryotic mRNA, cDNA from eucaryotic mRNA, genemic DNA sequences from eucaryotic (e.g., mammalian) DNA, and even synthetic DNA sequences. The term also captures sequences that include any of the known base analogs of DNA and RNA.

"Operably linked" refers to an arrangement of elements wherein the components so described are configured so as to perform their usual function. Thus, a given promoter operably linked to a coding sequence is capable of effecting the expression of the coding sequence when the proper enzymes are present. The promoter need not be contiguous with the coding sequence, so long as it functions to direct the expression thereof. Thus, for example, intervening untranslated yet transcribed sequences can be present between the promoter sequence and the coding sequence and the promoter sequence can still be considered "operably linked" to the coding sequence.

"Recombinant" as used herein to describe a nucleic acid molecule means a polynucleotide of genomic, cDNA, semisynthetic, or synthetic origin which, by virtue of its origin or manipulation: (1) is not associated with all or a portion of the polynucleotide with which it is associated in nature; and/or (2) is linked to a polynucleotide other than that to which it is linked in nature. The term "recombinant" as used with respect to a protein or polypeptide means a polypeptide produced by expression of a recombinant polynucleotide. "Recombinant 10 host cells," "host cells," "cells," "cell lines," "cell cultures," and other such terms denoting procaryotic microorganisms or eucaryotic cell lines cultured as unicellular entities, are used interchangeably, and refer to cells which can be, or have been, used as recipients 15 for recombinant vectors or other transfer DNA, and include the progeny of the original cell which has been transfected. It is understood that the progeny of a single parental cell may not necessarily be completely identical in morphology or in genomic or total DNA 20 complement to the original parent, due to accidental or deliberate mutation. Progeny of the parental cell which are sufficiently similar to the parent to be characterized by the relevant property, such as the presence of a nucleotide sequence encoding a desired 25 peptide, are included in the progeny intended by this definition, and are covered by the above terms.

Techniques for determining amino acid sequence "similarity" are well known in the art. In general, "similarity" means the exact amino acid to amino acid comparison of two or more polypeptides at the appropriate place, where amino acids are identical or possess similar chemical and/or physical properties such as charge or hydrophobicity. A so-termed "percent similarity" then

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can be determined between the compared polypeptide sequences. Techniques for determining nucleic acid and amino acid sequence identity also are well known in the art and include determining the nucleotide sequence of the mRNA for that gene (usually via a cDNA intermediate) and determining the amino acid sequence encoded thereby, and comparing this to a second amino acid sequence. In general, "identity" refers to an exact nucleotide to nucleotide or amino acid to amino acid correspondence of two polynucleotides or polypeptide sequences, respectively.

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Two or more polynucleotide sequences can be compared by determining their "percent identity." Two or more amino acid sequences likewise can be compared by 15 determining their "percent identity." The percent identity of two sequences, whether nucleic acid or peptide sequences, is generally described as the number of exact matches between two aligned sequences divided by the length of the shorter sequence and multiplied by 100. 20 An approximate alignment for nucleic acid sequences is provided by the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman, Advances in Applied Mathematics 2:482-489 (1981). This algorithm can be extended to use with peptide sequences using the scoring matrix developed by Dayhoff, Atlas of Protein Sequences and Structure, M.O. 25 Dayhoff ed., 5 suppl. 3:353-358, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington, D.C., USA, and normalized by Gribskov, Nucl. Acids Res. 14(6):6745-6763 (1986). An implementation of this algorithm for nucleic 30 acid and peptide sequences is provided by the Genetics Computer Group (Madison, WI) in their BestFit utility application. The default parameters for this method are

described in the Wisconsin Sequence Analysis Package
Program Manual, Version 8 (1995) (available from Genetics
Computer Group, Madison, WI). Other equally suitable
programs for calculating the percent identity or
similarity between sequences are generally known in the
art.

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For example, percent identity of a particular nucleotide sequence to a reference sequence can be determined using the homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman with a default scoring table and a gap penalty of six nucleotide positions. Another method of establishing percent identity in the context of the present invention is to use the MPSRCH package of programs copyrighted by the University of Edinburgh, developed by John F. Collins and Shane S. Sturrok, and distributed by IntelliGenetics, Inc. (Mountain View, CA). From this suite of packages, the Smith-Waterman algorithm can be employed where default parameters are used for the scoring table (for example, gap open penalty of 12, gap extension penalty of one, and a gap of six). From the data generated, the "Match" value reflects "sequence identity." Other suitable programs for calculating the percent identity or similarity between sequences are generally known in the art, such as the alignment program BLAST, which can also be used with default parameters. For example, BLASTN and BLASTP can be used with the following default parameters: genetic code = standard; filter = none; strand = both; cutoff = 60; expect = 10; Matrix = BLOSUM62; Descriptions = 50 sequences; sort by = HIGH SCORE; Databases = non-redundant, GenBank + EMBL + DDBJ + PDB + GenBank CDS translations + Swiss protein + Spupdate + PIR. Details of these programs can be found at

the following internet address: http://www.ncbi.nlm.gov/cgi-bin/BLAST.

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One of skill in the art can readily determine the proper search parameters to use for a given sequence in the above programs. For example, the search parameters may vary based on the size of the sequence in question. Thus, for example, a representative embodiment of the present invention would include an isolated polynucleotide having X contiguous nucleotides, wherein (i) the X contiguous nucleotides have at least about 50% identity to Y contiguous nucleotides derived from any of the sequences described herein, (ii) X equals Y, and (iii) X is greater than or equal to 6 nucleotides and up to 5000 nucleotides, preferably greater than or equal to 8 nucleotides and up to 5000 nucleotides, more preferably 10-12 nucleotides and up to 5000 nucleotides, and even more preferably 15-20 nucleotides, up to the number of nucleotides present in the full-length sequences described herein (e.g., see the Sequence Listing and claims), including all integer values falling within the above-described ranges.

The synthetic expression cassettes (and purified polynucleotides) of the present invention include related polynucleotide sequences having about 80% to 100%, greater than 80-85%, preferably greater than 90-92%, more preferably greater than 95%, and most preferably greater than 98% sequence (including all integer values falling within these described ranges) identity to the synthetic expression cassette sequences disclosed herein (for example, to the sequences presented in Tables 1A and 1B) when the sequences of the present invention are used as the query sequence.

Two nucleic acid fragments are considered to "selectively hybridize" as described herein. The degree of sequence identity between two nucleic acid molecules affects the efficiency and strength of hybridization events between such molecules. A partially identical nucleic acid sequence will at least partially inhibit a completely identical sequence from hybridizing to a target molecule. Inhibition of hybridization of the completely identical sequence can be assessed using hybridization assays that are well known in the art (e.g., Southern blot, Northern blot, solution hybridization, or the like, see Sambrook, et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Second Edition, (1989) Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y.). Such assays can be conducted using varying degrees of selectivity, for example, using conditions varying from low to high stringency. If conditions of low stringency are employed, the absence of non-specific binding can be assessed using a secondary probe that lacks even a partial degree of sequence identity (for example, a probe having less than about 30% sequence identity with the target molecule), such that, in the absence of nonspecific binding events, the secondary probe will not hybridize to the target.

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When utilizing a hybridization-based detection system, a nucleic acid probe is chosen that is complementary to a target nucleic acid sequence, and then by selection of appropriate conditions the probe and the target sequence "selectively hybridize," or bind, to each other to form a hybrid molecule. A nucleic acid molecule that is capable of hybridizing selectively to a target sequence under "moderately stringent" typically

hybridizes under conditions that allow detection of a target nucleic acid sequence of at least about 10-14 nucleotides in length having at least approximately 70% sequence identity with the sequence of the selected nucleic acid probe. Stringent hybridization conditions typically allow detection of target nucleic acid sequences of at least about 10-14 nucleotides in length having a sequence identity of greater than about 90-95% with the sequence of the selected nucleic acid probe.

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10 Hybridization conditions useful for probe/target hybridization where the probe and target have a specific degree of sequence identity, can be determined as is known in the art (see, for example, <u>Nucleic Acid Hybridization: A Practical Approach</u>, editors B.D. Hames and S.J. Higgins, (1985) Oxford; Washington, DC; IRL Press).

With respect to stringency conditions for hybridization, it is well known in the art that numerous equivalent conditions can be employed to establish a particular stringency by varying, for example, the following factors: the length and nature of probe and target sequences, base composition of the various sequences, concentrations of salts and other hybridization solution components, the presence or absence of blocking agents in the hybridization solutions (e.g., formamide, dextran sulfate, and polyethylene glycol), hybridization reaction temperature and time parameters, as well as, varying wash conditions. The selection of a particular set of hybridization conditions is selected following standard methods in the art (see, for example, Sambrook, et al., Molecular Cloning: A

<u>Laboratory Manual</u>, Second Edition, (1989) Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y.).

A first polynucleotide is "derived from" second polynucleotide if it has the same or substantially the same basepair sequence as a region of the second polynucleotide, its cDNA, complements thereof, or if it displays sequence identity as described above.

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A first polypeptide is "derived from" a second polypeptide if it is (i) encoded by a first polynucleotide derived from a second polynucleotide, or (ii) displays sequence identity to the second polypeptides as described above.

Generally, a viral polypeptide is "derived from" a particular polypeptide of a virus (viral polypeptide) if it is (i) encoded by an open reading frame of a polynucleotide of that virus (viral polynucleotide), or (ii) displays sequence identity to polypeptides of that virus as described above.

"Encoded by" refers to a nucleic acid sequence which codes for a polypeptide sequence, wherein the polypeptide sequence or a portion thereof contains an amino acid sequence of at least 3 to 5 amino acids, more preferably at least 8 to 10 amino acids, and even more preferably at least 15 to 20 amino acids from a polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid sequence. Also encompassed are polypeptide sequences which are immunologically identifiable with a polypeptide encoded by the sequence.

"Purified polynucleotide" refers to a polynucleotide of interest or fragment thereof which is essentially free, e.g., contains less than about 50%, preferably less than about 70%, and more preferably less than about 90%, of the protein with which the polynucleotide is naturally associated. Techniques for purifying polynucleotides of interest are well-known in the art and include, for

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example, disruption of the cell containing the polynucleotide with a chaotropic agent and separation of the polynucleotide(s) and proteins by ion-exchange chromatography, affinity chromatography and sedimentation according to density.

By "nucleic acid immunization" is meant the introduction of a nucleic acid molecule encoding one or more selected antigens into a host cell, for the *in vivo* expression of an antigen, antigens, an epitope, or epitopes. The nucleic acid molecule can be introduced directly into a recipient subject, such as by injection, inhalation, oral, intranasal and mucosal administration, or the like, or can be introduced ex vivo, into cells which have been removed from the host. In the latter case, the transformed cells are reintroduced into the subject where an immune response can be mounted against the antigen encoded by the nucleic acid molecule.

"Gene transfer" or "gene delivery" refers to methods or systems for reliably inserting DNA or RNA of interest into a host cell. Such methods can result in transient expression of non-integrated transferred DNA, extrachromosomal replication and expression of transferred replicons (e.g., episomes), or integration of transferred genetic material into the genomic DNA of host cells. Gene delivery expression vectors include, but are not limited to, vectors derived from bacterial plasmid vectors, viral vectors, non-viral vectors, alphaviruses, pox viruses and vaccinia viruses. When used for immunization, such gene delivery expression vectors may be referred to as vaccines or vaccine vectors.

"T lymphocytes" or "T cells" are non-antibody producing lymphocytes that constitute a part of the cell-mediated arm of the immune system. T cells arise from immature lymphocytes that migrate from the bone marrow to

the thymus, where they undergo a maturation process under the direction of thymic hormones. Here, the mature lymphocytes rapidly divide increasing to very large numbers. The maturing T cells become immunocompetent based on their ability to recognize and bind a specific antigen. Activation of immunocompetent T cells is triggered when an antigen binds to the lymphocyte's surface receptors.

The term "transfection" is used to refer to the uptake of foreign DNA by a cell. A cell has been 10 "transfected" when exogenous DNA has been introduced inside the cell membrane. A number of transfection techniques are generally known in the art. See, e.g., Graham et al. (1973) Virology, 52:456, Sambrook et al. (1989) Molecular Cloning, a laboratory manual, Cold 15 Spring Harbor Laboratories, New York, Davis et al. (1986) Basic Methods in Molecular Biology, Elsevier, and Chu et al. (1981) Gene 13:197. Such techniques can be used to introduce one or more exogenous DNA moieties into suitable host cells. The term refers to both stable and 20 transient uptake of the genetic material, and includes uptake of peptide- or antibody-linked DNAs.

A "vector" is capable of transferring gene sequences to target cells (e.g., bacterial plasmid vectors, viral vectors, non-viral vectors, particulate carriers, and liposomes). Typically, "vector construct," "expression vector," and "gene transfer vector," mean any nucleic acid construct capable of directing the expression of a gene of interest and which can transfer gene sequences to target cells. Thus, the term includes cloning and expression vehicles, as well as viral vectors.

Transfer of a "suicide gene" (e.g., a drugsusceptibility gene) to a target cell renders the cell sensitive to compounds or compositions that are

relatively nontoxic to normal cells. Moolten, F.L. (1994) Cancer Gene Ther. 1:279-287. Examples of suicide genes are thymidine kinase of herpes simplex virus (HSVtk), cytochrome P450 (Manome et al. (1996) Gene Therapy 3:513-520), human deoxycytidine kinase (Manome et al. 5 (1996) Nature Medicine 2(5):567-573) and the bacterial enzyme cytosine deaminase (Dong et al. (1996) Human Gene Therapy $\underline{7}$:713-720). Cells which express these genes are rendered sensitive to the effects of the relatively 10 nontoxic prodrugs ganciclovir (HSV-tk), cyclophosphamide (cytochrome P450 2B1), cytosine arabinoside (human deoxycytidine kinase) or 5-fluorocytosine (bacterial cytosine deaminase). Culver et al. (1992) Science 256:1550-1552, Huber et al. (1994) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 15 USA 91:8302-8306.

A "selectable marker" or "reporter marker" refers to a nucleotide sequence included in a gene transfer vector that has no therapeutic activity, but rather is included to allow for simpler preparation, manufacturing, characterization or testing of the gene transfer vector.

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A "specific binding agent" refers to a member of a specific binding pair of molecules wherein one of the molecules specifically binds to the second molecule through chemical and/or physical means. One example of a specific binding agent is an antibody directed against a selected antigen.

By "subject" is meant any member of the subphylum chordata, including, without limitation, humans and other primates, including non-human primates such as chimpanzees and other apes and monkey species; farm animals such as cattle, sheep, pigs, goats and horses; domestic mammals such as dogs and cats; laboratory animals including rodents such as mice, rats and guinea pigs; birds, including domestic, wild and game birds such

as chickens, turkeys and other gallinaceous birds, ducks, geese, and the like. The term does not denote a particular age. Thus, both adult and newborn individuals are intended to be covered. The system described above is intended for use in any of the above vertebrate species, since the immune systems of all of these vertebrates operate similarly.

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By "pharmaceutically acceptable" or "pharmacologically acceptable" is meant a material which is not biologically or otherwise undesirable, i.e., the material may be administered to an individual in a formulation or composition without causing any undesirable biological effects or interacting in a deleterious manner with any of the components of the composition in which it is contained.

By "physiological pH" or a "pH in the physiological range" is meant a pH in the range of approximately 7.2 to 8.0 inclusive, more typically in the range of approximately 7.2 to 7.6 inclusive.

As used herein, "treatment" refers to any of (I) the prevention of infection or reinfection, as in a traditional vaccine, (ii) the reduction or elimination of symptoms, and (iii) the substantial or complete elimination of the pathogen in question. Treatment may be effected prophylactically (prior to infection) or therapeutically (following infection).

"Lentiviral vector", and "recombinant lentiviral vector" are derived from the subset of retroviral vectors known as lentiviruses. Lentiviral vectors refer to a nucleic acid construct which carries, and within certain embodiments, is capable of directing the expression of a nucleic acid molecule of interest. The lentiviral vector includes at least one transcriptional promoter/enhancer or locus defining element(s), or other elements which

control gene expression by other means such as alternate splicing, nuclear RNA export, post-translational modification of messenger, or post-transcriptional modification of protein. Such vector constructs must 5 also include a packaging signal, long terminal repeats (LTRS) or portion thereof, and positive and negative strand primer binding sites appropriate to the lentiviral vector used (if these are not already present in the retroviral vector). Optionally, the recombinant lentiviral vector may also include a signal which directs 10 polyadenylation, selectable markers such as Neo, TK, hygromycin, phleomycin, histidinol, or DHFR, as well as one or more restriction sites and a translation termination sequence. By way of example, such vectors 15 typically include a 5' LTR, a tRNA binding site, a packaging signal, an origin of second strand DNA

"Lentiviral vector particle" as utilized within the present invention refers to a lentivirus which carries at least one gene of interest. The retrovirus may also contain a selectable marker. The recombinant lentivirus is capable of reverse transcribing its genetic material (RNA) into DNA and incorporating this genetic material into a host cell's DNA upon infection. Lentiviral vector particles may have a lentiviral envelope, a non-lentiviral envelope (e.g., an ampho or VSV-G envelope), or a chimeric envelope.

synthesis, and a 3'LTR or a portion thereof.

"Nucleic acid expression vector" or "Expression cassette" refers to an assembly which is capable of directing the expression of a sequence or gene of interest. The nucleic acid expression vector includes a promoter which is operably linked to the sequences or gene(s) of interest. Other control elements may be present as well. Expression cassettes described herein

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may be contained within a plasmid construct. In addition to the components of the expression cassette, the plasmid construct may also include a bacterial origin of replication, one or more selectable markers, a signal which allows the plasmid construct to exist as single-stranded DNA (e.g., a M13 origin of replication), a multiple cloning site, and a "mammalian" origin of replication (e.g., a SV40 or adenovirus origin of replication).

"Packaging cell" refers to a cell which contains those elements necessary for production of infectious recombinant retrovirus (e.g., lentivirus) which are lacking in a recombinant retroviral vector. Typically, such packaging cells contain one or more expression cassettes which are capable of expressing proteins which encode Gag, pol and env proteins.

"Producer cell" or "vector producing cell" refers to a cell which contains all elements necessary for production of recombinant retroviral vector particles.

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2. Modes of Carrying Out the Invention

Before describing the present invention in detail, it is to be understood that this invention is not limited to particular formulations or process parameters as such may, of course, vary. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments of the invention only, and is not intended to be limiting.

Although a number of methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice of the present invention, the preferred materials and methods are described herein.

2.1 SYNTHETIC EXPRESSION CASSETTES

2.1.1 Modification of HIV-1 GAG Nucleic Acid Coding Sequences

One aspect of the present invention is the

generation of HIV-1 Gag protein coding sequences, and
related sequences, having improved expression relative to
the corresponding wild-type sequence. An exemplary
embodiment of the present invention is illustrated herein
modifying the Gag protein wild-type sequences obtained

- from the HIV-1SF2 strain (SEQ ID NO:1; Sanchez-Pescador,
 R., et al., Science 227(4686): 484-492, 1985; Luciw,
 P.A., et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,156,949, issued October
 20, 1992; Luciw, P.A., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,688,688,
 November 18, 1997). Gag sequence obtained from other HIV
- variants may be manipulated in similar fashion following the teachings of the present specification. Such other variants include, but are not limited to, Gag protein encoding sequences obtained from the isolates ${\rm HIV}_{\rm IIIb}$, ${\rm HIV}_{\rm SF2}$, ${\rm HIV}$ -
- Edition (W.K. Joklik ed. 1988); Fundamental Virology, 2nd Edition (B.N. Fields and D.M. Knipe, eds. 1991); Virology, 3rd Edition (Fields, BN, DM Knipe, PM Howley, Editors, 1996, Lippincott-Raven, Philadelphia, PA; for a description of these and other related viruses).
- First, the HIV-1 codon usage pattern was modified so that the resulting nucleic acid coding sequence was comparable to codon usage found in highly expressed human genes (Example 1). The HIV codon usage reflects a high content of the nucleotides A or T of the codon-triplet.

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The effect of the HIV-1 codon usage is a high AT content in the DNA sequence that results in a decreased translation ability and instability of the mRNA. comparison, highly expressed human codons prefer the nucleotides G or C. The Gag coding sequences were modified to be comparable to codon usage found in highly expressed human genes. In Figure 11 (Example 1), the percent A-T content of cDNA sequences corresponding to the mRNA for a known unstable mRNA and a known stable mRNA are compared to the percent A-T content of native HIV-1SF2 Gag cDNA and to the synthetic Gag cDNA sequence of the present invention. Experiments performed in support of the present invention showed that the synthetic Gag sequences were capable of higher level of protein production (see the Examples) relative to the native Gag sequences. The data in Figure 11 suggest that one reason for this increased production is increased stability of the mRNA corresponding to the synthetic Gaq coding sequences versus the mRNA corresponding to the native Gag coding sequences.

Second, there are inhibitory (or instability) elements (INS) located within the coding sequences of the Gag coding sequences (Example 1). The RRE is a secondary RNA structure that interacts with the HIV encoded Revprotein to overcome the expression down-regulating effects of the INS. To overcome the post-transcriptional activating mechanisms of RRE and Rev, the instability elements were inactivated by introducing multiple point mutations that did not alter the reading frame of the encoded proteins. Figure 1 shows the original SF2 Gag sequence, the location of the INS sequences, and the modifications made to the INS sequences to reduce their effects. The resulting modified coding sequences are

presented as a synthetic Gag expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:4).

Modification of the Gag polypeptide coding sequences resulted in improved expression relative to the wild-type coding sequences in a number of mammalian cell lines (as 5 well as other types of cell lines, including, but not limited to, insect cells). Further, expression of the sequences resulted in production of virus-like particles (VLPs) by these cell lines (see below). Similar Gag 10 polypeptide coding sequences can be obtained from a variety of isolates (families, sub-types, strains, etc.) including, but not limited to such other variants include, but are not limited to, Gag polypeptide encoding sequences obtained from the isolates ${\tt HIV_{IIIb}}$, ${\tt HIV_{SF2}}$, ${\tt HIV-}$ 15 1_{SF162} , HIV- 1_{SF170} , HIV_{LAV}, HIV_{LAI}, HIV_{MN}, HIV- 1_{CM235} , HIV- 1_{US4} , other HIV-1 strains from diverse subtypes(e.g., subtypes, A through G, and O), HIV-2 strains and diverse subtypes (e.g., $HIV-2_{uc1}$ and $HIV-2_{uc2}$), and similar immunodeficiency virus (SIV). (See, e.g., Virology, 3rd Edition (W.K. 20 Joklik ed. 1988); Fundamental Virology, 2nd Edition (B.N. Fields and D.M. Knipe, eds. 1991; Virology, 3rd Edition (Fields, BN, DM Knipe, PM Howley, Editors, 1996, Lippincott-Raven, Philadelphia, PA). Gag polypeptide encoding sequences derived from these variants can be 25 optimized and tested for improved expression in mammals by following the teachings of the present specification (see the Examples, in particular Example 1).

2.1.2 FURTHER MODIFICATION OF SEQUENCES INCLUDING HIV-1 GAG NUCLEIC ACID CODING SEQUENCES

Experiments performed in support of the present invention have shown that similar modifications of HIV-1 Gag-protease, Gag-reverse transcriptase and Gag-polymerase sequences also result in improved expression

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of the polyproteins, as well as, the production of VLPs formed by polypeptides produced from such modified coding sequences.

For the Gag-protease sequence (wild type, SEQ ID NO:2; modified, SEQ ID NOs:5, 78, 79), the changes in codon usage were restricted to the regions upstream of the -1 frameshift (Figure 2). Further, inhibitory (or instability) elements (INS) located within the coding sequences of the Gag-protease polypeptide coding sequence were altered as well (indicated in Figure 2). Exemplary constructs (which include the -1 frameshift) encoding modified Gag-protease sequences include those shown in SEQ ID NOs:78 and 79 (Figures 69 and 70). These are: GP1 (SEQ ID NO:78) in which the protease region was also codon optimized and INS inactivated and GP2 (SEQ ID NO:79), in which the protease region was only subjected to INS inactivation.

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For other Gag-containing sequences, for example the Gag-polymerase sequence (wild type, SEQ ID NO:3;

modified, SEQ ID NO:6) or Gag-reverse transcriptase (wild type, SEQ ID NO:77; modified SEQ ID NOs:80-84), the changes in codon usage are similar to those for the Gag-protease sequence. Those expression cassettes which contain a frameshift in the GagPol coding sequence are designated "FS(+)" (SEQ ID NOs:80 and 81, Figures 71 and 72) while the designation "FS(-)" (SEQ ID Nos: 82, 83 and 84, Figures 73, 74 and 75) indicates that there is no frameshift utilized in this coding sequence.

In addition to polyproteins containing HIV-related sequences, the various Gag-, Gag-prot, Gag-pol, Gag-reverse transcriptase encoding sequences of the present invention can be fused to other polypeptides (creating chimeric polypeptides) for which an immunogenic response is desired. An example of such a chimeric protein is the

joining of the improved expression Gag encoding sequences to the Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) core protein. In this case, the HCV-core encoding sequences were placed inframe with the HIV-Gag encoding sequences, resulting in the Gag/HCV-core encoding sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:7 (wild type sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:8).

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Further sequences useful in the practice of the present invention include, but are not limited to, sequences encoding viral epitopes/antigens {including but not limited to, HCV antigens (e.g., E1, E2; Houghton, M.., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,714,596, issued February 3, 1998; Houghton, M.., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,712,088, issued January 27, 1998; Houghton, M.., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,683,864, issued November 4, 1997; Weiner, A.J., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,728,520, issued March 17, 1998; Weiner, A.J., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,766,845, issued June 16, 1998; Weiner, A.J., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,670,152, issued September 23, 1997), HIV antigens (e.g., derived from nef, tat, rev, vpu, vif, vpr and/or env); and sequences encoding tumor antigens/epitopes. Additional sequences are described below. Also, variations on the orientation of the Gag and other coding sequences, relative to each other, are also described below.

Gag, Gag-protease, Gag-reverse transcriptase and/or Gag-polymerase polypeptide coding sequences can be obtained from any HIV isolates (different families, subtypes, and strains) including but not limited to the isolates HIV_{IIIb}, HIV_{SF2}, HIV_{SF162}, HIVus4, HIV_{cm235}, HIV_{LAV}, HIV_{LAI}, HIV_{MN}) (see, e.g., Myers et al. Los Alamos Database, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (1992); Myers et al., Human Retroviruses and Aids, 1997, Los Alamos, New Mexico: Los Alamos National Laboratory). Synthetic expression cassettes can be generated using

such coding sequences as starting material by following the teachings of the present specification (e.g., see Example 1). Further, the synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention include related Gag polypeptide coding sequences having greater than 75%, preferably greater than 80-85%, more preferably greater than 90-95%, and most preferably greater than 98% sequence identity (or any integer value within these ranges) to the synthetic expression cassette sequences disclosed herein (for example, SEQ ID NO:4; SEQ ID NO:5; SEQ ID NO:6; and SEQ ID NO:20, the Gag Major Homology Region).

2.1.3 EXPRESSION OF SYNTHETIC SEQUENCES ENCODING HIV-1 GAG AND RELATED POLYPEPTIDES

Several synthetic Gag-encoding sequences (expression cassettes) of the present invention were cloned into a number of different expression vectors (Example 1) to evaluate levels of expression and production of VLPs.

Two modified synthetic coding sequences are presented as

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synthetic Gag expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:4) and a synthetic Gag-protease expression cassette (SEQ ID NOs:78 and 79). Other synthetic Gag-encoding proteins are presented, for example, as SEQ ID NOs:80 through 84. The synthetic DNA fragments for Gag-encoding polypeptides (e.g., Gag, Gag-protease, Gag-polymerase, Gag-reverse transcriptase) were cloned into expression vectors described in Example 1, including, a transient expression vector, CMV-promoter-based mammalian vectors, and a shuttle vector for use in baculovirus expression systems. Corresponding wild-type sequences were cloned into the same vectors.

These vectors were then transfected into a several different cell types, including a variety of mammalian

cell lines, (293, RD, COS-7, and CHO, cell lines available, for example, from the A.T.C.C.). The cell lines were cultured under appropriate conditions and the levels of p24 (Gag) expression in supernatants were evaluated (Example 2). The results of these assays demonstrated that expression of synthetic Gag-encoding sequences were significantly higher than corresponding wild-type sequences (Example 2; Table 2).

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Further, Western Blot analysis showed that cells containing the synthetic Gag expression cassette produced the expected 55 kD (p55) protein at higher per-cell concentrations than cells containing the native expression cassette. The Gag p55 protein was seen in both cell lysates and supernatants. The levels of production were significantly higher in cell supernatants for cells transfected with the synthetic Gag expression cassette of the present invention. Experiments performed in support of the present invention suggest that cells containing the synthetic Gag-prot expression cassettes produced the expected Gag-prot protein at comparably higher per-cell concentrations than cells containing the wild-type expression cassette.

Fractionation of the supernatants from mammalian cells transfected with the synthetic Gag expression cassette showed that it provides superior production of both p55 protein and VLPs, relative to the wild-type Gag sequences (Examples 6 and 7).

Efficient expression of these Gag-containing polypeptides in mammalian cell lines provides the following benefits: the Gag polypeptides are free of baculovirus contaminants; production by established methods approved by the FDA; increased purity; greater yields (relative to native coding sequences); and a novel method of producing the Gag-containing polypeptides in

CHO or other mammalian cells which is not feasible in the absence of the increased expression obtained using the constructs of the present invention. Exemplary Mammalian cell lines include, but are not limited to, BHK, VERO, HT1080, 293, 293T, RD, COS-7, CHO, Jurkat, HUT, SUPT, C8166, MOLT4/clone8, MT-2, MT-4, H9, PM1, CEM, myeloma cells (e.g., SB20 cells) and CEMX174, such cell lines are available, for example, from the A.T.C.C.).

A synthetic Gag expression cassette of the present
invention also demonstrated high levels of expression and
VLP production when transfected into insect cells
(Example 7). Further, in addition to a higher total
protein yield, the final product from the synthetic p55expressed Gag consistently contained lower amounts of
contaminating baculovirus proteins than the final
purified product from the native p55-expressed Gag.

Further, synthetic Gag expression cassettes of the present invention have also been introduced into yeast vectors which were transformed into and efficiently expressed by yeast cells (Saccharomyces cerevisea; using vectors as described in Rosenberg, S. and Tekamp-Olson, P., U.S. Patent No. RE35,749, issued, March 17, 1998).

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In addition to the mammalian and insect vectors described in the Examples, the synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention can be incorporated into a variety of expression vectors using selected expression control elements. Appropriate vectors and control elements for any given cell type can be selected by one having ordinary skill in the art in view of the teachings of the present specification and information known in the art about expression vectors.

For example, a synthetic Gag expression cassette can be inserted into a vector which includes control elements operably linked to the desired coding sequence, which

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allow for the expression of the gene in a selected celltype. For example, typical promoters for mammalian cell expression include the SV40 early promoter, a CMV promoter such as the CMV immediate early promoter (a CMV promoter can include intron A), RSV, HIV-LTR, the mouse mammary tumor virus LTR promoter (MMLV-LTR), FIV-LTR, the adenovirus major late promoter (Ad MLP), and the herpes simplex virus promoter, among others. Other nonviral promoters, such as a promoter derived from the murine metallothionein gene, will also find use for mammalian expression. Typically, transcription termination and polyadenylation sequences will also be present, located 3' to the translation stop codon. Preferably, a sequence for optimization of initiation of translation, located 5' to the coding sequence, is also present. Examples of transcription terminator/polyadenylation signals include those derived from SV40, as described in Sambrook, et al., supra, as well as a bovine growth hormone terminator sequence. Introns, containing splice donor and acceptor sites, may also be designed into the constructs for use with the present invention (Chapman et al., Nuc. Acids Res. (1991) 19:3979-3986).

Enhancer elements may also be used herein to increase expression levels of the mammalian constructs. Examples include the SV40 early gene enhancer, as described in Dijkema et al., EMBO J. (1985) 4:761, the enhancer/promoter derived from the long terminal repeat (LTR) of the Rous Sarcoma Virus, as described in Gorman et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1982b) 79:6777 and elements derived from human CMV, as described in Boshart et al., Cell (1985) 41:521, such as elements included in the CMV intron A sequence (Chapman et al., Nuc. Acids Res. (1991) 19:3979-3986).

The desired synthetic Gag polypeptide encoding sequences can be cloned into any number of commercially available vectors to generate expression of the polypeptide in an appropriate host system. These systems include, but are not limited to, the following: baculovirus expression {Reilly, P.R., et al., BACULOVIRUS EXPRESSION VECTORS: A LABORATORY MANUAL (1992); Beames, et al., Biotechniques 11:378 (1991); Pharmingen; Clontech, Palo Alto, CA)}, vaccinia expression {Earl, P. L., et al., "Expression of proteins in mammalian cells using 10 vaccinia" In Current Protocols in Molecular Biology (F. M. Ausubel, et al. Eds.), Greene Publishing Associates & Wiley Interscience, New York (1991); Moss, B., et al., U.S. Patent Number 5,135,855, issued 4 August 1992}, expression in bacteria {Ausubel, F.M., et al., CURRENT 15 PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Media PA; Clontech}, expression in yeast {Rosenberg, S. and Tekamp-Olson, P., U.S. Patent No. RE35,749, issued, March 17, 1998; Shuster, J.R., U.S. Patent No. 5,629,203, issued May 13, 1997; Gellissen, G., et al., Antonie Van 20 Leeuwenhoek, 62(1-2):79-93 (1992); Romanos, M.A., et al., Yeast 8(6):423-488 (1992); Goeddel, D.V., Methods in Enzymology 185 (1990); Guthrie, C., and G.R. Fink, Methods in Enzymology 194 (1991)}, expression in mammalian cells {Clontech; Gibco-BRL, Ground Island, NY; 25 e.g., Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell lines (Haynes, J., et al., Nuc. Acid. Res. 11:687-706 (1983); 1983, Lau, Y.F., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 4:1469-1475 (1984); Kaufman, R. J., "Selection and coamplification of heterologous genes in mammalian cells," in Methods in 30 Enzymology, vol. 185, pp537-566. Academic Press, Inc., San Diego CA (1991)}, and expression in plant cells {plant cloning vectors, Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, and Pharmacia LKB Biotechnology, Inc.,

Pistcataway, NJ; Hood, E., et al., J. Bacteriol.

168:1291-1301 (1986); Nagel, R., et al., FEMS Microbiol.

Lett. 67:325 (1990); An, et al., "Binary Vectors", and others in Plant Molecular Biology Manual A3:1-19 (1988);

Miki, B.L.A., et al., pp.249-265, and others in Plant DNA Infectious Agents (Hohn, T., et al., eds.) Springer-Verlag, Wien, Austria, (1987); Plant Molecular Biology: Essential Techniques, P.G. Jones and J.M. Sutton, New York, J. Wiley, 1997; Miglani, Gurbachan Dictionary of Plant Genetics and Molecular Biology, New York, Food Products Press, 1998; Henry, R. J., Practical Applications of Plant Molecular Biology, New York, Chapman & Hall, 1997.

Also included in the invention is an expression vector, such as the CMV promoter-containing vectors 15 described in Example 1, containing coding sequences and expression control elements which allow expression of the coding regions in a suitable host. The control elements generally include a promoter, translation initiation 20 codon, and translation and transcription termination sequences, and an insertion site for introducing the insert into the vector. Translational control elements have been reviewed by M. Kozak (e.g., Kozak, M., Mamm. Genome 7(8):563-574, 1996; Kozak, M., Biochimie 25 76(9):815-821, 1994; Kozak, M., J Cell Biol 108(2):229-241, 1989; Kozak, M., and Shatkin, A.J., Methods Enzymol 60:360-375, 1979).

Expression in yeast systems has the advantage of commercial production. Recombinant protein production by vaccinia and CHO cell line have the advantage of being mammalian expression systems. Further, vaccinia virus expression has several advantages including the following: (i) its wide host range; (ii) faithful post-

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transcriptional modification, processing, folding, transport, secretion, and assembly of recombinant proteins; (iii) high level expression of relatively soluble recombinant proteins; and (iv) a large capacity to accommodate foreign DNA.

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The recombinantly expressed polypeptides from synthetic Gag-encoding expression cassettes are typically isolated from lysed cells or culture media. Purification can be carried out by methods known in the art including salt fractionation, ion exchange chromatography, gel filtration, size-exclusion chromatography, size-fractionation, and affinity chromatography.

Immunoaffinity chromatography can be employed using antibodies generated based on, for example, Gag antigens.

Advantages of expressing the Gag-containing proteins of the present invention using mammalian cells include, but are not limited to, the following: well-established protocols for scale-up production; the ability to produce VLPs; cell lines are suitable to meet good manufacturing process (GMP) standards; culture conditions for mammalian cells are known in the art.

2.1.4 Modification of HIV-1 Env Nucleic Acid Coding Sequences

One aspect of the present invention is the generation of HIV-1 Env protein coding sequences, and related sequences, having improved expression relative to the corresponding wild-type sequence. Exemplary embodiments of the present invention are illustrated herein modifying the Env protein wild-type sequences obtained from the HIV-1 subtype B strains HIV-1US4 and HIV-1SF162 (Myers et al., Los Alamos Database, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (1992); Myers et al., Human Retroviruses and Aids, 1997, Los Alamos,

New Mexico: Los Alamos National Laboratory). Env sequence obtained from other HIV variants may be manipulated in similar fashion following the teachings of the present specification. Such other variants include those described above in Section 2.1.1 and on the World Wide Web (Internet), for example at http://hiv-web.lan1.gov/cgi-bin/hivDB3/public/wdb/ssampublic and http://hiv-web.lan1.gov.

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First, the HIV-1 codon usage pattern was modified so that the resulting nucleic acid coding sequence was comparable to codon usage found in highly expressed human genes (Example 1). The HIV codon usage reflects a high content of the nucleotides A or T of the codon-triplet. The effect of the HIV-1 codon usage is a high AT content in the DNA sequence that results in a decreased translation ability and instability of the mRNA. comparison, highly expressed human codons prefer the nucleotides G or C. The Env coding sequences were modified to be comparable to codon usage found in highly expressed human genes. Experiments performed in support of the present invention showed that the synthetic Env sequences were capable of higher level of protein production (see the Examples) relative to the native Env sequences. One reason for this increased production may be increased stability of the mRNA corresponding to the synthetic Env coding sequences versus the mRNA corresponding to the native Env coding sequences.

Modification of the Env polypeptide coding sequences resulted in improved expression relative to the wild-type coding sequences in a number of mammalian cell lines. Similar Env polypeptide coding sequences can be obtained from a variety of isolates (families, sub-types, etc.). Env polypeptide encoding sequences derived from these variants can be optimized and tested for improved

expression in mammals by following the teachings of the present specification (see the Examples, in particular Example 2).

5 2.1.5 FURTHER MODIFICATION OF HIV-1 ENV NUCLEIC ACID CODING SEQUENCES

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In addition to proteins containing HIV-related sequences, the Env encoding sequences of the present invention can be fused to other polypeptides (creating chimeric polypeptides). Also, variations on the orientation of the Env and other coding sequences, relative to each other, are contemplated. Further, the HIV protein encoding cassettes of the present invention can be co-expressed using one vector or multiple vectors. In addition, the polyproteins can be operably linked to the same or different promoters.

Env polypeptide coding sequences can be obtained from any HIV isolates (different families, subtypes, and strains) including but not limited to the isolates ${
m HIV}_{
m IIIb}$, ${\rm HIV_{SF2},\ HIV_{us4},\ HIV_{CM235},\ HIV_{SF162},\ HIV_{LAV},\ HIV_{\bar{L}AI},\ HIV_{MN})}\ (\text{see},$ e.g., Myers et al., Los Alamos Database, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (1992); Myers et al., Human Retroviruses and Aids, 1997, Los Alamos, New Mexico: Los Alamos National Laboratory). Synthetic expression cassettes can be generated using such coding sequences as starting material by following the teachings of the present specification (e.g., see Example 1). Further, the synthetic expression cassettes (and purified polynucleotides) of the present invention include related Env polypeptide coding sequences having greater than 90%, preferably greater than 92%, more preferably greater than 95%, and most preferably greater than 98% sequence identity to the synthetic expression cassette sequences disclosed herein (for example, SEQ ID NOs:71-72; and/or

the sequences presented in Tables 1A and 1B) when the sequences of the present invention are used as the query sequence.

2.1.6 EXPRESSION OF SYNTHETIC SEQUENCES ENCODING HIV-1 ENV AND RELATED POLYPEPTIDES

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Several synthetic Env-encoding sequences (expression cassettes) of the present invention were cloned into a number of different expression vectors (Example 1) to evaluate levels of expression and production of Env polypeptide. A modified synthetic coding sequence is presented as synthetic Env expression cassettes (Example 1, e.g., Tables 1A and 1B). The synthetic DNA fragments for Env were cloned into eucaryotic expression vectors described in Example 1 and in Section 2.1.3 above, including, a transient expression vector and CMV-promoter-based mammalian vectors. Corresponding wild-type sequences were cloned into the same vectors.

These vectors were then transfected into a several different cell types, including a variety of mammalian cell lines, (293, RD, COS-7, and CHO, cell lines available, for example, from the A.T.C.C.). The cell lines were cultured under appropriate conditions and the levels of gp120, gp140 and gp160 Env expression in supernatants were evaluated (Example 2). Env polypeptides include, but are not limited to, for example, native gp160, oligomeric gp140, monomeric gp120 as well as modified sequences of these polypeptides. The results of these assays demonstrated that expression of synthetic Env encoding sequences were significantly higher than corresponding wild-type sequences (Example 2; Tables 3 and 4).

Further, Western Blot analysis showed that cells containing the synthetic Env expression cassette produced

the expected protein (gp120, gp140 or gp160) at higher per-cell concentrations than cells containing the native expression cassette. The Env proteins were seen in both cell lysates and supernatants. The levels of production were significantly higher in cell supernatants for cells transfected with the synthetic Env expression cassettes of the present invention as compared to wild type.

Fractionation of the supernatants from mammalian cells transfected with the synthetic Env expression cassettes showed that it provides superior production of Env proteins, relative to the wild-type Env sequences (Examples 2 and 3).

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Efficient expression of these Env-containing polypeptides in mammalian cell lines provides the following benefits: the Env polypeptides are free of baculovirus or other viral contaminants; production by established methods approved by the FDA; increased purity; greater yields (relative to native coding sequences); and a novel method of producing the Env-containing polypeptides in CHO cells which is less feasible in the absence of the increased expression obtained using the constructs of the present invention.

Exemplary cell lines (e.g., mammalian, yeast, insect, etc.) include those described above in Section 2.1.3 for Gag-containing constructs. Further, appropriate vectors and control elements (e.g., promoters, enhancers, polyadenylation sequences, etc.) for any given cell type can be selected, as described above in Section 2.1.3, by one having ordinary skill in the art in view of the teachings of the present specification and information known in the art about expression vectors. In addition, the recombinantly expressed polypeptides from synthetic Env-encoding expression cassettes are typically isolated and purified from lysed cells or culture media, as

described above for Gag-encoding expression cassettes. An exemplary purification is described in Example 4 and shown in Figure 60.

2.1.7 Modification of HIV-1 Tat Nucleic Acid Coding Sequences

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Another aspect of the present invention is the generation of HIV-1 tat protein coding sequences, and related sequences, having improved expression relative to the corresponding wild-type sequence. Exemplary embodiments of the present invention are illustrated herein modifying the tat wild-type nucleotide sequence (SEO ID NO:85, Figure 76) obtained from SF162 as described above. Exemplary synthetic tat constructs are shown in SEQ ID NO:87, which depicts a tat construct encoding a full-length tat polypeptide from strain SF162; SEQ ID NO:88, which depicts a tat construct encoding a tat polypeptide having the cystein residue at position 22 changed; and SEQ ID NO:89, which depicts a tat construct encoding the amino terminal portion of a tat polypeptide from strain SF162. The amino portion of the tat protein appears to contain many of the epitopes that induce an immune response. In addition, further modifications include replacement or deletion of the cystein residue at position 22, for example with a valine residue, an alanine residue or a glycine residue (SEQ ID Nos: 88 and 89, Figures 79 and 81), see, e.g., Caputo et al. (1996)Gene Ther. 3:235. In Figure 81, which depicts a tat construct encoding the amino terminal portion of a tat polypeptide, the nucleotides (nucleotides 64-66) encoding the cystein residues are underlined. The design and construction of suitable construct can be readily done using

the teachings of the present specification. As with Gag, pol, prot and Env, tat polypeptide coding sequences can be obtained from a variety of isolates (families, subtypes, etc.).

Modification of the tat polypeptide coding sequences result in improved expression relative to the wild-type coding sequences in a number of cell lines (e.g., mammalian, yeast, bacterial and insect cells). Tat polypeptide encoding sequences derived from these variants can be optimized and tested for improved expression in mammals by following the teachings of the present specification (see the Examples, in particular Example 2).

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Various forms of the different embodiments of the

invention, described herein, may be combined. For
example, polynucleotides may be derived from the
polynucleotide sequences of the present invention,
including, but not limited to, coding sequences for Gag
polypeptides, Env polypeptides, polymerase polypeptides,
protease polypeptides, tat polypeptides, and reverse
transcriptase polypeptides. Further, the polynucleotide
coding sequences of the present invention may be combined
into multi-cistronic expression cassettes where typically
each coding sequence for each polypeptide is preceded by

IRES sequences.

2.2 PRODUCTION OF VIRUS-LIKE PARTICLES AND USE OF THE CONSTRUCTS OF THE PRESENT INVENTION TO CREATE PACKAGING CELL LINES

The group-specific antigens (Gag) of human immunodeficiency virus type-1 (HIV-1) self-assemble into noninfectious virus-like particles (VLP) that are released from various eucaryotic cells by budding (reviewed by Freed, E.O., Virology 251:1-15, 1998). The

synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention provide efficient means for the production of HIV-Gag virus-like particles (VLPs) using a variety of different cell types, including, but not limited to, mammalian cells.

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Viral particles can be used as a matrix for the proper presentation of an antigen entrapped or associated therewith to the immune system of the host. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,722,840 describes hybrid particles comprised of a particle-forming fragment of a structural protein from a virus, such as a particle-forming fragment of hepatitis B virus (HBV) surface antigen (HBsAg), fused to a heterologous polypeptide. Tindle et al., Virology (1994) 200:547-557, describes the production and use of chimeric HBV core antigen particles containing epitopes of human papillomavirus (HPV) type 16 E7 transforming protein.

Adams et al., Nature (1987) 329:68-70, describes the recombinant production of hybrid HIVgpl20:Ty VLPs in 20 yeast and Brown et al., Virology (1994) 198:477-488, the production of chimeric proteins consisting of the VP2 protein of human parvovirus B19 and epitopes from human herpes simplex virus type 1, as well as mouse hepatitis virus A59. Wagner et al., (Virology (1994) 200:162-175, Brand et al., J. Virol. Meth. (1995) 51:153-168; Virology 25 (1996) 220:128-140) and Wolf, et al., (EP 0 449 116 A1, published 2 October 1991; WO 96/30523, published 3 October 1996) describe the assembly of chimeric HIV-1 p55Gag particles. U.S. Patent No. 5,503,833 describes 30 the use of rotavirus VP6 spheres for encapsulating and delivering therapeutic agents.

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2.2.1 VLP PRODUCTION USING THE SYNTHETIC EXPRESSION CASSETTES OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

Experiments performed in support of the present invention have demonstrated that the synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention provide superior production of both protein and VLPs, relative to native coding sequences (Examples 7 and 15). Further, electron microscopic evaluation of VLP production (Examples 6 and 15, Figures 3A-B and 65A-F) showed that free and budding immature virus particles of the expected size were produced by cells containing the synthetic expression cassettes.

Using the synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention, rather than native coding sequences, for the production of virus-like particles provide several advantages. First, VLPs can be produced in enhanced quantity making isolation and purification of the VLPs easier. Second, VLPs can be produced in a variety of cell types using the synthetic expression cassettes, in particular, mammalian cell-lines can be used for VLP production, for example, CHO cells. Production using CHO cells provides (i) VLP formation; (ii) correct myristylation and budding; (iii) absence of non-mammalian cell contaminants (e.g., insect viruses and/or cells); and (iv) ease of purification. The synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention are also useful for enhanced expression in cell-types other than mammalian cell lines. For example, infection of insect cells with baculovirus vectors encoding the synthetic expression cassettes resulted in higher levels of total protein yield and higher levels of VLP production (relative to wild-type coding sequences). Further, the final product from insect cells infected with the baculovirus-Gag synthetic expression cassettes

consistently contained lower amounts of contaminating insect proteins than the final product when wild-type coding sequences were used (Examples).

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VLPs can spontaneously form when the particleforming polypeptide of interest is recombinantly
expressed in an appropriate host cell. Thus, the VLPs
produced using the synthetic expression cassettes of the
present invention are conveniently prepared using
recombinant techniques. As discussed below, the Gag
polypeptide encoding synthetic expression cassettes of
the present invention can include other polypeptide
coding sequences of interest (for example, Env, tat, rev,
HIV protease, HIV polymerase, HCV core; see, Example 1).
Expression of such synthetic expression cassettes yields
VLPs comprising the product of the synthetic expression
cassette, as well as, the polypeptide of interest.

Once coding sequences for the desired particleforming polypeptides have been isolated or synthesized, they can be cloned into any suitable vector or replicon for expression. Numerous cloning vectors are known to those of skill in the art, and the selection of an appropriate cloning vector is a matter of choice. See, generally, Ausubel et al, supra or Sambrook et al, supra. The vector is then used to transform an appropriate host cell. Suitable recombinant expression systems include, but are not limited to, bacterial, mammalian, baculovirus/insect, vaccinia, Semliki Forest virus (SFV), Alphaviruses (such as, Sindbis, Venezuelan Equine Encephalitis (VEE)), mammalian, yeast and Xenopus expression systems, well known in the art. Particularly preferred expression systems are mammalian cell lines, vaccinia, Sindbis, insect and yeast systems.

For example, a number of mammalian cell lines are known in the art and include immortalized cell lines

available from the American Type Culture Collection (A.T.C.C.), such as, but not limited to, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, 293 cells, HeLa cells, baby hamster kidney (BHK) cells, mouse myeloma (SB20), monkey kidney cells (COS), as well as others. Similarly, bacterial hosts such as E. coli, Bacillus subtilis, and Streptococcus spp., will find use with the present expression constructs. Yeast hosts useful in the present invention include inter alia, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, 10 Candida albicans, Candida maltosa, Hansenula polymorpha, Kluyveromyces fragilis, Kluyveromyces lactis, Pichia guillerimondii, Pichia pastoris, Schizosaccharomyces pombe and Yarrowia lipolytica. Insect cells for use with baculovirus expression vectors include, inter alia, Aedes 15 aegypti, Autographa californica, Bombyx mori, Drosophila melanogaster, Spodoptera frugiperda, and Trichoplusia ni. See, e.g., Summers and Smith, Texas Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletin No. 1555 (1987). Fungal hosts include, for example, Aspergillus.

20 Viral vectors can be used for the production of particles in eucaryotic cells, such as those derived from the pox family of viruses, including vaccinia virus and avian poxvirus. Additionally, a vaccinia based infection/transfection system, as described in Tomei et 25 al., J. Virol. (1993) $\underline{67}$:4017-4026 and Selby et al., J. Gen. Virol. (1993) 74:1103-1113, will also find use with the present invention. In this system, cells are first infected in vitro with a vaccinia virus recombinant that encodes the bacteriophage T7 RNA polymerase. This 30 polymerase displays exquisite specificity in that it only transcribes templates bearing T7 promoters. Following infection, cells are transfected with the DNA of interest, driven by a T7 promoter. The polymerase expressed in the cytoplasm from the vaccinia virus

recombinant transcribes the transfected DNA into RNA which is then translated into protein by the host translational machinery. Alternately, T7 can be added as a purified protein or enzyme as in the "Progenitor" system (Studier and Moffatt, J. Mol. Biol. (1986) 189:113-130). The method provides for high level, transient, cytoplasmic production of large quantities of RNA and its translation product(s).

Depending on the expression system and host selected, the VLPS are produced by growing host cells 10 transformed by an expression vector under conditions whereby the particle-forming polypeptide is expressed and VLPs can be formed. The selection of the appropriate growth conditions is within the skill of the art. If the 15 VLPs are formed intracellularly, the cells are then disrupted, using chemical, physical or mechanical means, which lyse the cells yet keep the VLPs substantially intact. Such methods are known to those of skill in the art and are described in, e.g., Protein Purification 20 Applications: A Practical Approach, (E.L.V. Harris and S. Angal, Eds., 1990).

The particles are then isolated (or substantially purified) using methods that preserve the integrity thereof, such as, by density gradient centrifugation, e.g., sucrose gradients, PEG-precipitation, pelleting, and the like (see, e.g., Kirnbauer et al. *J. Virol.* (1993) 67:6929-6936), as well as standard purification techniques including, e.g., ion exchange and gel filtration chromatography.

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VLPs produced by cells containing the synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention can be used to elicit an immune response when administered to a subject. One advantage of the present invention is that VLPs can be produced by mammalian cells carrying the

synthetic expression cassettes at levels previously not possible. As discussed above, the VLPs can comprise a variety of antigens in addition to the Gag polypeptides (e.g., Env, tat, Gag-protease, Gag-polymerase, Gag-HCV-core). Purified VLPs, produced using the synthetic

core). Purified VLPs, produced using the synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention, can be administered to a vertebrate subject, usually in the form of vaccine compositions. Combination vaccines may also be used, where such vaccines contain, for example, other

subunit proteins derived from HIV or other organisms
(e.g., env) or gene delivery vaccines encoding such
antigens. Administration can take place using the VLPs
formulated alone or formulated with other antigens.
Further, the VLPs can be administered prior to,

concurrent with, or subsequent to, delivery of the synthetic expression cassettes for DNA immunization (see below) and/or delivery of other vaccines. Also, the site of VLP administration may be the same or different as other vaccine compositions that are being administered.

Gene delivery can be accomplished by a number of methods including, but are not limited to, immunization with DNA, alphavirus vectors, pox virus vectors, and vaccinia virus vectors.

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VLP immune-stimulating (or vaccine) compositions can include various excipients, adjuvants, carriers, auxiliary substances, modulating agents, and the like. The immune stimulating compositions will include an amount of the VLP/antigen sufficient to mount an immunological response. An appropriate effective amount can be determined by one of skill in the art. Such an amount will fall in a relatively broad range that can be determined through routine trials and will generally be an amount on the order of about 0.1 μ g to about 1000 μ g,

more preferably about 1 μg to about 300 $\mu g,$ of VLP/antigen.

A carrier is optionally present which is a molecule that does not itself induce the production of antibodies harmful to the individual receiving the composition. 5 Suitable carriers are typically large, slowly metabolized macromolecules such as proteins, polysaccharides, polylactic acids, polyglycollic acids, polymeric amino acids, amino acid copolymers, lipid aggregates (such as 10 oil droplets or liposomes), and inactive virus particles. Examples of particulate carriers include those derived from polymethyl methacrylate polymers, as well as microparticles derived from poly(lactides) and poly(lactide-co-glycolides), known as PLG. See, e.g., 15 Jeffery et al., Pharm. Res. (1993) 10:362-368; McGee JP, et al., J Microencapsul. 14(2):197-210, 1997; O'Hagan DT, et al., Vaccine 11(2):149-54, 1993. Such carriers are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Additionally, these carriers may function as 20 immunostimulating agents ("adjuvants"). Furthermore, the antigen may be conjugated to a bacterial toxoid, such as toxoid from diphtheria, tetanus, cholera, etc., as well as toxins derived from E. coli.

Such adjuvants include, but are not limited to: (1) aluminum salts (alum), such as aluminum hydroxide, aluminum phosphate, aluminum sulfate, etc.; (2) oil-in-water emulsion formulations (with or without other specific immunostimulating agents such as muramyl peptides (see below) or bacterial cell wall components), such as for example (a) MF59 (International Publication No. WO 90/14837), containing 5% Squalene, 0.5% Tween 80, and 0.5% Span 85 (optionally containing various amounts of MTP-PE (see below), although not required) formulated

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into submicron particles using a microfluidizer such as Model 110Y microfluidizer (Microfluidics, Newton, MA), (b) SAF, containing 10% Squalane, 0.4% Tween 80, 5% pluronic-blocked polymer L121, and thr-MDP (see below) 5 either microfluidized into a submicron emulsion or vortexed to generate a larger particle size emulsion, and (c) Ribi™ adjuvant system (RAS), (Ribi Immunochem, Hamilton, MT) containing 2% Squalene, 0.2% Tween 80, and one or more bacterial cell wall components from the group 10 consisting of monophosphorylipid A (MPL), trehalose dimycolate (TDM), and cell wall skeleton (CWS), preferably MPL + CWS (Detox™); (3) saponin adjuvants, such as Stimulon™ (Cambridge Bioscience, Worcester, MA) may be used or particle generated therefrom such as 15 ISCOMs (immunostimulating complexes); (4) Complete Freunds Adjuvant (CFA) and Incomplete Freunds Adjuvant (IFA); (5) cytokines, such as interleukins (IL-1, IL-2, etc.), macrophage colony stimulating factor (M-CSF), tumor necrosis factor (TNF), beta chemokines (MIP, 1-20 alpha, 1-beta Rantes, etc.); (6) detoxified mutants of a bacterial ADP-ribosylating toxin such as a cholera toxin (CT), a pertussis toxin (PT), or an E. coli heat-labile toxin (LT), particularly LT-K63 (where lysine is substituted for the wild-type amino acid at position 63) 25 LT-R72 (where arginine is substituted for the wild-type amino acid at position 72), CT-S109 (where serine is substituted for the wild-type amino acid at position 109), and PT-K9/G129 (where lysine is substituted for the wild-type amino acid at position 9 and glycine 30 substituted at position 129) (see, e.g., International Publication Nos. W093/13202 and W092/19265); and (7)

other substances that act as immunostimulating agents to enhance the effectiveness of the composition.

Muramyl peptides include, but are not limited to, N-acetyl-muramyl-L-threonyl-D-isoglutamine (thr-MDP), N-acteyl-normuramyl-L-alanyl-D-isogluatme (nor-MDP), N-acetylmuramyl-L-alanyl-D-isogluatminyl-L-alanine-2-(l'-2'-dipalmitoyl-sn-glycero-3-huydroxyphosphoryloxy)-ethylamine (MTP-PE), etc.

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Dosage treatment with the VLP composition may be a single dose schedule or a multiple dose schedule. A multiple dose schedule is one in which a primary course of vaccination may be with 1-10 separate doses, followed by other doses given at subsequent time intervals, chosen to maintain and/or reinforce the immune response, for example at 1-4 months for a second dose, and if needed, a subsequent dose(s) after several months. The dosage regimen will also, at least in part, be determined by the potency of the modality, the vaccine delivery employed, the need of the subject and be dependent on the judgment of the practitioner.

If prevention of disease is desired (e.g., reduction of symptoms, recurrences or of disease progression), the antigen carrying VLPs are generally administered prior to primary infection with the pathogen of interest. If treatment is desired, e.g., the reduction of symptoms or recurrences, the VLP compositions are generally administered subsequent to primary infection.

2.2.2 USING THE SYNTHETIC EXPRESSION CASSETTES OF THE PRESENT INVENTION TO CREATE PACKAGING CELL LINES

A number of viral based systems have been developed for use as gene transfer vectors for mammalian host cells. For example, retroviruses (in particular,

lentiviral vectors) provide a convenient platform for gene delivery systems. A coding sequence of interest (for example, a sequence useful for gene therapy applications) can be inserted into a gene delivery vector and packaged in retroviral particles using techniques known in the art. Recombinant virus can then be isolated and delivered to cells of the subject either in vivo or ex vivo. A number of retroviral systems have been described, including, for example, the following: (U.S.

- Patent No. 5,219,740; Miller et al. (1989) Biotechniques
 7:980; Miller, A.D. (1990) Human Gene Therapy 1:5; Scarpa
 et al. (1991) Virology 180:849; Burns et al. (1993) Proc.
 Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:8033; Boris-Lawrie et al. (1993)
 Cur. Opin. Genet. Develop. 3:102; GB 2200651; EP 0415731;
- EP 0345242; WO 89/02468; WO 89/05349; WO 89/09271; WO 90/02806; WO 90/07936; WO 90/07936; WO 94/03622; WO 93/25698; WO 93/25234; WO 93/11230; WO 93/10218; WO 91/02805; in U.S. 5,219,740; U.S. 4,405,712; U.S. 4,861,719; U.S. 4,980,289 and U.S. 4,777,127; in U.S.

Sequences useful for gene therapy applications include, but are not limited to, the following. Factor VIII cDNA, including derivatives and deletions thereof (International Publication Nos. WO 96/21035, WO 97/03193,

WO 97/03194, WO 97/03195, and WO 97/03191). Factor IX cDNA (Kurachi et al. (1982) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 79:6461-6464). Factor V cDNA can be obtained from pMT2-V (Jenny (1987) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84:4846, A.T.C.C. Deposit No. 40515). A full-length factor V

cDNA, or a B domain deletion or B domain substitution thereof, can be used. B domain deletions of factor V, include those reported by Marquette (1995) Blood 86:3026 and Kane (1990) Biochemistry 29:6762. Antithrombin III cDNA (Prochownik (1983) J. Biol. Chem. 258:8389, A.T.C.C. Deposit No. 57224/57225). Protein C encoding cDNA (Foster (1984) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA <u>81</u>:4766; Beckmann (1985) Nucleic Acids Res. 13:5233). Prothrombin cDNA can be obtained by restriction enzyme digestion of a 10 published vector (Degen (1983) Biochemistry 22:2087). The endothelial cell surface protein, thrombomodulin, is a necessary cofactor for the normal activation of protein C by thrombin. A soluble recombinant form has been described (Parkinson (1990) J. Biol. Chem. 265:12602; Jackman (1987) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84:6425; Shirai 15 (1988) J. Biochem. 103:281; Wen (1987) Biochemistry <u>26</u>:4350; Suzuki (1987) *EMBO J*. <u>6</u>:1891, A.T.C.C. Deposit No. 61348, 61349).

Many genetic diseases caused by inheritance of

defective genes result in the failure to produce normal
gene products, for example, thalassemia, phenylketonuria,
Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, severe combined immunodeficiency
(SCID), hemophilia A and B, cystic fibrosis, Duchenne's
Muscular Dystrophy, inherited emphysema and familial
hypercholesterolemia (Mulligan et al. (1993) Science
260:926; Anderson et al. (1992) Science 256:808; Friedman
et al. (1989) Science 244:1275). Although genetic
diseases may result in the absence of a gene product,

hypopituitarism, are caused by the inability of the gene to produce adequate levels of the appropriate hormone insulin and human growth hormone respectively.

endocrine disorders, such as diabetes and

In one aspect, gene therapy employing the constructs and methods of the present invention involves the

introduction of normal recombinant genes into T cells so that new or missing proteins are produced by the T cells after introduction or reintroduction thereof into a patient. A number of genetic diseases have been selected for treatment with gene therapy, including adenine deaminase deficiency, cystic fibrosis, α_1 -antitrypsin deficiency, Gaucher's syndrome, as well as non-genetic diseases.

In particular, Gaucher's syndrome is a genetic
disorder characterized by a deficiency of the enzyme
glucocerebrosidase. This enzyme deficiency leads to the
accumulation of glucocerebroside in the lysosomes of all
cells in the body. For a review see Science 256:794
(1992) and Scriver et al., The Metabolic Basis of
Inherited Disease, 6th ed., vol. 2, page 1677). Thus,

Inherited Disease, 6th ed., vol. 2, page 1677). Thus, gene transfer vectors that express glucocerebrosidase can be constructed for use in the treatment of this disorder. Likewise, gene transfer vectors encoding lactase can be used in the treatment of hereditary lactose intolerance, those expressing AD can be used for treatment of AD2.

those expressing AD can be used for treatment of ADA deficiency, and gene transfer vectors encoding α_1 -antitrypsin can be used to treat α_1 -antitrypsin deficiency. See Ledley, F.D. (1987) *J. Pediatrics* 110:157-174, Verma, I. (Nov. 1987) *Scientific American*

pp. 68-84, and International Publication No. WO 95/27512 entitled "Gene Therapy Treatment for a Variety of Diseases and Disorders," for a description of gene therapy treatment of genetic diseases.

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In still further embodiments of the invention, nucleotide sequences which can be incorporated into a gene transfer vector include, but are not limited to, proteins associated with enzyme-deficiency disorders, such as the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator (see, for example, U.S. Patent No. 5,240,846 and Larrick et al.

(1991) Gene Therapy Applications of Molecular Biology, Elsevier, New York and adenosine deaminase (ADA) (see U.S. Patent No. 5,399,346); growth factors, or an agonist or antagonist of a growth factor (Bandara et al. (1992) DNA and Cell Biology, 11:227); one or more tumor suppressor genes such as p53, Rb, or C-CAMI (Kleinerman et al. (1995) Cancer Research 55:2831); a molecule that modulates the immune system of an organism, such as a HLA molecule (Nabel et al. (1993) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:11307); a ribozyme (Larsson et al. (1996) Virology 10 219:161); a peptide nucleic acid (Hirshman et al. (1996) J. Invest. Med. 44:347); an antisense molecule (Bordier et al. (1995) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92:9383) which can be used to down-regulate the expression or synthesis of aberrant or foreign proteins, such as HIV proteins or 15 a wide variety of oncogenes such as p53 (Hesketh, The Oncogene Facts Book, Academic Press, New York, (1995); a biopharmaceutical agent or antisense molecule used to treat HIV-infection, such as an inhibitor of p24 20 (Nakashima et al. (1994) Nucleic Acids Res. 22:5004); or reverse-transcriptase (see, Bordier, supra).

Other proteins of therapeutic interest can be expressed in vivo by gene transfer vectors using the methods of the invention. For instance sustained in vivo expression of tissue factor inhibitory protein (TFPI) is useful for treatment of conditions including sepsis and DIC and in preventing reperfusion injury. (See International Publications Nos. WO 93/24143, WO 93/25230 and WO 96/06637). Nucleic acid sequences encoding various forms of TFPI can be obtained, for example, as described in US Patent Nos. 4,966,852; 5,106,833; and 5,466,783, and incorporated into the gene transfer vectors described herein.

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Erythropoietin (EPO) and leptin can also be expressed in vivo from genetically modified T cells according to the methods of the invention. For instance EPO is useful in gene therapy treatment of a variety of disorders including anemia (see International Publication No. WO 95/13376 entitled "Gene Therapy for Treatment of Anemia"). Sustained delivery of leptin by the methods of the invention is useful in treatment of obesity. See International Publication No. WO 96/05309 for a description of the leptin gene and the use thereof in the treatment of obesity.

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A variety of other disorders can also be treated by the methods of the invention. For example, sustained in vivo systemic production of apolipoprotein E or apolipoprotein A from genetically modified T cells can be used for treatment of hyperlipidemia (see Breslow et al. (1994) Biotechnology 12:365). Sustained production of angiotensin receptor inhibitor (Goodfriend et al. (1996) N. Engl. J. Med. 334:1469) can be provided by the methods described herein. As yet an additional example, the long term in vivo systemic production of angiostatin is useful in the treatment of a variety of tumors. (See O'Reilly et al. (1996) Nature Med. 2:689).

In other embodiments, gene transfer vectors can be constructed to encode a cytokine or other immunomodulatory molecule. For example, nucleic acid sequences encoding native IL-2 and gamma-interferon can be obtained as described in US Patent Nos. 4,738,927 and 5,326,859, respectively, while useful muteins of these proteins can be obtained as described in U.S. Patent No. 4,853,332. Nucleic acid sequences encoding the short and long forms of mCSF can be obtained as described in US Patent Nos. 4,847,201 and 4,879,227, respectively. In particular aspects of the invention, retroviral vectors

expressing cytokine or immunomodulatory genes can be produced as described herein (for example, employing the packaging cell lines of the present invention) and in International Application No. PCT US 94/02951, entitled "Compositions and Methods for Cancer Immunotherapy."

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Examples of suitable immunomodulatory molecules for use herein include the following: IL-1 and IL-2 (Karupiah et al. (1990) *J. Immunology* 144:290-298, Weber et al. (1987) *J. Exp. Med.* 166:1716-1733, Gansbacher et al.

- 10 (1990) J. Exp. Med. 172:1217-1224, and U.S. Patent No.
 4,738,927); IL-3 and IL-4 (Tepper et al. (1989) Cell
 57:503-512, Golumbek et al. (1991) Science 254:713-716,
 and U.S. Patent No. 5,017,691); IL-5 and IL-6 (Brakenhof
 et al. (1987) J. Immunol. 139:4116-4121, and
- International Publication No. WO 90/06370); IL-7 (U.S.
 Patent No. 4,965,195); IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12,
 and IL-13 (Cytokine Bulletin, Summer 1994); IL-14 and
 IL-15; alpha interferon (Finter et al. (1991) Drugs
 42:749-765, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,892,743 and 4,966,843,
- J. Virol. 65:664-671); gamma-interferons (Radford et al. (1991) The American Society of Hepatology 20082015, Watanabe et al. (1989) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:9456-9460, Gansbacher et al. (1990) Cancer Research 50:7820-7825, Maio et al. (1989) Can. Immunol.

al. (1987) Immunogenetics 26:258-266); ICAM-1 (Altman et al. (1989) Nature 338:512-514, Simmons et al. (1988) Nature 331:624-627); ICAM-2, LFA-1, LFA-3 (Wallner et al. (1987) J. Exp. Med. 166:923-932); MHC class I molecules, MHC class II molecules, B7.1-.3, $\beta_2\text{-microglobulin}$ (Parnes 5 et al. (1981) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:2253-2257); chaperones such as calnexin; and MHC-linked transporter proteins or analogs thereof (Powis et al. (1991) Nature 354:528-531). Immunomodulatory factors may also be agonists, antagonists, or ligands for these molecules. For example, soluble forms of receptors can often behave as antagonists for these types of factors, as can mutated forms of the factors themselves.

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Nucleic acid molecules that encode the above-15 described substances, as well as other nucleic acid molecules that are advantageous for use within the present invention, may be readily obtained from a variety of sources, including, for example, depositories such as the American Type Culture Collection, or from commercial 20 sources such as British Bio-Technology Limited (Cowley, Oxford England). Representative examples include BBG 12 (containing the GM-CSF gene coding for the mature protein of 127 amino acids), BBG 6 (which contains sequences encoding gamma interferon), A.T.C.C. Deposit No. 39656 25 (which contains sequences encoding TNF), A.T.C.C. Deposit No. 20663 (which contains sequences encoding alphainterferon), A.T.C.C. Deposit Nos. 31902, 31902 and 39517 (which contain sequences encoding beta-interferon), A.T.C.C. Deposit No. 67024 (which contains a sequence 30 which encodes Interleukin-1b), A.T.C.C. Deposit Nos. 39405, 39452, 39516, 39626 and 39673 (which contain sequences encoding Interleukin-2), A.T.C.C. Deposit Nos. 59399, 59398, and 67326 (which contain sequences encoding Interleukin-3), A.T.C.C. Deposit No. 57592 (which

contains sequences encoding Interleukin-4), A.T.C.C. Deposit Nos. 59394 and 59395 (which contain sequences encoding Interleukin-5), and A.T.C.C. Deposit No. 67153 (which contains sequences encoding Interleukin-6).

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Plasmids containing cytokine genes or immunomodulatory genes (International Publication Nos. WO 94/02951 and WO 96/21015) can be digested with appropriate restriction enzymes, and DNA fragments containing the particular gene of interest can be inserted into a gene transfer vector using standard molecular biology techniques. (See, e.g., Sambrook et al., supra., or Ausubel et al. (eds) Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Greene Publishing and Wiley-Interscience).

Exemplary hormones, growth factors and other proteins which are useful for long term expression are described, for example, in European Publication No. 0437478B1, entitled "Cyclodextrin-Peptide Complexes." Nucleic acid sequences encoding a variety of hormones can be used, including those encoding human growth hormone, insulin, calcitonin, prolactin, follicle stimulating hormone (FSH), luteinizing hormone (LH), human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), and thyroid stimulating hormone A variety of different forms of IGF-1 and IGF-2 growth factor polypeptides are also well known the art and can be incorporated into gene transfer vectors for long term expression in vivo. See, e.g., European Patent No. 0123228B1, published for grant September 19, 1993, entitled "Hybrid DNA Synthesis of Mature Insulin-like Growth Factors." As an additional example, the long term in vivo expression of different forms of fibroblast growth factor can also be effected employing the compositions and methods of invention. See, e.g., U.S.

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Patent Nos. 5,464,774, 5,155,214, and 4,994,559 for a description of different fibroblast growth factors.

Polynucleotide sequences coding for the above-described molecules can be obtained using recombinant methods, such as by screening cDNA and genomic libraries from cells expressing the gene, or by deriving the gene from a vector known to include the same. For example, plasmids which contain sequences that encode altered cellular products may be obtained from a depository such as the A.T.C.C., or from commercial sources. Plasmids containing the nucleotide sequences of interest can be digested with appropriate restriction enzymes, and DNA fragments containing the nucleotide sequences can be inserted into a gene transfer vector using standard molecular biology techniques.

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Alternatively, cDNA sequences for use with the 15 present invention may be obtained from cells which express or contain the sequences, using standard techniques, such as phenol extraction and PCR of cDNA or genomic DNA. See, e.g., Sambrook et al., supra, for a description of techniques used to obtain and isolate DNA. 20 Briefly, mRNA from a cell which expresses the gene of interest can be reverse transcribed with reverse transcriptase using oligo-dT or random primers. The single stranded cDNA may then be amplified by PCR (see U.S. Patent Nos. 4,683,202, 4,683,195 and 4,800,159, see 25 also PCR Technology: Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification, Erlich (ed.), Stockton Press, 1989)) using oligonucleotide primers complementary to sequences on either side of desired sequences.

The nucleotide sequence of interest can also be produced synthetically, rather than cloned, using a DNA synthesizer (e.g., an Applied Biosystems Model 392 DNA Synthesizer, available from ABI, Foster City, California). The nucleotide sequence can be designed with the appropriate codons for the expression product

desired. The complete sequence is assembled from overlapping oligonucleotides prepared by standard methods and assembled into a complete coding sequence. See, e.g., Edge (1981) Nature 292:756; Nambair et al. (1984) Science 223:1299; Jay et al. (1984) J. Biol. Chem. 259:6311.

The synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention can be employed in the construction of packaging cell lines for use with retroviral vectors.

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One type of retrovirus, the murine leukemia virus, or "MLV", has been widely utilized for gene therapy applications (see generally Mann et al. (Cell 33:153, 1993), Cane and Mulligan (Proc, Nat'l. Acad. Sci. USA 81:6349, 1984), and Miller et al., Human Gene 21erapy 1:5-14,1990.

Lentiviral vectors typically, comprise a 5'
lentiviral LTR, a tRNA binding site, a packaging signal,
a promoter operably linked to one or more genes of
interest, an origin of second strand DNA synthesis and a
3' lentiviral LTR, wherein the lentiviral vector contains
a nuclear transport element. The nuclear transport
element may be located either upstream (5') or downstream
(3') of a coding sequence of interest. Within certain
embodiments, the nuclear transport element is not RRE.

Within one embodiment the packaging signal is an extended packaging signal. Within other embodiments the promoter is a tissue specific promoter, or, alternatively, a promoter such as CMV. Within other embodiments, the lentiviral vector further comprises an internal ribosome entry site.

A wide variety of lentiviruses may be utilized within the context of the present invention, including for example, lentiviruses selected from the group consisting of HIV, HIV-1, HIV-2, FIV and SIV.

In one embodiment of the present invention synthetic Env and/or Gag-polymerase expression cassettes are provided comprising a promoter and a sequence encoding synthetic Gag-polymerase (SEQ ID NO:6) and at least one of vpr, vpu, nef or vif, wherein the promoter is operably linked to Gag-polymerase and vpr, vpu, nef or vif.

Within yet another aspect of the invention, host cells (e.g., packaging cell lines) are provided which contain any of the expression cassettes described herein. For example, within one aspect packaging cell line are provided comprising an expression cassette that comprises a sequence encoding synthetic Env and/or Gag-polymerase, and a nuclear transport element, wherein the promoter is operably linked to the sequence encoding Env and/or Gag-polymerase. Packaging cell lines may further comprise a promoter and a sequence encoding tat, rev, or an envelope, wherein the promoter is operably linked to the sequence encoding tat, rev, or, the envelope. The packaging cell line may further comprise a sequence encoding any one or more of nef, vif, vpu or vpr.

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In one embodiment, the expression cassette (carrying, for example, the synthetic Env, synthetic tat and/or synthetic Gag-polymerase) is stably integrated. The packaging cell line, upon introduction of a lentiviral vector, typically produces viral particles. The promoter regulating expression of the synthetic expression cassette may be inducible. Typically, the packaging cell line, upon introduction of a lentiviral vector, produces viral particles that are essentially free of replication competent virus.

Packaging cell lines are provided comprising an expression cassette which directs the expression of a synthetic *Env* (or *Gag-polymerase*) gene, an expression cassette which directs the expression of a Gag (or Env)

gene optimized for expression (e.g., Andre, S., et al., Journal of Virology 72(2):1497-1503, 1998; Haas, J., et al., Current Biology 6(3):315-324, 1996). A lentiviral vector is introduced into the packaging cell line to produce a vector particle producing cell line.

As noted above, lentiviral vectors can be designed to carry or express a selected gene(s) or sequences of interest. Lentiviral vectors may be readily constructed from a wide variety of lentiviruses (see RNA Tumor Viruses, Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1985). Representative examples of lentiviruses included HIV, HIV-1, HIV-2, FIV and SIV. Such lentiviruses may either be obtained from patient isolates, or, more preferably, from depositories or collections such as the American Type Culture Collection, or isolated from known sources using available techniques.

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Portions of the lentiviral gene delivery vectors (or vehicles) may be derived from different viruses. For example, in a given recombinant lentiviral vector, LTRs may be derived from an HIV, a packaging signal from SIV, and an origin of second strand synthesis from HrV-2. Lentiviral vector constructs may comprise a 5' lentiviral LTR, a tRNA binding site, a packaging signal, one or more heterologous sequences, an origin of second strand DNA synthesis and a 3' LTR, wherein said lentiviral vector contains a nuclear transport element that is not RRE.

Briefly, Long Terminal Repeats ("LTRs") are subdivided into three elements, designated U5, R and U3. These elements contain a variety of signals which are responsible for the biological activity of a retrovirus, including for example, promoter and enhancer elements which are located within U3. LTRs may be readily identified in the provirus (integrated DNA form) due to their precise duplication at either end of the genome.

As utilized herein, a 5' LTR should be understood to include a 5' promoter element and sufficient LTR sequence to allow reverse transcription and integration of the DNA form of the vector. The 3' LTR should be understood to include a polyadenylation signal, and sufficient LTR sequence to allow reverse transcription and integration of the DNA form of the vector.

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The tRNA binding site and origin of second strand DNA synthesis are also important for a retrovirus to be biologically active, and may be readily identified by one 1.0 of skill in the art. For example, retroviral tRNA binds to a tRNA binding site by Watson-Crick base pairing, and is carried with the retrovirus genome into a viral particle. The tRNA is then utilized as a primer for DNA synthesis by reverse transcriptase. The tRNA binding 15 site may be readily identified based upon its location just downstream from the 5'LTR. Similarly, the origin of second strand DNA synthesis is, as its name implies, important for the second strand DNA synthesis of a retrovirus. This region, which is also referred to as 20 the poly-purine tract, is located just upstream of the 3'LTR.

In addition to a 5' and 3' LTR, tRNA binding site, and origin of second strand DNA synthesis, recombinant retroviral vector constructs may also comprise a packaging signal, as well as one or more genes or coding sequences of interest. In addition, the lentiviral vectors have a nuclear transport element which, in preferred embodiments is not RRE. Representative examples of suitable nuclear transport elements include the element in Rous sarcoma virus (Ogert, et al., J Virol 70, 3834-3843, 1996), the element in Rous sarcoma virus (Liu & Mertz, Genes & Dev., 9, 1766-1789, 1995) and the element in the genome of simian retrovirus type I

(Zolotukhin, et al., *J Virol.* 68, 7944-7952, 1994).
Other potential elements include the elements in the histone gene (Kedes, *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* 48, 837-870, 1970), the α-interferon gene (Nagata et al., *Nature 287*, 401-408, 1980), the β-adrenergic receptor gene (Koilka, et al., *Nature 329*, 75-79, 1987), and the c-Jun gene (Hattorie, et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85*, 9148-9152, 1988).

Recombinant lentiviral vector constructs typically 10 lack both Gag-polymerase and env coding sequences. Recombinant lentiviral vector typically contain less than 20, preferably 15, more preferably 10, and most preferably 8 consecutive nucleotides found in Gagpolymerase or env genes. One advantage of the present 15 invention is that the synthetic Gag-polymerase expression cassettes, which can be used to construct packaging cell lines for the recombinant retroviral vector constructs, have little homology to wild-type Gag-polymerase sequences and thus considerably reduce or eliminate the 20 possibility of homologous recombination between the synthetic and wild-type sequences.

Lentiviral vectors may also include tissue-specific promoters to drive expression of one or more genes or sequences of interest. For example, lentiviral vector particles of the invention can contain a liver specific promoter to maximize the potential for liver specific expression of the exogenous DNA sequence contained in the vectors. Preferred liver specific promoters include the hepatitis B X-gene promoter and the hepatitis B core protein promoter. These liver specific promoters are preferably employed with their respective enhancers. The enhancer element can be linked at either the 5' or the 3' end of the nucleic acid encoding the sequences of interest. The hepatitis B X gene promoter and its

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enhancer can be obtained from the viral genome as a 332 base pair *EcoRV-NcoI* DNA fragment employing the methods described in Twu, et al., *J Virol*. 61:3448-3453, 1987. The hepatitis B core protein promoter can be obtained

- from the viral genome as a 584 base pair BamHI-BglII DNA fragment employing the methods described in Gerlach, et al., Virol 189:59-66, 1992. It may be necessary to remove the negative regulatory sequence in the BamHI-BglII fragment prior to inserting it. Other liver
- specific promoters include the AFP (alpha fetal protein)
 gene promoter and the albumin gene promoter, as disclosed
 in EP Patent Publication 0 415 731, the -1 antitrypsin
 gene promoter, as disclosed in Rettenger, et al., Proc.
 Natl. Acad. Sci. 91:1460-1464, 1994, the fibrinogen
- gene promoter, the APO-Al (Apolipoprotein Al) gene promoter, and the promoter genes for liver transference enzymes such as, for example, SGOT, SGPT and glutamyle transferase. See also PCT Patent Publications WO 90/07936 and WO 91/02805 for a description of the use of liver specific promoters in lentiviral vector particles.

Lentiviral vector constructs may be generated such that more than one gene of interest is expressed. This may be accomplished through the use of di- or oligocistronic cassettes (e.g., where the coding regions are separated by 80 nucleotides or less, see generally Levin et al., Gene 108:167-174, 1991), or through the use of Internal Ribosome Entry Sites ("IRES").

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Packaging cell lines suitable for use with the above described recombinant retroviral vector constructs may be readily prepared given the disclosure provided herein. Briefly, the parent cell line from which the packaging cell line is derived can be selected from a variety of

mammalian cell lines, including for example, 293, RD, COS-7, CHO, BHK, VERO, HT1080, and myeloma cells.

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After selection of a suitable host cell for the generation of a packaging cell line, one or more expression cassettes are introduced into the cell line in order to complement or supply in trans components of the vector which have been deleted.

Representative examples of suitable expression cassettes have been described herein and include synthetic Env, tat, Gag, synthetic Gag-protease, synthetic Gag-reverse transcriptase and synthetic Gag-polymerase expression cassettes, which comprise a promoter and a sequence encoding, e.g., Env, tat, or Gag-polymerase and at least one of vpr, vpu, nef or vif, wherein the promoter is operably linked to Env, tat or Gag-polymerase and vpr, vpu, nef or vif. As described above, optimized Env, Gag and/or tat coding sequences may also be utilized in various combinations in the generation of packaging cell lines.

20 Utilizing the above-described expression cassettes, a wide variety of packaging cell lines can be generated. For example, within one aspect packaging cell line are provided comprising an expression cassette that comprises a sequence encoding synthetic HIV (e.g., Gag, Env, tat, 25 Gag-polymerase, Gag-reverse transcriptase or Gagprotease) polypeptide, and a nuclear transport element, wherein the promoter is operably linked to the sequence encoding the HIV polypeptide. Within other aspects, packaging cell lines are provided comprising a promoter 30 and a sequence encoding Gag, tat, rev, or an envelope (e.g., HIV env), wherein the promoter is operably linked to the sequence encoding Gag, tat, rev, or, the envelope. Within further embodiments, the packaging cell line may comprise a sequence encoding any one or more of nef, vif,

vpu or vpr. For example, the packaging cell line may contain only nef, vif, vpu, or vpr alone, nef and vif, nef and vpu, nef and vpr, vif and vpu, vif and vpr, vpu and vpr, nef vif and vpu, nef vif and vpr, nef vpu and vpr, vvir vpu and vpr, or, all four of nef vif vpu and vpr.

In one embodiment, the expression cassette is stably integrated. Within another embodiment, the packaging cell line, upon introduction of a lentiviral vector, produces particles. Within further embodiments the promoter is inducible. Within certain preferred embodiments of the invention, the packaging cell line, upon introduction of a lentiviral vector, produces particles that are free of replication competent virus.

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The synthetic cassettes containing optimized coding sequences are transfected into a selected cell line.

Transfected cells are selected that (i) carry, typically, integrated, stable copies of the Gag, Pol, and Env coding sequences, and (ii) are expressing acceptable levels of these polypeptides (expression can be evaluated by methods known in the prior art, e.g., see Examples 1-4). The ability of the cell line to produce VLPs may also be verified (Examples 6, 7 and 15).

A sequence of interest is constructed into a suitable viral vector as discussed above. This defective virus is then transfected into the packaging cell line. The packaging cell line provides the viral functions necessary for producing virus-like particles into which the defective viral genome, containing the sequence of interest, are packaged. These VLPs are then isolated and can be used, for example, in gene delivery or gene therapy.

Further, such packaging cell lines can also be used to produce VLPs alone, which can, for example, be used as

adjuvants for administration with other antigens or in vaccine compositions. Also, co-expression of a selected sequence of interest encoding a polypeptide (for example, an antigen) in the packaging cell line can also result in the entrapment and/or association of the selected polypeptide in/with the VLPs.

2.3 DNA IMMUNIZATION AND GENE DELIVERY

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A variety of polypeptide antigens can be used in the 10 practice of the present invention. Polypeptide antigens can be included in DNA immunization constructs containing, for example, any of the synthetic expression cassettes described herein fused in-frame to a coding sequence for the polypeptide antigen, where expression of 15 the construct results in VLPs presenting the antigen of interest. Antigens can be derived from a wide variety of viruses, bacteria, fungi, plants, protozoans and other parasites. For example, the present invention will find use for stimulating an immune response against a wide 20 variety of proteins from the herpesvirus family, including proteins derived from herpes simplex virus (HSV) types 1 and 2, such as HSV-1 and HSV-2 gB, gD, gH, VP16 and VP22; antigens derived from varicella zoster virus (VZV), Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) and cytomegalovirus 25 (CMV) including CMV gB and gH; and antigens derived from other human herpesviruses such as HHV6 and HHV7. e.g. Chee et al., Cytomegaloviruses (J.K. McDougall, ed., Springer-Verlag 1990) pp. 125-169, for a review of the protein coding content of cytomegalovirus; McGeoch et 30 al., J. Gen. Virol. (1988) 69:1531-1574, for a discussion of the various HSV-1 encoded proteins; U.S. Patent No. 5,171,568 for a discussion of HSV-1 and HSV-2 gB and qD proteins and the genes encoding therefore; Baer et al., Nature (1984) 310:207-211, for the identification of

protein coding sequences in an EBV genome; and Davison and Scott, J. Gen. Virol. (1986) $\underline{67}$:1759-1816, for a review of VZV.)

Additionally, immune responses to antigens from the hepatitis family of viruses, including hepatitis A virus (HAV), hepatitis B virus (HBV), hepatitis C virus (HCV), the delta hepatitis virus (HDV), hepatitis E virus (HEV), and hepatitis G virus, can also be stimulated using the constructs of the present invention. By way of example, the HCV genome encodes several viral proteins, including E1 (also known as E) and E2 (also known as E2/NSI), which will find use with the present invention (see, Houghton et al. Hepatology (1991) 14:381-388, for a discussion of HCV proteins, including E1 and E2). The δ-antigen from HDV can also be used (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,389,528, for a description of the δ-antigen).

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Similarly, influenza virus is another example of a virus for which the present invention will be particularly useful. Specifically, the envelope

glycoproteins HA and NA of influenza A are of particular interest for generating an immune response. Numerous HA subtypes of influenza A have been identified (Kawaoka et al., Virology (1990) 179:759-767; Webster et al.

"Antigenic variation among type A influenza viruses," p. 127-168. In: P. Palese and D.W. Kingsbury (ed.), Genetics of influenza viruses. Springer-Verlag, New York).

Other antigens of particular interest to be used in the practice of the present invention include antigens and polypeptides derived therefrom from human

papillomavirus (HPV), such as one or more of the various early proteins including E6 and E7; tick-borne encephalitis viruses; and HIV-1 (also known as HTLV-III, LAV, ARV, etc.), including, but not limited to, antigens such as gp120, gp41, gp160, Gag and pol from a variety of

isolates including, but not limited to, HIV_{IIIb}, HIV_{SF2}, HIV-1_{SF162}, HIV-1_{SF170}, HIV_{LAV}, HIV_{LAI}, HIV_{MN}, HIV-1_{CM235}, HIV-1_{US4}, other HIV-1 strains from diverse subtypes(e.g., subtypes, A through G, and O), HIV-2 strains and diverse subtypes (e.g., HIV-2_{UC1} and HIV-2_{UC2}). See, e.g., Myers, et al., Los Alamos Database, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico; Myers, et al., Human Retroviruses and Aids, 1990, Los Alamos, New Mexico: Los Alamos National Laboratory.

10 Proteins derived from other viruses will also find use in the claimed methods, such as without limitation, proteins from members of the families Picornaviridae (e.g., polioviruses, etc.); Caliciviridae; Togaviridae (e.g., rubella virus, dengue virus, etc.); Flaviviridae; Coronaviridae; Reoviridae; Birnaviridae; Rhabodoviridae 15 (e.g., rabies virus, etc.); Filoviridae; Paramyxoviridae (e.g., mumps virus, measles virus, respiratory syncytial virus, etc.); Orthomyxoviridae (e.g., influenza virus types A, B and C, etc.); Bunyaviridae; Arenaviridae; 20 Retroviradae, e.g., HTLV-I; HTLV-II; HIV-1; HIV-2; simian immunodeficiency virus (SIV) among others. See, e.g. Virology, 3rd Edition (W.K. Joklik ed. 1988); Fundamental Virology, 2nd Edition (B.N. Fields and D.M. Knipe, eds. 1991; Virology, 3rd Edition (Fields, BN, DM Knipe, PM 25 Howley, Editors, 1996, Lippincott-Raven, Philadelphia, PA) for a description of these and other viruses.

Particularly preferred bacterial antigens are derived from organisms that cause diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, meningitis, and other pathogenic states, including, without limitation, antigens derived from Corynebacterium diphtheriae, Clostridium tetani, Bordetella pertusis, Neisseria meningitidis, including serotypes Meningococcus A, B, C, Y and WI35 (MenA, B, C, Y and WI35), Haemophilus influenza type B (Hib), and

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Helicobacter pylori. Examples of parasitic antigens include those derived from organisms causing malaria, tuberculosis, and Lyme disease.

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Furthermore, the methods described herein provide means for treating a variety of malignant cancers. For example, the system of the present invention can be used to enhance both humoral and cell-mediated immune responses to particular proteins specific to a cancer in question, such as an activated oncogene, a fetal antigen, or an activation marker. Such tumor antigens include any of the various MAGEs (melanoma associated antigen E), including MAGE 1, 2, 3, 4, etc. (Boon, T. Scientific American (March 1993):82-89); any of the various tyrosinases; MART 1 (melanoma antigen recognized by T cells), mutant ras; mutant p53; p97 melanoma antigen; CEA (carcinoembryonic antigen), among others.

DNA immunization using synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention has been demonstrated to be efficacious (Examples 8 and 10-12). Animals were immunized with both the synthetic expression cassette and the wild type expression cassette. The results of the immunizations with plasmid-DNAs showed that the synthetic expression cassettes provide a clear improvement of immunogenicity relative to the native expression cassettes. Also, the second boost immunization induced a secondary immune response, for example after two to eight weeks. Further, the results of CTL assays showed increased potency of synthetic expression cassettes for induction of cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL) responses by DNA immunization.

It is readily apparent that the subject invention can be used to mount an immune response to a wide variety of antigens and hence to treat or prevent a large number of diseases.

2.3.1 DELIVERY OF THE SYNTHETIC EXPRESSION CASSETTES OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

Polynucleotide sequences coding for the abovedescribed molecules can be obtained using recombinant methods, such as by screening cDNA and genomic libraries 5 from cells expressing the gene, or by deriving the gene from a vector known to include the same. The sequences can be analyzed by conventional sequencing techniques. Furthermore, the desired gene can be isolated directly from cells and tissues containing the same, using 10 standard techniques, such as phenol extraction and PCR of cDNA or genomic DNA. See, e.g., Sambrook et al., supra, for a description of techniques used to obtain, isolate and sequence DNA. Once the sequence is known, the gene of interest can also be produced synthetically, rather 15 The nucleotide sequence can be designed than cloned. with the appropriate codons for the particular amino acid sequence desired. In general, one will select preferred codons for the intended host in which the sequence will 20 be expressed. The complete sequence is assembled from overlapping oligonucleotides prepared by standard methods and assembled into a complete coding sequence. See, e.g., Edge, Nature (1981) 292:756; Nambair et al., *Science* (1984) <u>223</u>:1299; Jay et al., *J*. 25 Biol. Chem. (1984) 259:6311; Stemmer, W.P.C., (1995) Gene 164:49-53.

Next, the gene sequence encoding the desired antigen can be inserted into a vector containing a synthetic expression cassette of the present invention (e.g., see Example 1 for construction of various exemplary synthetic expression cassette). The antigen is inserted into the synthetic coding sequence such that when the combined sequence is expressed it results in the production of VLPs comprising the polypeptide and/or the antigen of

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interest. Insertions can be made within the Gag coding sequence or at either end of the coding sequence (5', amino terminus of the expressed polypeptide; or 3'. carboxy terminus of the expressed polypeptide -- e.g., see Example 1) (Wagner, R., et al., Arch Virol. 127:117-137, 1992; Wagner, R., et al., Virology 200:162-175, 1994; Wu, X., et al., J. Virol. 69(6):3389-3398, 1995; Wang, C-T., et al., Virology 200:524-534, 1994; Chazal, N., et al., Virology 68(1):111-122, 1994; Griffiths, J.C., et al., J. Virol. 67(6):3191-3198, 1993; Reicin, A.S., et al., J. Virol. 69(2):642-650, 1995).

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Up to 50% of the coding sequences of p55Gaq can be deleted without affecting the assembly to virus-like particles and expression efficiency (Borsetti, A., et al, 15 J. Virol. 72(11):9313-9317, 1998; Gamier, L., et al., J Virol 72(6):4667-4677, 1998; Zhang, Y., et al., J Virol 72(3):1782-1789, 1998; Wang, C., et al., J Virol 72(10): 7950-7959, 1998). In one embodiment of the present invention, immunogenicity of the high level expressing synthetic p55GagMod and p55GagProtMod expression cassettes can be increased by the insertion of different structural or non-structural HIV antigens, multiepitope cassettes, or cytokine sequences into deleted, mutated or truncated regions of p55GagMod sequence. In another 25 embodiment of the present invention, immunogenicity of the high level expressing synthetic Env expression cassettes can be increased by the insertion of different structural or non-structural HIV antigens, multiepitope cassettes, or cytokine sequences into deleted regions of gp120Mod, gp140Mod or gp160Mod sequences. Such deletions may be generated following the teachings of the present invention and information available to one of ordinary skill in the art. One possible advantage of this approach, relative to using full-length modified Env

sequences fused to heterologous polypeptides, can be higher expression/secretion efficiency and/or higher immunogenicity of the expression product. Such deletions may be generated following the teachings of the present invention and information available to one of ordinary skill in the art. One possible advantage of this approach, relative to using full-length Env, Gag or Tat sequences fused to heterologous polypeptides, can be higher expression/secretion efficiency and/or immunogenicity of the expression product.

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When sequences are added to the amino terminal end of Gag (for example, when using the synthetic p55GagMod expression cassette of the present invention), the polynucletide can contain coding sequences at the 5' end that encode a signal for addition of a myristic moiety to the Gag-containing polypeptide (e.g., sequences that encode Met-Gly).

The ability of Gag-containing polypeptide constructs to form VLPs can be empirically determined following the teachings of the present specification.

HIV polypeptide/antigen synthetic expression cassettes include control elements operably linked to the coding sequence, which allow for the expression of the gene in vivo in the subject species. For example, typical promoters for mammalian cell expression include the SV40 early promoter, a CMV promoter such as the CMV immediate early promoter, the mouse mammary tumor virus LTR promoter, the adenovirus major late promoter (Ad MLP), and the herpes simplex virus promoter, among others. Other nonviral promoters, such as a promoter derived from the murine metallothionein gene, will also find use for mammalian expression. Typically, transcription termination and polyadenylation sequences

will also be present, located 3' to the translation stop

codon. Preferably, a sequence for optimization of initiation of translation, located 5' to the coding sequence, is also present. Examples of transcription terminator/polyadenylation signals include those derived from SV40, as described in Sambrook et al., supra, as well as a bovine growth hormone terminator sequence.

Enhancer elements may also be used herein to increase expression levels of the mammalian constructs. Examples include the SV40 early gene enhancer, as described in Dijkema et al., EMBO J. (1985) 4:761, the enhancer/promoter derived from the long terminal repeat (LTR) of the Rous Sarcoma Virus, as described in Gorman et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1982b) 79:6777 and elements derived from human CMV, as described in Boshart et al., Cell (1985) 41:521, such as elements included in the CMV intron A sequence.

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Furthermore, plasmids can be constructed which include a chimeric antigen-coding gene sequences, encoding, e.g., multiple antigens/epitopes of interest, for example derived from a single or from more than one viral isolate.

Typically the antigen coding sequences precede or follow the synthetic coding sequences and the chimeric transcription unit will have a single open reading frame encoding both the antigen of interest and the synthetic Gag coding sequences. Alternatively, multi-cistronic cassettes (e.g., bi-cistronic cassettes) can be constructed allowing expression of multiple antigens from a single mRNA using the EMCV IRES, or the like. Lastly, antigens can be encoded on separate transcripts from independent promoters on a single plasmid or other vector.

Once complete, the constructs are used for nucleic acid immunization or the like using standard gene

delivery protocols. Methods for gene delivery are known in the art. See, e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 5,399,346, 5,580,859, 5,589,466. Genes can be delivered either directly to the vertebrate subject or, alternatively, delivered ex vivo, to cells derived from the subject and the cells reimplanted in the subject.

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A number of viral based systems have been developed for gene transfer into mammalian cells. For example, retroviruses provide a convenient platform for gene delivery systems. Selected sequences can be inserted into a vector and packaged in retroviral particles using techniques known in the art. The recombinant virus can then be isolated and delivered to cells of the subject either in vivo or ex vivo. A number of retroviral systems have been described (U.S. Patent No. 5,219,740; Miller and Rosman, BioTechniques (1989) 7:980-990; Miller, A.D., Human Gene Therapy (1990) 1:5-14; Scarpa et al., Virology (1991) 180:849-852; Burns et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1993) 90:8033-8037; and Boris-Lawrie and Temin, Cur. Opin. Genet. Develop. (1993) 3:102-109.

A number of adenovirus vectors have also been described. Unlike retroviruses which integrate into the host genome, adenoviruses persist extrachromosomally thus minimizing the risks associated with insertional mutagenesis (Haj-Ahmad and Graham, J. Virol. (1986) 57:267-274; Bett et al., J. Virol. (1993) 67:5911-5921; Mittereder et al., Human Gene Therapy (1994) 5:717-729; Seth et al., J. Virol. (1994) 68:933-940; Barr et al., Gene Therapy (1994) 1:51-58; Berkner, K.L. BioTechniques (1988) 6:616-629; and Rich et al., Human Gene Therapy (1993) 4:461-476).

Additionally, various adeno-associated virus (AAV) vector systems have been developed for gene delivery.

AAV vectors can be readily constructed using techniques well known in the art. See, e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 5,173,414 and 5,139,941; International Publication Nos. WO 92/01070 (published 23 January 1992) and WO 93/03769 (published 4 March 1993); Lebkowski et al., Molec. Cell. Biol. (1988) 8:3988-3996; Vincent et al., Vaccines 90 (1990) (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press); Carter, B.J. Current Opinion in Biotechnology (1992) 3:533-539; Muzyczka, N. Current Topics in Microbiol. and Immunol. (1992) 158:97-129; Kotin, R.M. Human Gene Therapy (1994) 5:793-801; Shelling and Smith, Gene Therapy (1994) 1:165-169; and Zhou et al., J. Exp. Med. (1994) 179:1867-1875.

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Another vector system useful for delivering the polynucleotides of the present invention is the enterically administered recombinant poxvirus vaccines described by Small, Jr., P.A., et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,676,950, issued October 14, 1997).

Additional viral vectors which will find use for delivering the nucleic acid molecules encoding the antigens of interest include those derived from the pox family of viruses, including vaccinia virus and avian poxvirus. By way of example, vaccinia virus recombinants expressing the genes can be constructed as follows. DNA encoding the particular synthetic Gag/antigen coding sequence is first inserted into an appropriate vector so that it is adjacent to a vaccinia promoter and flanking vaccinia DNA sequences, such as the sequence encoding thymidine kinase (TK). This vector is then used to transfect cells which are simultaneously infected with vaccinia. Homologous recombination serves to insert the vaccinia promoter plus the gene encoding the coding sequences of interest into the viral genome. resulting TK recombinant can be selected by culturing the

cells in the presence of 5-bromodeoxyuridine and picking viral plaques resistant thereto.

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Alternatively, avipoxviruses, such as the fowlpox and canarypox viruses, can also be used to deliver the genes. Recombinant avipox viruses, expressing immunogens from mammalian pathogens, are known to confer protective immunity when administered to non-avian species. The use of an avipox vector is particularly desirable in human and other mammalian species since members of the avipox genus can only productively replicate in susceptible avian species and therefore are not infective in mammalian cells. Methods for producing recombinant avipoxviruses are known in the art and employ genetic recombination, as described above with respect to the production of vaccinia viruses. See, e.g., WO 91/12882; WO 89/03429; and WO 92/03545.

Molecular conjugate vectors, such as the adenovirus chimeric vectors described in Michael et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* (1993) <u>268</u>:6866-6869 and Wagner et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (1992) <u>89</u>:6099-6103, can also be used for gene delivery.

Members of the Alphavirus genus, such as, but not limited to, vectors derived from the Sindbis, Semliki Forest, and Venezuelan Equine Encephalitis viruses, will also find use as viral vectors for delivering the polynucleotides of the present invention (for example, a synthetic Gag- or Env-polypeptide encoding expression cassette as described in Example 14 below). For a description of Sindbis-virus derived vectors useful for the practice of the instant methods, see, Dubensky et al., J. Virol. (1996) 70:508-519; and International Publication Nos. WO 95/07995 and WO 96/17072; as well as, Dubensky, Jr., T.W., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,843,723,

issued December 1, 1998, and Dubensky, Jr., T.W., U.S. Patent No. 5,789,245, issued August 4, 1998.

A vaccinia based infection/transfection system can be conveniently used to provide for inducible, transient expression of the coding sequences of interest (for example, a synthetic Gag/HCV-core expression cassette) in a host cell. In this system, cells are first infected in vitro with a vaccinia virus recombinant that encodes the bacteriophage T7 RNA polymerase. This polymerase 10 displays exquisite specificity in that it only transcribes templates bearing T7 promoters. Following infection, cells are transfected with the polynucleotide of interest, driven by a T7 promoter. The polymerase expressed in the cytoplasm from the vaccinia virus 15 recombinant transcribes the transfected DNA into RNA which is then translated into protein by the host translational machinery. The method provides for high level, transient, cytoplasmic production of large quantities of RNA and its translation products. See, e.g., Elroy-Stein and Moss, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 20 (1990) 87:6743-6747; Fuerst et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1986) 83:8122-8126.

As an alternative approach to infection with vaccinia or avipox virus recombinants, or to the delivery of genes using other viral vectors, an amplification system can be used that will lead to high level expression following introduction into host cells.

Specifically, a T7 RNA polymerase promoter preceding the coding region for T7 RNA polymerase can be engineered.

Translation of RNA derived from this template will

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Translation of RNA derived from this template will generate T7 RNA polymerase which in turn will transcribe more template. Concomitantly, there will be a cDNA whose expression is under the control of the T7 promoter.

Thus, some of the T7 RNA polymerase generated from

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translation of the amplification template RNA will lead to transcription of the desired gene. Because some T7 RNA polymerase is required to initiate the amplification, T7 RNA polymerase can be introduced into cells along with the template(s) to prime the transcription reaction. The polymerase can be introduced as a protein or on a plasmid encoding the RNA polymerase. For a further discussion of T7 systems and their use for transforming cells, see, e.g., International Publication No. WO 94/26911; Studier and Moffatt, J. Mol. Biol. (1986) 189:113-130; Deng and Wolff, Gene (1994) 143:245-249; Gao et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1994) 200:1201-1206; Gao and Huang, Nuc. Acids Res. (1993) 21:2867-2872; Chen et al., Nuc. Acids Res. (1994) 22:2114-2120; and U.S. Patent No. 5,135,855.

The synthetic expression cassette of interest can also be delivered without a viral vector. For example, the synthetic expression cassette can be packaged as DNA or RNA in liposomes prior to delivery to the subject or to cells derived therefrom. Lipid encapsulation is generally accomplished using liposomes which are able to stably bind or entrap and retain nucleic acid. The ratio of condensed DNA to lipid preparation can vary but will generally be around 1:1 (mg DNA:micromoles lipid), or more of lipid. For a review of the use of liposomes as carriers for delivery of nucleic acids, see, Hug and Sleight, Biochim. Biophys. Acta. (1991) 1097:1-17; Straubinger et al., in Methods of Enzymology (1983), Vol. 101, pp. 512-527.

Liposomal preparations for use in the present invention include cationic (positively charged), anionic (negatively charged) and neutral preparations, with cationic liposomes particularly preferred. Cationic liposomes have been shown to mediate intracellular

delivery of plasmid DNA (Felgner et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1987) 84:7413-7416); mRNA (Malone et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1989) 86:6077-6081); and purified transcription factors (Debs et al., J. Biol. Chem. (1990) 265:10189-10192), in functional form.

Cationic liposomes are readily available. For example, N[1-2,3-dioleyloxy)propyl]-N,N,N-triethyl-ammonium (DOTMA) liposomes are available under the trademark Lipofectin, from GIBCO BRL, Grand Island, NY.

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- (See, also, Felgner et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1987) 84:7413-7416). Other commercially available lipids include (DDAB/DOPE) and DOTAP/DOPE (Boerhinger). Other cationic liposomes can be prepared from readily available materials using techniques well known in the
- art. See, e.g., Szoka et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1978) 75:4194-4198; PCT Publication No. WO 90/11092 for a description of the synthesis of DOTAP (1,2-bis(oleoyloxy)-3-(trimethylammonio)propane) liposomes.

Similarly, anionic and neutral liposomes are readily available, such as, from Avanti Polar Lipids (Birmingham, AL), or can be easily prepared using readily available materials. Such materials include phosphatidyl choline, cholesterol, phosphatidyl ethanolamine, dioleoylphosphatidyl choline (DOPC), dioleoylphosphatidyl

- glycerol (DOPG), dioleoylphoshatidyl ethanolamine (DOPE), among others. These materials can also be mixed with the DOTMA and DOTAP starting materials in appropriate ratios. Methods for making liposomes using these materials are well known in the art.
- The liposomes can comprise multilammelar vesicles (MLVs), small unilamellar vesicles (SUVs), or large unilamellar vesicles (LUVs). The various liposomenucleic acid complexes are prepared using methods known in the art. See, e.g., Straubinger et al., in METHODS OF

IMMUNOLOGY (1983), Vol. 101, pp. 512-527; Szoka et al.,
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1978) 75:4194-4198;
Papahadjopoulos et al., Biochim. Biophys. Acta (1975)
 394:483; Wilson et al., Cell (1979) 17:77); Deamer and
Bangham, Biochim. Biophys. Acta (1976) 443:629; Ostro et
 al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. (1977) 76:836; Fraley
 et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1979) 76:3348); Enoch
 and Strittmatter, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1979)
 76:145); Fraley et al., J. Biol. Chem. (1980) 255:10431;
Szoka and Papahadjopoulos, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA
 (1978) 75:145; and Schaefer-Ridder et al., Science (1982)
 215:166.

The DNA and/or protein antigen(s) can also be delivered in cochleate lipid compositions similar to those described by Papahadjopoulos et al., *Biochem. Biophys. Acta.* (1975) 394:483-491. See, also, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,663,161 and 4,871,488.

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The synthetic expression cassette of interest (e.g., any of the synthetic expression cassettes described in Example 1) may also be encapsulated, adsorbed to, or associated with, particulate carriers. Such carriers present multiple copies of a selected antigen to the immune system and promote migration, trapping and retention of antigens in local lymph nodes. particles can be taken up by profession antigen presenting cells such as macrophages and dendritic cells, and/or can enhance antigen presentation through other mechanisms such as stimulation of cytokine release. Examples of particulate carriers include those derived from polymethyl methacrylate polymers, as well as microparticles derived from poly(lactides) and poly(lactide-co-glycolides), known as PLG. See, e.g., Jeffery et al., Pharm. Res. (1993) 10:362-368; McGee JP,

et al., J Microencapsul. 14(2):197-210, 1997; O'Hagan DT, et al., Vaccine 11(2):149-54, 1993.

Furthermore, other particulate systems and polymers can be used for the in vivo or ex vivo delivery of the gene of interest. For example, polymers such as 5 polylysine, polyarginine, polyornithine, spermine, spermidine, as well as conjugates of these molecules, are useful for transferring a nucleic acid of interest. Similarly, DEAE dextran-mediated transfection, calcium 10 phosphate precipitation or precipitation using other insoluble inorganic salts, such as strontium phosphate, aluminum silicates including bentonite and kaolin, chromic oxide, magnesium silicate, talc, and the like, will find use with the present methods. See, e.g., Felgner, P.L., Advanced Drug Delivery Reviews (1990) $\underline{5}$:163-187, for a review of delivery systems useful for gene transfer. Peptoids (Zuckerman, R.N., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,831,005, issued November 3, 1998) may also be used for delivery of a construct of the present

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invention.

Additionally, biolistic delivery systems employing particulate carriers such as gold and tungsten, are especially useful for delivering synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention. The particles are coated with the synthetic expression cassette(s) to be delivered and accelerated to high velocity, generally under a reduced atmosphere, using a gun powder discharge from a "gene gun." For a description of such techniques, and apparatuses useful therefore, see, e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 4,945,050; 5,036,006; 5,100,792; 5,179,022; 5,371,015; and 5,478,744. Also, needle-less injection systems can be used (Davis, H.L., et al, Vaccine 12:1503-

1509, 1994; Bioject, Inc., Portland, OR).

Recombinant vectors carrying a synthetic expression cassette of the present invention are formulated into compositions for delivery to the vertebrate subject. These compositions may either be prophylactic (to prevent 5 infection) or therapeutic (to treat disease after infection). The compositions will comprise a "therapeutically effective amount" of the gene of interest such that an amount of the antigen can be produced in vivo so that an immune response is generated 10 in the individual to which it is administered. amount necessary will vary depending on the subject being treated; the age and general condition of the subject to be treated; the capacity of the subject's immune system to synthesize antibodies; the degree of protection desired; the severity of the condition being treated; the 15 particular antigen selected and its mode of administration, among other factors. An appropriate effective amount can be readily determined by one of skill in the art. Thus, a "therapeutically effective amount" will fall in a relatively broad range that can be 20 determined through routine trials.

The compositions will generally include one or more "pharmaceutically acceptable excipients or vehicles" such as water, saline, glycerol, polyethyleneglycol, hyaluronic acid, ethanol, etc. Additionally, auxiliary

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substances, such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering substances, surfactants and the like, may be present in such vehicles. Certain facilitators of immunogenicity or of nucleic acid uptake and/or expression can also be included in the compositions or coadministered, such as, but not limited to, bupivacaine, cardiotoxin and sucrose.

Once formulated, the compositions of the invention can be administered directly to the subject (e.g., as

described above) or, alternatively, delivered ex vivo, to cells derived from the subject, using methods such as those described above. For example, methods for the ex vivo delivery and reimplantation of transformed cells into a subject are known in the art and can include, e.g., dextran-mediated transfection, calcium phosphate precipitation, polybrene mediated transfection, lipofectamine and LT-1 mediated transfection, protoplast fusion, electroporation, encapsulation of the polynucleotide(s) (with or without the corresponding antigen) in liposomes, and direct microinjection of the DNA into nuclei.

Direct delivery of synthetic expression cassette compositions in vivo will generally be accomplished with 15 or without viral vectors, as described above, by injection using either a conventional syringe, needless devices such as Bioject® or a gene gun, such as the Accell® gene delivery system (PowderJect Technologies, Inc., Oxford, England). The constructs can be delivered 20 (e.g., injected) either subcutaneously, epidermally, intradermally, intramuscularly, intravenous, intramucosally (such as nasally, rectally and vaginally), intraperitoneally or orally. Delivery of DNA into cells of the epidermis is particularly preferred as this mode 25 of administration provides access to skin-associated lymphoid cells and provides for a transient presence of DNA in the recipient. Other modes of administration include oral ingestion and pulmonary administration, suppositories, needle-less injection, transcutaneous and 30 transdermal applications. Dosage treatment may be a single dose schedule or a multiple dose schedule.

2.3.2 Ex vivo Delivery of the synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention

In one embodiment, T cells, and related cell types (including but not limited to antigen presenting cells, 5 such as, macrophage, monocytes, lymphoid cells, dendritic cells, B-cells, T-cells, stem cells, and progenitor cells thereof), can be used for ex vivo delivery of the synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention. T cells can be isolated from peripheral blood lymphocytes (PBLs) by a variety of procedures known to those skilled 10 in the art. For example, T cell populations can be "enriched" from a population of PBLs through the removal of accessory and B cells. In particular, T cell enrichment can be accomplished by the elimination of non-15 T cells using anti-MHC class II monoclonal antibodies. Similarly, other antibodies can be used to deplete specific populations of non-T cells. For example, anti-Ig antibody molecules can be used to deplete B cells and anti-MacI antibody molecules can be used to deplete 20 macrophages.

T cells can be further fractionated into a number of different subpopulations by techniques known to those skilled in the art. Two major subpopulations can be isolated based on their differential expression of the cell surface markers CD4 and CD8. For example, following the enrichment of T cells as described above, CD4 cells can be enriched using antibodies specific for CD4 (see Coligan et al., supra). The antibodies may be coupled to a solid support such as magnetic beads. Conversely, CD8+cells can

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be enriched through the use of antibodies specific for CD4 (to remove CD4 $^{\circ}$ cells), or can be isolated by the use of CD8 antibodies coupled to a solid support. CD4

lymphocytes from HIV-1 infected patients can be expanded $ex\ vivo$, before or

after transduction as described by Wilson et. al. (1995) J. Infect. Dis. $\underline{172}$:88.

Following purification of T cells, a variety of methods of genetic modification known to those skilled in the art can be performed using non-viral or viral-based gene transfer vectors constructed as described herein. For example, one such approach involves transduction of the purified T cell population with vector-containing supernatant of cultures derived from vector producing cells. A second approach involves co-cultivation of an

irradiated monolayer of vector-producing cells with the purified T cells. A third approach involves a similar

co-cultivation approach; however, the purified T cells are pre-stimulated with various cytokines and cultured 48 hours prior to the co-cultivation with the irradiated vector producing cells. Pre-stimulation prior to such transduction increases effective gene transfer (Nolta et

al. (1992) Exp. Hematol. 20:1065). Stimulation of these cultures to proliferate also provides increased cell populations for re-infusion into the patient. Subsequent to co-cultivation, T cells are collected from the vector producing cell monolayer, expanded, and frozen in liquid nitrogen.

Gene transfer vectors, containing one or more synthetic expression cassette of the present invention (associated with appropriate control elements for delivery to the isolated T cells) can be assembled using known methods.

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Selectable markers can also be used in the construction of gene transfer vectors. For example, a marker can be used which imparts to a mammalian cell transduced with the gene transfer vector resistance to a

cytotoxic agent. The cytotoxic agent can be, but is not limited to, neomycin, aminoglycoside, tetracycline, chloramphenicol, sulfonamide, actinomycin, netropsin, distamycin A, anthracycline, or pyrazinamide. For example, neomycin phosphotransferase II imparts resistance to the neomycin analogue geneticin (G418).

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The T cells can also be maintained in a medium containing at least one type of growth factor prior to being selected. A variety of growth factors are known in the art which sustain the growth of a particular cell type. Examples of such growth factors are cytokine mitogens such as rIL-2, IL-10, IL-12, and IL-15, which promote growth and activation of lymphocytes. Certain types of cells are stimulated by other growth factors such as hormones, including human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG) and human growth hormone. The selection of an appropriate growth factor for a particular cell population is readily accomplished by one of skill in the art.

20 For example, white blood cells such as differentiated progenitor and stem cells are stimulated by a variety of growth factors. More particularly, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-9, GM-CSF, M-CSF, and G-CSF, produced by activated T_H and activated macrophages, 25 stimulate myeloid stem cells, which then differentiate into pluripotent stem cells, granulocyte-monocyte progenitors, eosinophil progenitors, basophil progenitors, megakaryocytes, and erythroid progenitors. Differentiation is modulated by growth factors such as 30 GM-CSF, IL-3, IL-6, IL-11, and EPO.

Pluripotent stem cells then differentiate into lymphoid stem cells, bone marrow stromal cells, T cell progenitors, B cell progenitors, thymocytes, T_{R} Cells, T_{C} cells, and B cells. This differentiation is modulated by

growth factors such as IL-3, IL-4, IL-6, IL-7, GM-CSF, M-CSF, G-CSF, IL-2, and IL-5.

Granulocyte-monocyte progenitors differentiate to monocytes, macrophages, and neutrophils. Such differentiation is modulated by the growth factors GM-CSF, M-CSF, and IL-8. Eosinophil progenitors differentiate into eosinophils. This process is modulated by GM-CSF and IL-5.

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The differentiation of basophil progenitors into mast cells and basophils is modulated by GM-CSF, IL-4, and IL-9. Megakaryocytes produce platelets in response to GM-CSF, EPO, and IL-6. Erythroid progenitor cells differentiate into red blood cells in response to EPO.

Thus, during activation by the CD3-binding agent, T cells can also be contacted with a mitogen, for example a cytokine such as IL-2. In particularly preferred embodiments, the IL-2 is added to the population of T cells at a concentration of about 50 to 100 μ g/ml. Activation with the CD3-binding agent can be carried out for 2 to 4 days.

Once suitably activated, the T cells are genetically modified by contacting the same with a suitable gene transfer vector under conditions that allow for transfection of the vectors into the T cells. Genetic modification is carried out when the cell density of the T cell population is between about 0.1 x 10^6 and 5 x 10^6 , preferably between about 0.5 x 10^6 and 2 x 10^6 . A number of suitable viral and nonviral-based gene transfer vectors have been described for use herein.

After transduction, transduced cells are selected away from non-transduced cells using known techniques. For example, if the gene transfer vector used in the transduction includes a selectable marker which confers resistance to a cytotoxic agent, the cells can be

contacted with the appropriate cytotoxic agent, whereby non-transduced cells can be negatively selected away from the transduced cells. If the selectable marker is a cell surface marker, the cells can be contacted with a binding agent specific for the particular cell surface marker, whereby the transduced cells can be positively selected away from the population. The selection step can also entail fluorescence-activated cell sorting (FACS) techniques, such as where FACS is used to select cells from the population containing a particular surface marker, or the selection step can entail the use of magnetically responsive particles as retrievable supports for target cell capture and/or background removal.

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More particularly, positive selection of the transduced cells can be performed using a FACS cell sorter (e.g. a FACSVantage™ Cell Sorter, Becton Dickinson Immunocytometry Systems, San Jose, CA) to sort and collect transduced cells expressing a selectable cell surface marker. Following transduction, the cells are stained with fluorescent-labeled antibody molecules directed against the particular cell surface marker. amount of bound antibody on each cell can be measured by passing droplets containing the cells through the cell sorter. By imparting an electromagnetic charge to droplets containing the stained cells, the transduced cells can be separated from other cells. The positively selected cells are then harvested in sterile collection vessels. These cell sorting procedures are described in detail, for example, in the FACSVantage™ Training Manual, with particular reference to sections 3-11 to 3-28 and 10-1 to 10-17.

Positive selection of the transduced cells can also be performed using magnetic separation of cells based on expression or a particular cell surface marker. In such

separation techniques, cells to be positively selected are first contacted with specific binding agent (e.g., an antibody or reagent the interacts specifically with the cell surface marker). The cells are then contacted with retrievable particles (e.g., magnetically responsive particles) which are coupled with a reagent that binds the specific binding agent (that has bound to the positive cells). The cell-binding agent-particle complex can then be physically separated from non-labeled cells, for example using a magnetic field. When using magnetically responsive particles, the labeled cells can be retained in a container using a magnetic filed while the negative cells are removed. These and similar separation procedures are known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

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Expression of the vector in the selected transduced cells can be assessed by a number of assays known to those skilled in the art. For example, Western blot or Northern analysis can be employed depending on the nature of the inserted nucleotide sequence of interest. Once expression has been established and the transformed T cells have been tested for the presence of the selected synthetic expression cassette, they are ready for infusion into a patient via the peripheral blood stream.

The invention includes a kit for genetic modification of an ex vivo population of primary mammalian cells. The kit typically contains a gene transfer vector coding for at least one selectable marker and at least one synthetic expression cassette contained in one or more containers, ancillary reagents or hardware, and instructions for use of the kit.

EXPERIMENTAL

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Below are examples of specific embodiments for carrying out the present invention. The examples are offered for illustrative purposes only, and are not intended to limit the scope of the present invention in any way.

Efforts have been made to ensure accuracy with respect to numbers used (e.g., amounts, temperatures, etc.), but some experimental error and deviation should, of course, be allowed for.

Example 1

Generation of Synthetic Gag and Env Expression Cassettes

A. Modification of HIV-1 Gag, Gag-protease, Gag-reverse

transcriptase and Gag-polymerase Nucleic Acid Coding
Sequences

The Gag (SEQ ID NO:1), Gag-protease (SEQ ID NO:2), Gag-polymerase (SEQ ID NO:3), and Gag-reverse transcriptase (SEQ ID NO:77) coding sequences were selected from the HIV-1SF2 strain (Sanchez-Pescador, R., et al., Science 227(4686): 484-492, 1985; Luciw, P.A., et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,156,949, issued October 20, 1992; Luciw, P.A., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,688,688, November 18, 1997). These sequences were manipulated to maximize expression of their gene products.

First, the HIV-1 codon usage pattern was modified so that the resulting nucleic acid coding sequence was comparable to codon usage found in highly expressed human genes. The HIV codon usage reflects a high content of the nucleotides A or T of the codon-triplet. The effect of the HIV-1 codon usage is a high AT content in the DNA sequence that results in a high AU content in the RNA and in a decreased translation ability and instability of the

mRNA. In comparison, highly expressed human codons prefer the nucleotides G or C. The Gag-encoding sequences were modified to be comparable to codon usage found in highly expressed human genes.

5 Figure 11 presents a comparison of the percent A-T content for the cDNAs of stable versus unstable RNAs (comparison window size = 50). Human IFNy mRNA is known to (i) be unstable, (ii) have a short half-life, and (iii) have a high A-U content. Human GAPDH (glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase) mRNA is known 10 to (i) be a stable RNA, and (i) have a low A-U content. In Figure 11, the percent A-T content of these two sequences are compared to the percent A-T content of native HIV-1SF2 Gag cDNA and to the synthetic Gag cDNA sequence of the present invention. The top two panels of 15 the figure show the percent A-T content over the length of the sequences for IFNy and native Gag. The bottom two panels of the figure show the percent A-T content over the length of the sequences for GAPDH and the synthetic 20 Experiments performed in support of the present invention showed that the synthetic Gag sequences were capable of higher level of protein production (see the Examples) than the native Gag sequences. The data in Figure 11 suggest that one reason for this increased production may be increased stability of the mRNA 25 corresponding to the synthetic Gag coding sequences versus the mRNA corresponding to the native Gag coding sequences.

Second, there are inhibitory (or instability)

elements (INS) located within the coding sequences of the Gag and Gag-protease coding sequences (Schneider R, et al., J Virol. 71(7):4892-4903, 1997). RRE is a secondary RNA structure that interacts with the HIV encoded Rev-protein to overcome the expression down-regulating

effects of the INS. To overcome the requirement for post-transcriptional activating mechanisms of RRE and Rev, and to enhance independent expression of the Gag polypeptide, the INS were inactivated by introducing multiple point mutations that did not alter the reading frame of the encoded proteins. Figure 1 shows the original SF2 Gag sequence, the location of the INS sequences, and the modifications made to the INS sequences to reduce their effects.

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For the Gag-protease sequence (wild type, SEQ ID NO:2; synthetic, SEQ ID NOs:5, 78 and 79), the changes in codon usage were restricted to the regions up to the -1 frameshift and starting again at the end of the Gag reading frame (Figure 2; the region indicated in lower case letters in Figure 2 is the unmodified region). Further, inhibitory (or instability) elements (INS) located within the coding sequences of the Gag-protease polypeptide coding sequence were altered as well (indicated in Figure 2). The synthetic coding sequences were assembled by the Midland Certified Reagent Company (Midland, Texas).

Modification of the Gag-polymerase sequences (wild type, SEQ ID NO:3; synthetic, SEQ ID NO:6) and Gag-reverse transcriptase sequences (SEQ ID NOs:80 through 84) include similar modifications as described for Gag-protease in order to preserve the frameshift region. Locations of the inactivation sites and changes to the sequence to alter the inactivation sites are presented in Figure 12 for the native HIV-1_{SF2} Gag-polymerase sequence.

In one embodiment of the invention, the full length polymerase coding region of the Gag-polymerase sequence is included with the synthetic Gag sequences in order to increase the number of epitopes for virus-like particles expressed by the synthetic, optimized Gag expression

cassette. Because synthetic HIV-1 Gag-polymerase expresses the potentially deleterious functional enzymes reverse transcriptase (RT) and integrase (INT) (in addition to the structural proteins and protease), it is important to inactivate RT and INT functions. in-frame deletions in the RT and INT reading frame can be made to achieve catalytic nonfunctional enzymes with respect to their RT and INT activity. {Jay. A. Levy (Editor) (1995) The Retroviridae, Plenum Press, New York. ISBN 0-306-45033X. Pages 215-20; Grimison, B. and 10 Laurence, J. (1995), Journal Of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes and Human Retrovirology 9(1):58-68; Wakefield, J. K., et al., (1992) Journal Of Virology 66(11):6806-6812; Esnouf, R., et al., (1995) Nature Structural Biology 2(4):303-308; Maignan, S., et al., 15 (1998) Journal Of Molecular Biology 282(2):359-368; Katz, R. A. and Skalka, A. M. (1994) Annual Review Of Biochemistry 73 (1994); Jacobo-Molina, A., et al., (1993) Proceedings Of the National Academy Of Sciences Of the United States Of America 90(13):6320-6324; Hickman, A. 20 B., et al., (1994) Journal Of Biological Chemistry 269(46):29279-29287; Goldgur, Y., et al., (1998) Proceedings Of the National Academy Of Sciences Of the United States Of America 95(16):9150-9154; Goette, M., et al., (1998) Journal Of Biological Chemistry 25 273(17):10139-10146; Gorton, J. L., et al., (1998) Journal of Virology 72(6):5046-5055; Engelman, A., et al., (1997) Journal Of Virology 71(5):3507-3514; Dyda, F., et al., Science 266(5193):1981-1986; Davies, J. F., 30 et al., (1991) Science 252(5002):88-95; Bujacz, G., et al., (1996) Febs Letters 398(2-3):175-178; Beard, W. A., et al., (1996) Journal Of Biological Chemistry 271(21):12213-12220; Kohlstaedt, L. A., et al., (1992)

Science 256(5065):1783-1790; Krug, M. S. and Berger, S.
L. (1991) Biochemistry 30(44):10614-10623; Mazumder, A.,
et al., (1996) Molecular Pharmacology 49(4):621-628;
Palaniappan, C., et al., (1997) Journal Of Biological

Chemistry 272(17):11157-11164; Rodgers, D. W., et al.,
(1995) Proceedings Of the National Academy Of Sciences Of
the United States Of America 92(4):1222-1226; Sheng, N.
and Dennis, D. (1993) Biochemistry 32(18):4938-4942;
Spence, R. A., et al., (1995) Science 267(5200):988-993.

Furthermore selected B- and/or T-cell epitopes can be added to the Gag-polymerase constructs within the deletions of the RT- and INT-coding sequence to replace and augment any epitopes deleted by the functional modifications of RT and INT. Alternately, selected B- and T-cell epitopes (including CTL epitopes) from RT and INT can be included in a minimal VLP formed by expression of the synthetic Gag or synthetic GagProt cassette, described above. (For descriptions of known HIV B- and T-cell epitopes see, HIV Molecular Immunology Database CTL Search Interface; Los Alamos Sequence Compendia, 1987-

1997; Internet address: http://hiv-web.lanl.gov/immunology/index.html.)

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The resulting modified coding sequences are presented as a synthetic Gag expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:4), a synthetic Gag-protease expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:5, 78 and 79), and a synthetic Gag-polymerase expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:6). Synthetic expression cassettes containing codon modifications in the reverse transcriptase region are shown in SEQ ID NOs:80 through 84. An alignment of selected sequences is presented in Figure 7. A common region (Gag-common; SEQ ID NO:9) extends from position 1 to position 1262.

The synthetic DNA fragments for Gag and Gag-protease were cloned into the following expression vectors:

pCMVKm2, for transient expression assays and DNA immunization studies, the pCMVKm2 vector was derived from pCMV6a (Chapman et al., Nuc. Acids Res. (1991) 19:3979-3986) and comprises a kanamycin selectable marker, a ColE1 origin of replication, a CMV promoter enhancer and Intron A, followed by an insertion site for the synthetic sequences described below followed by a polyadenylation signal derived from bovine growth hormone -- the pCMVKm2 vector differs from the pCMV-link vector only in that a polylinker site was inserted into pCMVKm2 to generate 10 pCMV-link (Figure 14, polylinker at positions 1646 to 1697); pESN2dhfr (Figure 13A) and pCMVPLEdhfr (also known as pCMVIII as shown in Figure 13B), for expression in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells; and, pAcCl3, a shuttle vector for use in the Baculovirus expression system 15 (pAcC13, was derived from pAcC12 which was described by Munemitsu S., et al., Mol Cell Biol. 10(11):5977-5982, 1990).

A restriction map for vector pCMV-link is presented in Figure 14. In the figure, the CMV promoter (CMV IE ENH/PRO), bovine growth hormone terminator (BGH pA), kanamycin selectable marker (kan), and a ColE1 origin of replication (ColE1 ori) are indicated. A polycloning site is also indicated in the figure following the CMV promoter sequences.

A restriction map for vector pESN2dhfr is presented in Figure 13A. In the figure, the CMV promoter (pCMV, hCMVIE), bovine growth hormone terminator (BGHpA), SV40 origin of replication (SV40ori), neomycin selectable marker (Neo), SV40 polyA (SV40pA), Adenovirus 2 late promoter (Ad2VLP), and the murine dhfr gene (mu dhfr) are indicated. A polycloning site is also indicated in the figure following the CMV promoter sequences.

Briefly, construction of pCMVPLEdhfr (pCMVIII) was as follows. To construct a DHFR cassette, the EMCV IRES (internal ribosome entry site) leader was PCR-amplified from pCite-4a+ (Novagen, Inc., Milwaukee, WI) and inserted into pET-23d (Novagen, Inc., Milwaukee, WI) as an Xba-Nco fragment to give pET-EMCV. The dhfr gene was PCR-amplified from pESN2dhfr to give a product with a Gly-Gly-Gly-Ser spacer in place of the translation stop codon and inserted as an Nco-BamH1 fragment to give pET-E-DHFR. Next, the attenuated neo gene was PCR amplified 10 from a pSV2Neo (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA) derivative and inserted into the unique BamH1 site of pET-E-DHFR to give pET-E-DHFR/Neo $_{(m2)}$. Then, the bovine growth hormone terminator from pCDNA3 (Invitrogen, Inc., Carlsbad, CA) was inserted downstream of the neo gene to give pET-E-15 DHFR/Neo(m2)BGHt. The EMCV-dhfr/neo selectable marker cassette fragment was prepared by cleavage of pET-E- $\mathrm{DHFR/Neo}_{(m2)}\mathrm{BGHt}$. The CMV enhancer/promoter plus Intron A was transferred from pCMV6a (Chapman et al., Nuc. Acids Res. (1991) 19:3979-3986) as a HindIII-Sall fragment into 20 pUC19 (New England Biolabs, Inc., Beverly, MA). vector backbone of pUC19 was deleted from the Nde1 to the Sapl sites. The above described DHFR cassette was added to the construct such that the EMCV IRES followed the CMV 25 promoter to produce the final construct. The vector also contained an ampr gene and an SV40 origin of replication. Selected pCMVKm2 vectors containing the synthetic

Selected pCMVKm2 vectors containing the synthetic expression cassettes have been designated as follows: pCMVKm2.GagMod.SF2, pCMVKm2.GagprotMod.SF2, and pCMVKm2.GagpolMod.SF2, pCMVKm2.GagprotMod.SF2.GP1 (SEQ ID NO:78) and pCMVKm2.GagprotMod.SF2.GP2 (SEQ ID NO:79). Other exemplary Gag-encoding expressing cassettes are shown in the Figures and as Sequence Listings.

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B. Modification of HIV-1 Gag/Hepatitis C Core Chimeric

Protein Nucleic Acid Coding Sequences Generation of

Synthetic Expression Cassettes

To facilitate the ligation of the Gag and HCV core coding sequences, PCR amplification was employed. The synthetic p55Gag expression cassette was used as a PCR template with the following primers: GAG5(SEQ ID NO:11) and P55-SAL3 (SEQ ID NO:12). The PCR amplification was conducted at 55°C for 25 cycles using Stratagene's Pfu polymerase. The resulting PCR product was rendered free of nucleotides and primers using the Promega PCR clean-up kit and then subjected to EcoRI and SalI digestions. For HCV core coding sequences, the following primers were used with an HCV template (Houghton, M., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,714,596, issued February 3, 1998; Houghton,

Patent No. 5,714,596, issued February 3, 1998; Houghton,
M., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,712,088, issued January 27,
1998; Houghton, M., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,683,864,
issued November 4, 1997; Weiner, A.J., et al., U.S.
Patent No. 5,728,520, issued March 17, 1998; Weiner,

- A.J., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,766,845, issued June 16, 1998; Weiner, A.J., et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,670,152, issued September 23, 1997): CORESAL 5 (SEQ ID NO:13) and 173CORE(SEQ ID NO:14) using the conditions outlined above. The purified product was digested with SalI and
- 25 BamHI restriction enzymes. The digested Gag and HCV core PCR products were ligated into the pCMVKm2 vector digested with EcoRI and BamHI. Ligation of the PCR products at the SalI site resulted in a direct fusion of the final amino acid of p55Gag to the second amino acid of HCV core, sering. Amino acid 173 of core is a sering
- of HCV core, serine. Amino acid 173 of core is a serine and is followed immediately by a TAG termination codon. The sequence of the fusion clone was confirmed. The pCMVKm2 vector containing the synthetic expression

cassette was designated as pCMVKm2.GagModHCVcore.

The EcoRI-BamHI fragment of p55Gag-core 173 was also cloned into EcoRI-BamHI-digested pAcC13 for baculovirus expression. Western blots confirmed expression and sucrose gradient sedimentation along with electron 5 microscopy confirmed particle formation. To generate the above clone but containing the synthetic Gag sequences (instead of wild-type), the following steps were performed: pCMVKm2-modified p55Gag was used as template for PCR amplification with MS65 (SEQ ID NO:15) and 10 MS66(SEQ ID NO:16) primers. The region amplified corresponds to the BspHI and SalI sites at the C-terminus of synthetic Gag sequence. The amplification product was digested with BspHI and SalI and ligated to SalI/BamHI digested pCMV-link along with the Sal/BspHI fragment from 15 pCMV-Km-p55modGag , representing the amino terminal end of modified Gag, and the Sall/BamHI fragment from pCMVp55Gag-core173. Thereafter, a T4-blunted-SalI partial/BamHI fragment was ligated into pAcC4-SmaI/BamHI 20 to generate pAcC4-p55GagMod-core173 (containing the synthetic sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:7).

C. <u>Defining of the Major Homology Region (MHR) of HIV-1</u> p55Gaq

25 The Major Homology Region (MHR) of HIV-1 p55 (Gag) is located in the p24-CA sequence of Gag. It is a conserved stretch of 20 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:19). The position in the wild type HIV-1_{SF2} Gag protein is from aa 286-305 and spans a region from nucleotides 856-915 in the native HIV-1_{SF2} Gag DNA-sequence. The position in the synthetic Gag protein is from aa 288-307 and spans a region from nucleotides 862-921 for the synthetic Gag DNA-sequence. The nucleotide sequence for the MHR in the synthetic

GagMod.SF2 is presented as SEQ ID NO:20. Mutations or deletions in the amino acid sequence of the MHR can severely impair particle production (Borsetti, A., et al., J. Virol. 72(11):9313-9317, 1998; Mammano, F., et al., J Virol 68(8):4927-4936, 1994).

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Percent identity to the MHR nucleotide sequence can be determined, for example, using the MacDNAsis program (Hitachi Software Engineering America Limited, South San Francisco, CA), Higgins algorithm, with the following exemplary parameters: gap penalty = 5, no. of top diagonals = 5, fixed gap penalty = 5, K-tuple = 2, window size = 5, and floating gap penalty = 10.

D. Generation of Synthetic Env Expression Cassettes

15 Env coding sequences of the present invention include, but are not limited to, polynucleotide sequences encoding the following HIV-encoded polypeptides: gp160, gp140, and gp120 (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,792,459 for a description of the HIV-1_{SF2} ("SF2") Env

- polypeptide). The relationships between these polypeptides is shown schematically in Figure 15 (in the figure: the polypeptides are indicated as lines, the amino and carboxy termini are indicated on the gp160 line; the open circle represents the oligomerization
- domain; the open square represents a transmembrane spanning domain (TM); and "c" represents the location of a cleavage site, in gp140 mut the "X" indicates that the cleavage site has been mutated such that it no longer functions as a cleavage site). The polypeptide gp160
- includes the coding sequences for gp120 and gp41. The polypeptide gp41 is comprised of several domains including an oligomerization domain (OD) and a transmembrane spanning domain (TM). In the native envelope, the oligomerization domain is required for the

non-covalent association of three gp41 polypeptides to form a trimeric structure: through non-covalent interactions with the gp41 trimer (and itself), the gp120 polypeptides are also organized in a trimeric structure.

- A cleavage site (or cleavage sites) exists approximately between the polypeptide sequences for gp120 and the polypeptide sequences corresponding to gp41. This cleavage site(s) can be mutated to prevent cleavage at the site. The resulting gp140 polypeptide corresponds to
- a truncated form of gp160 where the transmembrane spanning domain of gp41 has been deleted. This gp140 polypeptide can exist in both monomeric and oligomeric (i.e. trimeric) forms by virtue of the presence of the oligomerization domain in the gp41 moiety. In the
- situation where the cleavage site has been mutated to prevent cleavage and the transmembrane portion of gp41 has been deleted the resulting polypeptide product is designated "mutated" gp140 (e.g., gp140.mut). As will be apparent to those in the field, the cleavage site can be
- mutated in a variety of ways. The native amino acid sequence in the SF162 cleavage sites is: APTKAKRRVVQREKR (SEQ ID NO:21), where KAKRR (SEQ ID NO:22) is termed the "second" site and REKR (SEQ ID NO:23) is the "first site". Exemplary mutations include the following
- constructs: gp140.mut7.modSF162 which encodes the amino acid sequence APTKAISSVVQSEKS (SEQ ID NO:24) in the cleavage site region; gp140.mut8.modSF162 which encodes the amino acid sequence APTIAISSVVQSEKS (SEQ ID NO:25) in the cleavage site region and gp140mut.modSF162 which
 - encodes the amino acid sequence APTKAKRRVVQREKS (SEQ ID NO:26). Mutations are denoted in bold. The native amino acid sequence in the US4 cleavage sites is:

 APTQAKRRVVQREKR (SEQ ID NO:27), where QAKRR (SEQ ID NO:28) is termed the "second" site and REKR (SEQ ID

NO:23) is the "first site". Exemplary mutations include the following construct: gp140.mut.modUS4 which encodes the amino acid sequence APTQAKRRVVQREKS (SEQ ID NO:29) in the cleavage site region. Mutations are denoted in bold.

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E. Modification of HIV-1 Env (Envelope) Nucleic Acid Coding Sequences

In one embodiment of the present invention, wild-type Env coding sequences were selected from the $HIV-1_{SF162}$ ("SF162") strain (Cheng-Mayer (1989) PNAS USA 86:8575-8579). These SF162 sequences were as follows: gp120, SEQ ID NO:30 (Fig. 16); gp140, SEQ ID NO:31 (Fig. 17); and gp160, SEQ ID NO:32 (Fig. 18).

In another embodiment of the present invention,
wild-type Env coding sequences were selected from the
HIV-US4 strain (Mascola, et al. (1994) J. Infect. Dis.
169:48-54). These US4 sequences were as follows: gp120,
SEQ ID NO:51 (Fig. 38); gp140, SEQ ID NO:52 (Fig. 39);
and gp160, SEQ ID NO:53 (Fig. 40).

These *Env* coding sequences were manipulated to maximize expression of their gene products.

First, the wild-type coding region was modified in one or more of the following ways. In one embodiment, sequences encoding hypervariable regions of Env,

particularly V1 and/or V2 were deleted. In other embodiments, mutations were introduced into sequences encoding the cleavage site in Env to abrogate the enzymatic cleavage of oligomeric gp140 into gp120 monomers. (See, e.g., Earl et al. (1990) PNAS USA

87:648-652; Earl et al. (1991) J. Virol. 65:31-41). In yet other embodiments, hypervariable region(s) were deleted, N-glycosylation sites were removed and/or cleavage sites mutated.

Second, the HIV-1 codon usage pattern was modified

so that the resulting nucleic acid coding sequence was comparable to codon usage found in highly expressed human genes. The HIV codon usage reflects a high content of the nucleotides A or T in the codon-triplet. The effect of the HIV-1 codon usage is a high AT content in the DNA sequence that results in a decreased translation ability and instability of the mRNA. In comparison, highly expressed human codons prefer the nucleotides G or C. The Env coding sequences were modified to be comparable to codon usage found in highly expressed human genes.

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Figures 22A-22H present comparisons of the percent A-T content for the cDNAs of stable versus unstable RNAs (comparison window size = 50). Human IFNy mRNA is known to (i) be unstable, (ii) have a short half-life, and (iii) have a high A-U content. Human GAPDH (glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase) mRNA is known to (i) be a stable RNA, and (i) have a low A-U content. In Figures 22A-H, the percent A-T content of these two sequences are compared to the percent A-T content of (1) native HIV-1 US4 Env gp160 cDNA, a synthetic US4 Env gp160 cDNA sequence (i.e., having modified codons) of the present invention; and (2) native HIV-1 SF162 Env gp160 cDNA, a synthetic SF162 Env gp160 cDNA sequence (i.e., having modified codons) of the present invention.

Figures 22A-H show the percent A-T content over the length of the sequences for IFNy (Figures 22C and 22G); native gp160 Env US4 and SF162 (Figures 22A and 22E, respectively); GAPDH (Figures 22D and 22H); and the synthetic gp160 Env for US4 and SF162 (Figures 22B and 22F). Experiments performed in support of the present invention showed that the synthetic Env sequences were capable of higher level of protein production (see the Examples) than the native Env sequences. The data in Figures 22A-H suggest that one reason for this increased

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production is increased stability of the mRNA corresponding to the synthetic Env coding sequences versus the mRNA corresponding to the native Env coding sequences.

5 To create the synthetic coding sequences of the present invention the gene cassettes were designed to comprise the entire coding sequence of interest. Synthetic gene cassettes were constructed by oligonucleotide synthesis and PCR amplification to 10 generate gene fragments. Primers were chosen to provide convenient restriction sites for subcloning. resulting fragments were then ligated to create the entire desired sequence which was then cloned into an appropriate vector. The final synthetic sequences were 15 (i) screened by restriction endonuclease digestion and analysis, (ii) subjected to DNA sequencing in order to confirm that the desired sequence had been obtained and (iii) the identity and integrity of the expressed protein confirmed by SDS-PAGE and Western blotting (See, Examples. The synthetic coding sequences were assembled

20 at Chiron Corp. or by the Midland Certified Reagent Company (Midland, Texas).

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Exemplary modified coding sequences are presented as synthetic Env expression cassettes in Table 1A and 1B. The following expression cassettes (i) have unique, terminal EcoRI and XbaI cloning sites; (ii) include Kozak sequences to promote optimal translation; (iii) tPA signal sequences (to direct the ENV polypeptide to the cell membrane, see, e.g., Chapman et al., infra); (iv) open reading frames optimized for expression in mammalian cells; and (v) a translational stop signal codon.

Table 1A: Exemplary Synthetic Env Expression

Cassettes(SF162)

		·	
	Expression Cassette	Seq	Further Information
		Id	
5	gp120 SF162	30	wild-type; Figure 16
	gp140 SF162	31	wild-type; Figure 17
	gp160 SF162	32	wild-type; Figure 18
	gp120.modSF162	33	none; Figure 19
	gp120.modSF162.delV2	34	deleted V2 loop; Figure 20
10	gp120.modSF162.delV1/V2	35	deleted V1 and V2; Figure 21
	gp140.modSF162	36	none; Figure 23
	gp140.modSF162.delV2	37	deleted V2 loop; Figure 24
	gp140.modSF162.delV1/V2	38	deleted V1 and V2; Figure 25
	gp140.mut.modSF162	39	mutated cleavage site; Fig. 26
15	gp140.mut.modSF162.delV2	40	deleted V2; mutated cleavage
			site; Figure 27
-	gp140.mut.modSF162.delV1/V	41	deleted V1 & V2; mutated
	2		cleavage site; Figure 28
	gp140.mut7.modSF162	42	mutated cleavage site; Fig. 29
	gp140.mut7.modSF162.delV2	43	mutated cleavage site; deleted
			V2; Figure 30
20	gp140.mut7.modSF162.delV1/	44	mutated cleavage site; deleted
	V2		V1 and V2; Figure 31
	gp140.mut8.modSF162	45	mutated cleavage site; Fig. 32
	gp140.mut8.modSF162.delV2	46	mutated cleavage site; deleted
			V2; Figure 33
	gp140.mut8.modSF162.delV1/	47	mutated cleavage site; deleted
25	V2		V1 and V2; Figure 34
	gp160.modSF162	48	none; Figure 35
	gp160.modSF162.delV2	49	deleted V2 loop; Figure 36
	gp160.modSF162.delV1/V2	50	deleted V1 & V2; Figure 37
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Table 1B:
Exemplary Synthetic Env Expression Cassettes(US4)

	Expression Cassette	Seq	Further Information
		Id	
	gp120 US4	51	wild-type; Figure 38
5	gp140 US4	52	wild-type; Figure 39
	gp160 US4	53	wild-type; Figure 40
	gp120.modUS4	54	none; Figure 41
	gp120.modUS4.del 128-194	55	deletion in V1 and V2 regions; Figure 42
	gp140.modUS4	56	none; Figure 43
10	gp140.mut.modUS4	57	mutated cleavage site; Figure
			44
	gp140TM.modUS4	58	native transmembrane region;
			Figure 45
	gp140.modUS4.delV1/V2	59	deleted V1 and V2; Figure 46
	gp140.modUS4.delV2	60	deleted V1; Figure 47
-	gp140.mut.modUS4.delV1/V2	61	mutated cleavage site; deleted V1 and V2; Figure 48
15	gp140.modUS4.del 128-194	62	deletion in V1 and V2 regions; Figure 49
	200	63	mutated cleavage site; deletion
	gp140.mut.modUS4.del 128-	63	in V1 and V2 regions; Figure 50
	gp160.modUS4	64	none; Figure 51
	gp160.modUS4.delV1	65	deleted V1; Figure 52
20	gp160.modUS4.delV2	66	deleted V2; Figure 53
	gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2	67	deleted V1 and V2; Figure 54
	gp160.modUS4del 128-194	68	deletion in V1 and V2 regions;
			Figure 55

Alignments of the sequences presented in the above tables are presented in Figures 66A and 66B.

A common region (Env-common) extends from nucleotide position 1186 to nucleotide position 1329 (SEQ ID NO:69,

Fig. 56) relative to the wild-type US4 sequence and from nucleotide position 1117 to position 1260 (SEQ ID NO:79, Fig. 57) relative to the wild-type SF162 sequence. The synthetic sequences of the present invention corresponding to these regions are presented, as SEQ ID NO:71 (Figure 58) for the synthetic Env US4 common region and as SEQ ID NO:72 (Figure 59) for the synthetic Env SF162 common region.

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Percent identity to this sequence can be determined, for example, using the Smith-Waterman search algorithm (Time Logic, Incline Village, NV), with the following exemplary parameters: weight matrix = nuc4x4hb; gap opening penalty = 20, gap extension penalty = 5, reporting threshold = 1; alignment threshold = 20.

Various forms of the different embodiments of the present invention (e.g., constructs) may be combined.

F. Cloning Synthetic Env Expression Cassettes of the Present Invention.

The synthetic DNA fragments encoding the Env polypeptides were typically cloned into the eucaryotic expression vectors described above for Gag, for example, pCMVKm2/pCMVlink (Figure 4), pCMV6a, pESN2dhfr (Figure 13A), pCMVIII (Figure 13B; alternately designated as the pCMV-PL-E-dhfr/neo vector).

Exemplary designations for pCMVlink vectors containing synthetic expression cassettes of the present invention are as follows: pCMVlink.gp140.modSF162; pCMVlink.gp140.-modSF162.delV2;

pCMVlink.gp140.mut.modSF162;
pCMVlink.gp140.mut.modSF162.delV2; pCMVKm2.gp140modUS4;
pCMVKm2.gp140.modUS4.delV2; pCMVKm2.gp140.mut.modUS4;
and, pCMVKm2.gp140.mut.modUS4.delV1/V2.

G. Generation of Synthetic Tat Expression Cassettes

Tat coding sequences have also been modified according to the teachings of the present specification. The wild type nucleotide sequence encoding tat from variant SF162 is presented in Figure 76 (SEQ ID NO:85). The corresponding wild-type amino acid sequence is presented in Figure 77 (SEQ ID NO:86). Figure 81 (SEQ ID NO:89) shows the nucleotide sequence encoding the amino terminal of the tat protein and the codon encoding cystein-22 is underlined. Other exemplary constructs encoding synthetic tat polypeptides are shown in Figures 78 and 79 (SEQ ID NOs:87 and 88). In one embodiment (SEQ ID NO:88), the cystein residue at position 22 is replaced by a glycine. Caputo et al. (1996) Gene Therapy 3:235 have shown that this mutation affects the trans activation domain of Tat.

Various forms of the different embodiments of the invention, described herein, may be combined.

20 H. Deposit of Vectors

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Selected exemplary constructs shown below and described herein are deposited at Chiron Corporation, Emeryville, CA, 94662-8097, and were sent to the American Type Culture Collection, 10801 University Boulevard,

25 Manassas, VA 20110-2209 on December 27, 1999.

	Plasmid Name	Chiron	Date Sent
		Deposit #	to ATCC
	pCMVgp160.modUS4	5094	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp160delI.modUS4	5095	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp160del2.modUS4	5096	27 Dec 99
5	pCMVgp160del-2.modUS4	5097	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp160del128-194.mod.US4	5098	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp140mut.modUS4del128-194	5100	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp140.mut.mod.US	5101	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp160.modSF162	5125	27 Dec 99
10	pCMVgp160.modSF162.delV2	5126	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp160.modSF162.delV1V2	5127	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp140.mut.modSF162delV2	5128	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp140.mut7.modSF162	5129	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp140.mut7.modSF162delV2	5130	27 Dec 99
15	pCMVgp140.mut8.modSF162	5131	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp140.mut8.modSF162delV2	5132	27 Dec 99
	pCMVgp140.mut8.modSF162delV1V2	5133	27 Dec 99
	pCMVKm2.Gagprot.Mod.SF2.GP1	5150	27 Dec 99
2.0	pCMVKm2.Gagprot.Mod.SF2.GP2	5151	27 Dec 99
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Example 2

Expression Assays for the

Synthetic Gag, Env and Tat Coding Sequences

25 A. Gag and Gag-Protease Coding Sequences

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The HIV-1SF2 wild-type Gag (SEQ ID NO:1) and Gag-protease (SEQ ID NO:2) sequences were cloned into expression vectors having the same features as the vectors into which the synthetic Gag (SEQ ID NO:4) and Gag-protease (SEQ ID NOs:5, 78 or 79)) sequences were cloned.

Expression efficiencies for various vectors carrying the HIV-1SF2 wild-type and synthetic Gag sequences were evaluated as follows. Cells from several mammalian cell lines (293, RD, COS-7, and CHO; all obtained from the American Type Culture Collection, 10801 University Boulevard, Manassas, VA 20110-2209) were transfected with 2 μg of DNA in transfection reagent LT1 (PanVera Corporation, 545 Science Dr., Madison, WI). The cells were incubated for 5 hours in reduced serum medium (Opti-MEM, Gibco-BRL, Gaithersburg, MD). The medium was then 10 replaced with normal medium as follows: 293 cells, IMDM, 10% fetal calf serum, 2% glutamine (BioWhittaker, Walkersville, MD); RD and COS-7 cells, D-MEM, 10% fetal calf serum, 2% glutamine (Opti-MEM, Gibco-BRL, Gaithersburg, MD); and CHO cells, Ham's F-12, 10% fetal 15 calf serum, 2% glutamine (Opti-MEM, Gibco-BRL, Gaithersburg, MD). The cells were incubated for either 48 or 60 hours. Supernatants were harvested and filtered through 0.45 μm syringe filters and, optionally, stored at -20°C. 20

Supernatants were evaluated using the Coulter p24-assay (Coulter Corporation, Hialeah, FL, US), using 96-well plates coated with a murine monoclonal antibody directed against HIV core antigen. The HIV-1 p24 antigen binds to the coated wells. Biotinylated antibodies against HIV recognize the bound p24 antigen. Conjugated strepavidin-horseradish peroxidase reacts with the biotin. Color develops from the reaction of peroxidase with TMB substrate. The reaction is terminated by addition of $4N\ H_2SO_4$. The intensity of the color is directly proportional to the amount of HIV p24 antigen in a sample.

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The results of these expression assays are presented in Tables 2A and 2B. Tables 2A and 2B shows data

obtained using the synthetic Gag-protease expression cassette of SEQ ID NO:5. Similar results were obtained using the Gag-protease expression cassettes of SEQ ID NOs:78 and 79.

Table 2: in vitro gag and gagprot p24 expression

5 TABLE 2a. Increased in vitro expression from modified vs. native gag plasmids in supernatants and lysates from transiently transfected cells

experiment	native (nat) a modified (mod) b	supernatant (sup) lysate (lys)	cell line	hours post transfection	total ng p24 (fold increase
1	nat	sup	293	48	3.4
	mod	sup	293	48	1260 (371)
	nat	sup	293	60	3.2
	mod	sup	293	60	2222 (694)
ž	nat	sup	293	60	1.8
	mod	sup	293	60	1740 (966)
3	nat	sup	293	60	1.8
	mod	sup	293	60	580 (322)
4	nat	lys	293	. 60	1.5
	mod	lys	293	60	85 (57)
1	nat	sup	RD	48	5.6
	mod	sup	RD	48	66 (12)
	nat	sup	RD -	60	7.8
	mod	sup	RD	60	70.2 (9)
ż	nat	lys	RD	60	1.9
	mod	lys	RD	60	7.8 (4)
i	nat	sup	COS-7	48	0.4
	mod	sup	COS-7	48	33.4 (84)
ż	nat	sup	COS-7	48	0.4
	mod	sup	COS-7	48	10 (25)
	nat	lys	COS-7	48	3
	mod	lys	COS-7	48	14 (5)

apCMVLink.Gag.SF2.PRE

bpCMVKm2.GagMod.SF2

TABLE 2b. In vitro expression from modified gag and gagprotease plasmids in supernatants and lysates from transiently transfected cells

plasmid	supernatant (sup) lysate (lys)	cell line	hours post transfection	total ng p24 ^d
Gag*	sup	293	60	760
GagProt(GP1) b	sup	29 3	60	380
GagProt(GP2) °	sup	293	60	320
Gag	lys	29 3	60	78
GagProt(GP1)	lys	29 3	60	1250
GagProt(GP2)	lys	2 93	60	400
Gag	sup	COS-7	72	40
GagProt(GP1)	sup	COS-7	72	150
GagProt(GP2)	sup	COS-7	72	290
Gag	lys	COS-7	72	60
GagProt(GP1)	lys	COS-7	72	63
GagProt(GP2)	lys	COS-7	72	58

apCMVKm2.GagMod.SF2

b pCMVKm2.GagProtMod.SF2(GP1) gagprotease with codon optimization and inactivation of INS in protease

f pCMVKm2.GagProtMod.SF2(GP2) gagprotease with only inactivation
of INS in protease

^d Shown are representative results from 3 independent experiments for each cell line tested.

The data showed that the synthetic Gag and Gag-protease expression cassettes provided dramatic increases in production of their protein products, relative to the native (HIV-1SF2 wild-type) sequences, when expressed in a variety of cell lines.

B. Env Coding Sequences

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The HIV-SF162 ("SF162") wild-type Env (SEQ ID NO:1-3) and HIV-US4 ("US4") wild-type Env (SEQ ID NO:22-24) sequences were cloned into expression vectors having the same features as the vectors into which the synthetic Env sequences were cloned.

Expression efficiencies for various vectors carrying the SF162 and US4 wild-type and synthetic Env sequences were evaluated essentially as described above for Gag except that cell lysates were prepared in 40 μ l lysis buffer (1.0 % NP40, 0.1 M Tris pH 7.5) and frozen at -20°C and capture ELISAs were performed as follows.

For Capture ELISAs, 250 ng of an ammonium sulfate

1gG cut of goat polyclonal antibody to gp120SF2/env2-3

was used to coat each well of a 96-well plate (Corning,

Corning, NY). Serial dilutions of gp120/SF2 protein (MID

167) were used to set the quantitation curve from which

expression of US4 or SF162 gp120 proteins from

- transfection supernatant and lysates were calculated. Samples were screened undiluted and, optionally, by serial 2-fold dilutions. A human polyclonal antibody to HIV-1 gp120/SF2 was used to detect bound gp120 envelope protein, followed by horse-radish peroxidase (HRP)-
- labeled goat anti-human IgG conjugates. TMB (Pierce, Rockford, IL) was used as the substrate and the reaction is terminated by addition of $4N\ H_2SO_4$. The reaction was quantified by measuring the optical density (OD) at 450 nm. The intensity of the color is directly

proportional to the amount of HIV gp120 antigen in a sample. Purified SF2 gp120 protein was diluted and used as a standard.

The results of the transient expression assays are presented in Tables 3 and 4. Table 3 depicts transient expression in 293 cells transfected with a pCMVKm2 vector carrying the Env cassette of interest. Table 4 depicts transient expression in RD cells transfected with a pCMVKm2 vector carrying the Env cassette of interest.

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Total fold increase (S v. N) X/X N/A N ∞ Total (ng) 1306 693 526 9 30 88 8 Cell lysate fold increase (S v. N) N/N N/N 'n N Total cell lysate (ng) 3 7 25 4 0 H 40 Sup fold increase (S v. N) M/A N/A ~ 0 € Total 1305 gus (Ba) 069 526 87 33 0 0 0 Cell Line ð ð 2 2 ð ð 2 ð 8-gp140mut.modU84 8-gp140TM.modU84 8-gp160.modUS4 8-gp120.modU84 8-gp140.modU84 Synthetic(S) N-gp160.US4 N-92140.US4 M-gp120.U84 Native (N)

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Table 3

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Table 4

CHO Cell Lines Expression Level of US4 Envelope						
	Constructs					
Constructs	CHO Clone #	MTX	Expression Level*			
		Level	(ng/ml)			
gp120.modUS4	1	3.2μΜ	250-450			
	2	1.6μΜ	350-450			
	3	200nM	230-580			
	4	200nM	300-500			
gp140.modUS4	1	1μΜ	155-300			
	2	1μΜ	100-260			
	3	1μΜ	200-430			
gp140.mut.	1	1μΜ	110-270			
modUS4	2	1μΜ	100-235			
	3	1μΜ	100-220			
gp140.modUS4	1	50nM	313-587 **			
.delV1/V2	2	50nM	237-667**			
	3	50nM	492~527**			
gp140.mut.	1	50nM ·	46-328**			
modUS4.delV1	2	50nM	82-318**			
/V2	3	50nM	204-385**			

*All samples measured at T-75 flask stage unless otherwise indicated

[&]quot;at 24 well and 6 well plate stages

^{***}in a three liter bioreactor perfusion culture this clone yielded approximately 2-5 μ g/ml.

The data showed that the synthetic Env and expression cassettes provided a significant increase in production of their protein products, relative to the native (HIV-1SF162 or US4 wild-type) sequences, when expressed in a variety of cell lines.

C. CHO Cell line Env expression data

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Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells were transfected with plasmid DNA encoding the synthetic HIV-1 gp120 or gp140 proteins (e.g., pESN2dhfr or pCMVIII vector backbone) using Mirus TransIT-LT1 polyamine transfection reagent (Pan Vera) according to the manufacturers instructions and incubated for 96 hours. After 96 hours, media was changed to selective media (F12 special with 250 μ q/ml G418) and cells were split 1:5 and incubated for an additional 48 hours. Media was changed every 5-7 days until colonies started forming at which time the colonies were picked, plated into 96 well plates and screened by gp120 Capture ELISA. Positive clones were expanded in 24 well plates and screened several times for Env protein production by Capture ELISA, as described above. After reaching confluency in 24 well plates, positive clones were expanded to T25 flasks (Corning, Corning, NY). These were screened several times after confluency and positive clones were expanded to T75 flasks.

Positive T75 clones were frozen in LN2 and the highest expressing clones amplified with 0-5 μM methotrexate (MTX)at several concentrations and plated in 100mm culture dishes. Plates were screened for colony formation and all positive closed were again expanded as described above. Clones were expanded an amplified and screened at each step by gp120 capture ELISA. Positive clones were frozen at each methotrexate level. Highest

producing clones were grown in perfusion bioreactors (3L, 100L) for expansion and adaptation to low serum suspension culture conditions for scale-up to larger bioreactors.

Tables 5 and 6 show Capture ELISA data from CHO cells transfected with pCMVIII vector carrying a cassette encoding synthetic HIV-US4 and SF162 Env polypeptides (e.g., mutated cleavage sites, modified codon usage and/or deleted hypervariable regions). Thus, stably transfected CHO cell lines which express Env polypeptides (e.g., gp120, gp140-monomeric, and gp140-oligomeric) have been produced.

Table 5

CHO Cell Lines France						
CHO Cell Lines Expression Level of US4 Envelope						
	Constructs					
Constructs	CHO Clone #	MTX	Expression Level			
		Level	(ng/ml)			
gp120.modUS4	1	3.2μΜ	250-450			
	2	1.6μΜ	350-450			
	3	200nM	230-580***			
	4	200nM	300-500			
gp140.modUS4	1	1μΜ	155-300			
	2	1μΜ	100-260			
	3	1μΜ	200-430			
gp140.mut	1	1μΜ	110-270			
modUS4	2	1μΜ	100-235			
	3	1μΜ	100-220			
gp140.modUS4	1	50nM	313~587**			
.delV1/V2	2	50nM	237-667**			
	3	50nM	492-527**			
gp140.mut.	1	50nM	46-328**			
modUS4.delVl	2	50nM	82-318**			
/V2	3	50nM	204-385**			

'All samples measured at T-75 flask stage unless otherwise indicated
at 24 well and 6 well plate stages

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^{***}in a three liter bioreactor perfusion culture this clone yielded approximately 2-5 μ g/ml.

Table 6

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CHO Cell Lines Expression Level of SF162 Envelope					
Constructs					
Constructs	CHO Clone #	MTX	Expression Level		
		Level	(ng/ml)		
gp120.modSF162	1	0			
95220.11104811102			755-2705		
	2	0	928-1538		
	3	0	538-1609		
gp140.modSF162	1	20 nM	180-350		
gp140.mut.	1	20 nM	164-451		
modSF162	2	20 nM	188-487		
	3	20 nM	233-804		
gp120.modSF162	1	800nM	528-1560		
.delV2	2	800nM	487-1878		
. •	3	800nM	589-1212		
gp140.modSF162	1	800nM	300-600		
.delV2	2	800nM	200-400		
	3	800nM	200-500		
gp140.mut.	1	800nM	300-700		
modSF162.delV2	2	400nM	1161		
	3	800nM	400-600		
	4	400nM	1600-2176		

'All samples measured at T-75 flask stage unless otherwise indicated

The results presented above demonstrate the ability

of the constructs of the present invention to provide
expression of Env polypeptides in CHO cells. Production
of polypeptides using CHO cells provides (i) correct
glycosylation patterns and protein conformation (as
determined by binding to panel of MAbs); (ii) correct

binding to CD4 receptor molecules; (iii) absence of non-

mammalian cell contaminants (e.g., insect viruses and/or cells); and (iv) ease of purification.

D. Tat Coding Sequences

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The HIV-SF162 ("SF162") wild-type Tat (SEQ ID NO:85) sequences were cloned into expression vectors having the same features as the vectors into which the synthetic Tat sequences were cloned (SEQ ID NOs:87, 88 and 89).

Expression efficiencies for various vectors carrying the SF162 wild-type and synthetic Tat sequences are evaluated essentially as described above for Gag and Env using capture ELISAs with the appropriate anti-tat antibodies and/or CHO cell assays. Expression of the polypeptides encoded by the synthetic cassettes is improved relative to wild type.

Example 3

Western Blot Analysis of Expression

A. Gag and Gag-Protease Coding Sequences

20 Human 293 cells were transfected as described in Example 2 with pCMV6a-based vectors containing native or synthetic Gag expression cassettes. Cells were cultivated for 60 hours post-transfection. Supernatants were prepared as described. Cell lysates were prepared 25 as follows. The cells were washed once with phosphatebuffered saline, lysed with detergent [1% NP40 (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO) in 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 7.5], and the lysate transferred into fresh tubes. polyacrylamide gels (pre-cast 8-16%; Novex, San Diego, 30 CA) were loaded with 20 μ l of supernatant or 12.5 μ l of cell lysate. A protein standard was also loaded (5 μ l, broad size range standard; BioRad Laboratories, Hercules, CA). Electrophoresis was carried out and the proteins were transferred using a BioRad Transfer Chamber (BioRad

Laboratories, Hercules, CA) to Immobilon P membranes (Millipore Corp., Bedford, MA) using the transfer buffer recommended by the manufacturer (Millipore), where the transfer was performed at 100 volts for 90 minutes. The membranes were exposed to HIV-1-positive human patient serum and immunostained using o-phenylenediamine dihydrochloride (OPD; Sigma).

The results of the immunoblotting analysis showed that cells containing the synthetic Gag expression cassette produced the expected p55 protein at higher percell concentrations than cells containing the native expression cassette. The Gag p55 protein was seen in both cell lysates and supernatants. The levels of production were significantly higher in cell supernatants for cells transfected with the synthetic Gag expression cassette of the present invention. Experiments performed in support of the present invention suggest that cells containing the synthetic Gag-prot expression cassette produced the expected Gag-prot protein at comparably higher per-cell concentrations than cells containing the native expression cassette.

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In addition, supernatants from the transfected 293 cells were fractionated on sucrose gradients. Aliquots of the supernatant were transferred to Polyclear™ ultracentrifuge tubes (Beckman Instruments, Columbia, MD), under-laid with a solution of 20% (wt/wt) sucrose, and subjected to 2 hours centrifugation at 28,000 rpm in a Beckman SW28 rotor. The resulting pellet was suspended in PBS and layered onto a 20-60% (wt/wt) sucrose gradient and subjected to 2 hours centrifugation at 40,000 rpm in a Beckman SW41ti rotor.

The gradient was then fractionated into approximately 10×1 ml aliquots (starting at the top, 20%-end, of the gradient). Samples were taken from

fractions 1-9 and were electrophoresed on 8-16% SDS polyacrylamide gels. Fraction number 4 (the peak fraction) corresponds to the expected density of Gag protein VLPs. The supernatants from 293/synthetic Gag cells gave much stronger p55 bands than supernatants from 293/native Gag cells, and, as expected, the highest concentration of p55 in either supernatant was found in fraction 4.

These results demonstrate that the synthetic Gag expression cassette provides superior production of both p55 protein and VLPs, relative to the native Gag coding sequences.

B. Env Coding Sequences

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15 Human 293 cells were transfected as described in Example 2 with pCMVKm2-based; pCMVlink-based; p-CMVIIbased or pESN2-based vectors containing native or synthetic Env expression cassettes. Cells were cultivated for 48 or 60 hours post-transfection. 20 lysates and supernatants were prepared as described (Example 2). Briefly, the cells were washed once with phosphate-buffered saline, lysed with detergent [1% NP40 (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO)] in 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 7.5], and the lysate transferred into fresh tubes. 25 SDS-polyacrylamide gels (pre-cast 8-16%; Novex, San Diego, CA) were loaded with 20 μ l of supernatant or 12.5 μ l of cell lysate. A protein molecular weight standard and an HIV SF2 gp120 positive control protein (5 μ l, broad size range standard; BioRad Laboratories, Hercules, 30 CA) were also loaded. Electrophoresis was carried out and the proteins were transferred using a BioRad Transfer Chamber (BioRad Laboratories, Hercules, CA) to Immobilon

P membranes (Millipore Corp., Bedford, MA) using the

transfer buffer recommended by the manufacturer

(Millipore), where the transfer was performed at 100 volts for 90 minutes. The membranes were then reacted against polyclonal goat anti-gp120SF2/env2-3 anti-sera, followed by incubation with swine anti-goat IgG-peroxidase (POD) (Sigma, St. Louis, MO). Bands indicative of binding were visualized by adding DAB with hydrogen peroxide which deposits a brown precipitate on

The results of the immunoblotting analysis showed that cells containing the synthetic Env expression cassette produced the expected Env gp proteins of the predicted molecular weights as determined by mobilities in SDS-polyacrylamide gels at higher per-cell concentrations than cells containing the native expression cassette. The Env proteins were seen in both cell lysates and supernatants. The levels of production were significantly higher in cell supernatants for cells transfected with the synthetic Env expression cassette of the present invention.

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C. Tat Coding Sequences

the membranes.

Human 293 cells are transfected as described in Example 2 with various vectors containing native or synthetic Tat expression cassettes. Cells are cultivated and isolated proteins analyzed as described above. Immunoblotting analysis shows that cells containing the synthetic Tat expression cassette produced the expected Tat proteins of the predicted molecular weights as determined by mobilities in SDS-polyacrylamide gels at higher per-cell concentrations than cells containing the native expression cassette.

Example 4

Purification of Env polypeptides

A. Purification of Oligomeric gp140

Purification of oligomeric gp140 (o-gp140 US4) was 5 conducted essentially as shown in Figure 60. For the experiments described herein, o-gp140 refers to oligomeric gp140 in either native or modified (e.g., optimized expression sequences, deleted, mutated, truncated, etc.) form. Briefly, concentrated (30-50X) 10 supernatants obtained from CHO cell cultures were loaded onto an anion exchange (DEAE) column which removed DNA and other serum proteins. The eluted material was loaded onto a ceramic hydroxyapatite column (CHAP) which bound serum proteins but not HIV Env proteins. The flowthrough from the DEAE and CHAP columns was loaded onto a 15 Protein A column as a precautionary step to remove any remaining serum immunoglobulins. The Env proteins in the flow-through were then captured using the lectin gluvanthus navalis (GNA, Vector Labs, Burlingame, CA). 20 GNA has high affinity for mannose rich carbohydrates such as Env. The Env proteins were then eluted with GNA substrate. To remove other highly glycosylated proteins, a cation exchange column (SP) was used to purify gp140/gp120. In a final step, which separates qp120 from 25 o-gp140, a gel filtration column was used to separate oligomers from monomers. Sizing and chromatography analysis of the final product revealed that this strategy lead to the successful isolation of oligomeric qp140.

30 <u>B. Purification of qp120</u>

Purification of gp120 was conducted essentially as previously described for other Env proteins. Briefly, concentrated supernatants obtained from CHO cell cultures were loaded onto an anion exchange (DEAE) column which

removed DNA and other serum proteins. The eluted material was loaded onto a ceramic hydroxyapatite column (CHAP) which bound serum proteins but not HIV Env proteins. The flow-through from the CHAP column was loaded a cation exchange column (SP) where the flow-through was discarded and the bound fraction eluted with salt. The eluted fraction(s) were loaded onto a Suprose 12/Superdex 200 Tandem column (Pharmacia-Upjohn, Uppsala, Sweden) from which purified gp120 was obtained. Sizing and chromatography analysis of the final product revealed that this strategy successfully purified gp120 proteins.

Example 5

Analysis of Purified Env Polypeptides

15 A. Analysis of o-qp140

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It is well documented that HIV Env protein binds to CD4 only in its correct conformation. Accordingly, the ability of o-gpl40 US4 polypeptides, produced and purified as described above, to bind CD4 cells was tested. O-gpl40 US4 was incubated for 15 minutes with FITC-labeled CD4 at room temperature and loaded onto a Biosil 250 (BioRad) size exclusion column using Waters HPLC. CD4-FITC has the longest retention time (2.67 minutes), followed by CD4-FITC-gpl20 (2.167 min). The shortest retention time (1.9 min) was observed for CD4-FITC-o-gpl40 US4 indicating that, as expected, o-gpl40 US4 binds to CD4 forming a large complex which reduces retention time on the column. Thus, the o-gpl40 US4 produced and purified as described above is of the correct size and conformation.

In addition, the US4 o-gpl40, purified as described above, was also tested for its ability to bind to a variety of monoclonal antibodies with known epitope specificities for the CD4 binding site, the CD4 inducible

site, the V3 loop and oligomer-specific gp41 epitope. gp140 bound strongly to these antibodies, indicating that the purified protein retains its structural integrity.

5 B. Analysis of qp120

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As described above, CD4-FITC binds gp120, as demonstrated by the decreased retention time on the HPLC column. Thus, US4 gp120 purified by the above method retains its conformational integrity. In addition, the properties of purified gp120 can be tested by examining 10 its integrity and identity on western blots, as well as, by examining protein concentration, pH, conductivity, endotoxin levels, bioburden and the like. US4 gp120, purified as described above, was also tested for its ability to bind to a variety of monoclonal antibodies 15 with known epitope specificities for the CD4 binding site, the CD4 inducible site, the V3 loop and oligomerspecific gp41 epitope. The pattern of mAb binding to gp120 indicated that the purified protein retained its structural integrity, for example, the purified gp120 did not bind the mAb having the oligomer-specific gp41 epitope (as expected).

Example 6

25 Electron Microscopic Evaluation of VLP Production The cells for electron microscopy were plated at a density of 50-70% confluence, one day before transfection. The cells were transfected with 10 $\mu\mathrm{g}$ of DNA using transfection reagent LT1 (Panvera) and 30 incubated for 5 hours in serum-reduced medium (see Example 2). The medium was then replaced with normal medium (see Example 2) and the cells were incubated for 14 hours (COS-7) or 40 hours (CHO). After incubation the cells were washed twice with PBS and fixed with 2%

glutaraldehyde. Electron microscopy was performed by Prof. T.S. Benedict Yen, Veterans Affairs, Medical Center, San Francisco, CA).

Electron microscopy was carried out using a transmission electron microscope (Zeiss 10c). The cells were pre-stained with osmium and stained with uranium acetate and lead citrate. The magnification was 100,000X.

Figures 3A and 3B show micrographs of CHO cells transfected with pCMVKM2 carrying the synthetic Gag expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:5) or carrying the Gagprot expression cassette (SEQ ID NO:79). In the figure, free and budding immature virus-like-particles (VLP) of the expected size (100 nm) are seen for the Gag expression cassette (Figure 3A) and both immature and mature VLPs are seen for the Gag-prot expression cassette (Figure 3B). COS-7 cells transfected with the same vector have the same expression pattern. VLP can also be found intracellularly in CHO and COS-7 cells.

Native and synthetic Gag expression cassettes were compared for their associated levels of VLP production when used to transfect human 293 cells. The comparison was performed by density gradient ultracentrifugation of cell supernatants and Western-blot analysis of the gradient fractions. There was a clear improvement in production of VLPs when using the synthetic Gag construct.

Example 7

Expression of Virus-like Particles in the Baculovirus

System

A. Expression of Native HIV p55 Gaq

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To construct the native HIV p55 Gag baculovirus shuttle vector, the prototype SF2 HIV p55 plasmid, pTM1-

Gag (Selby M.J., et al., J Virol. 71(10):7827-7831, 1997), was digested with restriction endonucleases Ncol and BamHI to extract a 1.5 Kb fragment that was subsequently subcloned into pAcC4 (Bio/Technology 6:47-55, 1988), a derivative of pAc436. Generation of the recombinant baculovirus was achieved by co-transfecting 2 μg of the HIV p55 Gag pAcC4 shuttle vector with 0.5 μg of linearized, Autographa californica baculovirus (AcNPV) wild-type viral DNA into Spodoptera frugiperda (Sf9) cells (Kitts, P.A., Ayres M.D., and Possee R.D., Nucleic Acids Res. 18:5667-5672, 1990). The isolation of recombinant virus expressing HIV p55 Gag was performed according to standard techniques (O'Reilly, D.R., L.K. Miller, and V. A. Luckow, Baculovirus Expression Vector: A Laboratory Manual, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, 1992).

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Expression of the HIV p55 Gag was achieved using a 500 ml suspension culture of Sf9 cells grown in serum-free medium (Miaorella, B., D. Inlow, A. Shauger, and D. Harano, Bio/Technology 6:1506-1510, 1988) that had been infected with the HIV p55 Gag recombinant baculovirus at a multiplicity of infection (MOI) of 10. Forty-eight hours post-infection, the supernatant was separated by centrifugation and filtered through a 0.2 μ m filter. Aliquots of the supernatant were then transferred to Polyclear (Beckman Instruments, Palo Alto, CA) ultracentrifuge tubes, underlaid with 20% (wt/wt) sucrose, and subjected to 2 hours centrifugation at 24,00 rpm using a Beckman SW28 rotor.

The resulting pellet was suspended in Tris buffer (20 mM Tris HCl, pH 7.5, 250 mM NaCl, and 2.5 mM ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid [EDTA]), layered onto a 20-60% (wt/wt) sucrose gradient, and subjected to 2 hours centrifugation at 40,000 rpm using a Beckman SW41ti

rotor. The gradient was then fractionated starting at the top (20% sucrose) of the gradient into approximately twelve 0.75 ml aliquots. A sample of each fraction was electrophoresed on 8-16% SDS polyacrylamide gels and the resulting bands were visualized after commassie staining (Figure 4). Additional aliquots were subjected to refractive index analysis.

The results shown in Figure 4 indicated that the p55 Gag virus-like particles banded at a sucrose density of range of 1.15 - 1.19 g/ml with the peak at approximately 1.17 g/ml. The peak fractions were pooled and concentrated by a second 20% sucrose pelleting. The resulting pellet was suspended in 1 ml of Tris buffer (described above). The total protein yield as estimated by Bicimchrominic Acid (BCA) (Pierce Chemical, Rockford, IL) was 1.6 mg.

B. Expression of Synthetic HIV p55 Gag

designated pAcC13-Modif.p55Gag.

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A baculovirus shuttle vector containing the 20 synthetic p55 Gag sequence was constructed as follows. The synthetic HIV p55 expression cassette (Example 1) was digested with restriction enzyme SalI followed by incubation with T4-DNA polymerase. The resulting fragment was isolated (PCR Clean- Up^{TM} , Promega, Madison, 25 WI) and then digested with BamHI endonuclease. The shuttle vector pAcCl3 (Munemitsu S., et al., Mol Cell Biol. 10(11):5977-5982, 1990) was linearized by digestion with EcoI, followed by incubation with T4-DNA polymerase, and then isolated (PCR Clean- $\operatorname{Up^{TM}}$). The linearized vector 30 was digested with BamHI, treated with alkaline phosphatase, and isolated by size fragmentation in an agarose gel. The isolated 1.5 kb fragment was ligated with the prepared pAcC13 vector. The resulting clone was

The expression conditions for the synthetic HIV p55 VLPs differed from those of the native p55 Gag as follows: a culture volume of 1 liter used instead of 500 ml; Trichoplusia ni (Tn5) (Wickham, T.J., and Nermerow, G.R., BioTechnology Progress, 9:25-30, 1993) insect cells were used instead of Sf9 insect cells; and, an MOI of 3 was instead of an MOI of 10. Experiments performed in support of the present invention showed that there was no appreciable difference in expression level between the Sf9 and Tn5 insect cells with the native p55 clone. In terms of MOI, experience with the native p55 clone suggested that an MOI of 10 resulted in higher expression (approximately 2-fold) of VLPs than a lower MOI.

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The sucrose pelleting and banding methods used for the synthetic p55 VLPs were similar to those employed for the native p55 VLPs (described above), with the following exceptions: pelleted VLPs were suspended in 4 ml of phosphate buffered saline (PBS) instead of 1.0 ml of the Tris buffer; and four, 20-60% sucrose gradients were used instead of a single gradient. Also, due to the high concentration of banded VLPs, further concentration by pelleting was not required. The peak fractions from all 4 gradients were simply dialyzed against PBS. The approximate density of the banded VLPs ranged from 1.23-1.28 g/ml. A total protein yield as estimated by BCA was 46 mg. Results from the sucrose gradient banding of the synthetic p55 are shown in Figure 5.

A comparison of the total amount of purified HIV p55 Gag from several preparations obtained from the two baculovirus expression cassettes has been summarized in Figure 6. The average yield from the native p55 was 3.16 mg/liter of culture (n=5, standard deviation (sd) ± 1.07 , range = 1.8-4.8 mg/L) whereas the average yield from the

synthetic p55 was more than ten-fold higher at 44.5 mg/liter of culture (n=2, $sd=\pm6.4$).

In addition to a higher total protein yield, the final product from the synthetic p55-expressed Gag consistently contained lower amounts of contaminating baculovirus proteins than the final product from the native p55-expressed Gag. This difference can be seen in the two commassie-stained gels Figures 4 and 5.

10 C. Expression of Native and Synthetic Gag-Core

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Expression of the HIV p55 Gag/HCV Core 173 (SEQ ID NO:8) was achieved using a 2.5 liter suspension culture of Sf9 cells grown in serum-free medium (Miaorella, B., D. Inlow, A. Shauger, and D. Harano. 1988 Bio/Technology 6:1506-1510). The cells were infected with an HIV p55 Gag/HCV Core 173 recombinant baculovirus. Forty-eight hours post-infection, the supernatant was separated from the cells by centrifugation and filtered through a 0.2 μm filter. Aliquots of the supernatant were then transferred to a Polyclear (Beckman Instruments, Palo Alto, CA) ultracentrifuge tubes containing 30% (wt/wt)

24,000 rpm in a Beckman SW28 rotor and ultracentrifuge.

The resulting pellet was suspended in Tris buffer

(50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 500 mM NaCl) and layered onto a 30-60% (wt/wt) sucrose gradient and subjected to 2 hours centrifugation at 40,000 rpm in a Beckman SW41ti rotor and ultracentrifuge. The gradient was then fractionated starting at the top (30%) of the gradient into

approximately 11 x 1.0 ml aliquots. A sample of each

sucrose, and subjected to 2 hours of centrifugation at

approximately 11 x 1.0 ml aliquots. A sample of each fraction was electrophoresed on 8-16% SDS polyacrylamide gels and the resulting bands were visualized after commassie staining.

A subset of aliquots were also subjected to Western blot analysis using monoclonal antibody 76C.5EG (Steimer, K.S., et al., Virology 150:283-290, 1986) which is specific for HIV p24 (a subunit of HIV p55). The peak fractions from the sucrose gradient were pooled and concentrated by a second 20% sucrose pelleting. The resulting pellet was suspended in 1 ml of buffer Tris buffer and the total protein yield as estimated by BCA (Pierce Chemical, Rockford, IL) was ~ 1.0 mg.

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and the anti- p24 Western blot results are shown in Figure 8 and the anti- p24 Western blot results are shown in Figure 9. Taken together, these results indicate that the HIV p55 Gag/HCV Core 173 chimeric VLPs banded at a sucrose density similar to that of the HIV p55 Gag VLPs and the visible protein band that migrated at a molecular weight of ~ 72,000 kd was reactive with the HIV p24-specific monoclonal antibody. An additional immunoreactive band at approximately 55,000 kd also appeared to be reactive with the anti-p24 antibody and may be a degradation product.

Although aliquots from the above preparation were not tested for reactivity with an HCV Core-specific antibody (an anti-CD22 rabbit serum), results from a similar preparation are shown in Figure 10 and indicate that the main HCV Core-specific reactivity migrates at an approximate molecular weight of 72,000 kd which is in accordance with the predicted molecular weight of the chimeric protein.

The expression conditions for the synthetic HIV p55 Gag/HCV Core 173 (SEQ ID NO:8) VLPs differed from those of the native p55 Gag and are as follows: a culture volume of 1 liter used instead of 2.5 liters, Trichoplusia ni (Tn5) (Wickham, T.J., and Nemerow, G.R. 1993 BioTechnology Progress, 9:25-30) insect cells were

used instead of Sf9 insect cells and an MOI of 3 was instead of an MOI of 10. The sucrose pelleting and banding methods used for the synthetic HIV p55 Gag/HCV Core 173 VLPs were similar to those employed for the native HIV p55 Gag/HCV Core 173 VLPs. However, differences included: pelleted VLPs were suspended in 1 ml of phosphate buffered saline (PBS) instead of 1.0 ml of the Tris buffer, and a single 20-60% sucrose gradients was used. A comparison of the total amount of purified HIV p55 Gag/HCV Core 173 from multiple preparations obtained from the two baculovirus expression cassettes showed that there was an increase in expression using the synthetic HIV p55 Gag/HCV Core 173 cassette.

D. Alternative method for the enrichment of HIV p55 Gag VLPs

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In addition to purification from the media, p55 (Gag protein) expressed in baculovirus (e.g., using a synthetic expression cassette of the present invention) can also be purified as virus-like particles from the infected insect cells. For example, forty-eight hours post infection, the media and cell pellet are separated by centrifugation and the cell pellet is stored at -70°C until future use. At the

time of processing, the cell pellet is suspended in 5 volumes of hypotonic lysis buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.2, 1 mM EGTA; 1 mM MgCl, and Complete Protease Inhibitor® (Boehringer Mannheim Corp., Indianapolis, IN]). If needed, the cells are then dounced 8-10 times to complete cell lysis.

The lysate is then centrifuged at approximately $1000-1500 \times g$ for 20 minutes. The supernatant is

decanted into $UltraClear^{TM}$ tubes, underlayed with 20% sucrose (w/w) and

centrifuged at 24,000 rpm in SW28 buckets for 2 hours. The resulting pellet is suspended in Tris buffer (20 mM Tris HCl, pH 7.5, 250 mM NaCl, and 2.5 mM ethylenediamine-tetraacetic acid (EDTA) with 0.1% IGEPAL detergent (Sigma

Chemical, St. Louis, MO) and 250 units/ml of benzonase (American International Chemical, Inc., Natick, MA) and incubated at 4°C for at least 30 minutes. The suspension is subsequently layered onto a 20-60% sucrose gradient and spun at 40,000 rpm using an SW41ti rotor for 20-24 hours.

After ultracentrifugation, the sucrose gradient is
fractionated and aliquots run on SDS PAGE to identify
peak fractions. The peak fractions are dialyzed against
PBS and

measured for protein content. Negatively stained electron mircographs typically show non-enveloped VLPs somewhat smaller in diameter (80-120 nm) than the budded VLPs. HIV Gag VLPs prepared in this manner are also capable of generating Gag-specific CTL responses in mice.

Example 8

In Vivo Immunogenicity of Synthetic Gag Expression

Cassettes

A. Immunization

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To evaluate the possibly improved immunogenicity of the synthetic Gag expression cassettes, a mouse study was performed. The plasmid DNA, pCMVKM2 carrying the synthetic Gag expression cassette, was diluted to the following final concentrations in a total injection volume of 100 μ l: 20 μ g, 2 μ g, 0.2 μ g, and 0.02 μ g. To

overcome possible negative dilution effects of the diluted DNA, the total DNA concentration in each sample was brought up to 20 μg using the vector (pCMVKM2) alone. As a control, plasmid DNA of the native Gag expression cassette was handled in the same manner. Twelve groups of four Balb/c mice (Charles River, Boston, MA) were intramuscularly immunized (50 μl per leg, intramuscular injection into the *tibialis anterior*) according to the schedule in Table 7.

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Table 7

		i	
Group	Gag Expression Cassette	Concentration of Gag plasmid DNA (µg)	Immunized at time (weeks):
1	Synthetic	20	01, 4
2	Synthetic	2	0, 4
3	Synthetic	0.2	0, 4
4	Synthetic	0.02	0, 4
5	Synthetic	20	0
6	Synthetic	2	0
7	Synthetic	0.2	0
8	Synthetic	0.02	0
9	Native	20	0
10	Native	2	0
11	Native	0.2	0
12	Native	0.02	0

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Groups 1-4 were bled at week 0 (before immunization), week 4, week 6, week 8, and week 12.

Groups 5-12 were bled at week 0 (before immunization) and at week 4.

^{1 =} initial immunization at "week 0"

B. Humoral Immune Response

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The humoral immune response was checked with an anti-HIV Gag antibody ELISAs (enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays) of the mice sera 0 and 4 weeks post immunization (groups 5-12) and, in addition, 6 and 8 weeks post immunization, respectively, 2 and 4 weeks post second immunization (groups 1-4).

The antibody titers of the sera were determined by anti-Gag antibody ELISA. Briefly, sera from immunized mice were screened for antibodies directed against the HIV p55 Gag protein. ELISA microtiter plates were coated with 0.2 μ g of HIV-1_{SP2} p24-Gag protein per well overnight and washed four times; subsequently, blocking was done with PBS-0.2% Tween (Sigma) for 2 hours. After removal of the blocking solution, 100 μ l of diluted mouse serum was added. Sera were tested at 1/25 dilutions and by serial 3-fold dilutions, thereafter. Microtiter plates were washed four times and incubated with a secondary, peroxidase-coupled anti-mouse IgG antibody (Pierce, Rockford, IL). ELISA plates were washed and 100 μ l of 3, 3', 5, 5'-tetramethyl benzidine (TMB; Pierce) was added per well. The optical density of each well was measured after 15 minutes. The titers reported are the reciprocal of the dilution of serum that gave a half-maximum optical density (O.D.). The ELISA results are presented in Table 8.

Table 8

Group	Inoculum	Expression	Sera -	Sera -	Sera -
	(μg)	cassette	Week 43	Week 6	Week 8
1	20	S¹ - gag	98	455	551
2	2	S - gag	59	1408	227
3	0.	S - gag	29	186	61
4	0.02	S - gag	< 20	< 20	< 20
5	20	S - gag	67	n.a.	n.a.
6	2	S - gag	63	n.a.	n.a.
7	0.	S - gag	57	n.a.	n.a.
8	0.02	S - gag	< 20	n.a.	n.a.
9	20	N² - gag	43	n.a.	n.a.
10	2	N - gag	< 20	n.a.	n.a.
11	0.	N - gag	< 20	n.a.	n.a.
12	0.02	N - gag	< 20	n.a.	n.a.

1 = synthetic gag expression cassette (SEQ ID NO: 4)

2 = native gag expression cassette (SEQ ID NO: 1)

3 = geometric mean antibody titer

4 = not applicable

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The results of the mouse immunizations with plasmid-DNAs show that the synthetic expression cassettes provide a clear improvement of immunogenicity relative to the native expression cassettes. Also, the second boost immunization induced a secondary immune response after two weeks (groups 1-3).

C. Cellular Immune Response

The frequency of specific cytotoxic T-lymphocytes (CTL) was evaluated by a standard chromium release assay of peptide pulsed Balb/c mouse CD4 cells. Gag expressing vaccinia virus infected CD-8 cells were used as a positive control (vvGag). Briefly, spleen cells (Effector cells, E) were obtained from the BALB/c mice immunized as described above (Table 8) were cultured, restimulated, and assayed for CTL activity against Gag

peptide-pulsed target cells as described (Doe, B., and Walker, C.M., AIDS 10(7):793-794, 1996). The HIV-1_{SF2} Gag peptide used was p7g SEQ ID NO:10. Cytotoxic activity was measured in a standard ⁵¹Cr release assay. Target (T) cells were cultured with effector (E) cells at various E:T ratios for 4 hours and the average cpm from duplicate wells was used to calculate percent specific ⁵¹Cr release. The results are presented in Table 9.

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Cytotoxic T-cell (CTL) activity was measured in splenocytes recovered from the mice immunized with HIV Gag DNA (compare Effector column, Table 9, to immunization schedule, Table 8). Effector cells from the Gag DNA-immunized animals exhibited specific lysis of Gag p7g peptide-pulsed SV-BALB (MHC matched) targets cells indicative of a CTL response. Target cells that were peptide-pulsed and derived from an MHC-unmatched mouse strain (MC57) were not lysed (Table 9; MC/p7g).

Table 9

	Table 9. Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL) response						
5			ed with HIV				
			Percent specific lysis				
			target cells				
	Immunization	E:T	SVBALB	SVBALB	RMA		
			none	p7g	p7g		
	20 μg DNA	100:1	2	49	<1		
	gagmod	30:1	3	30	<1		
		10:1	<1	14	<1		
10	2 μg DNA	100:1	2	37	<1		
	gagmod	30:1	2	21	<1		
		10:1	<1	13	<1		
	0.2 μg DNA	100:1	2	32	<1		
	gagmod	30:1	3	25	<1		
		10:1	1	14	<1		
	0.02 μg DNA	100:1	1	17	<1		
15	gagmod	30:1	1	16	<1		
		10:1	1	8	<1		
	20 μg DNA	100:1	2	49	<1		
	gag native	30:1	2	24	- <1		
		10:1	1	12	<1		
	2 μg DNA	100:1	<1	18	<1		
	gag native	30:1	1	14	<1		
		10:1	1	7	<1		
20	0.2 μg DNA	100:1	3	30	<1		
	gag native	30:1	3	17	<1		
		10:1	2	7	<1		
	0.02 μg DNA	100:1	4	2	<1		
	gag native	30:1	1	2	<1		
		10:1	1	2	<1		

representative results of two animals per DNA-dose; positive CTL responses are indicated by boxed data

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The results of the CTL assays show increased potency of synthetic Gag expression cassettes for induction of cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL) responses by DNA immunization.

Example 9

In vivo Immunization with Env polypeptides

A. Immunogenicity Study of US4 o-gp140 in Ras-3c Adjuvant

System

Studies have been conducted using rabbits immunized with US4 o-gp140 purified as described above. Studies are also underway in animals to determine immunogenicity of US4 gp120, SF162 o-gp140 and SF162 gp120.

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Two rabbits (#1 and #2) were immunized intramuscularly at 0, 4, 12 and 24 weeks with 50 µg of US4 o-gp140 in the Ribi™ adjuvant system (RAS-3c), (Ribi Immunochem, Hamilton, MT) containing 2% Squalene, 0.2% Tween 80, and one or more bacterial cell wall components from the group consisting of monophosphorylipid A (MPL, Ribi Immunochem, Hamilton, MT). In each experiment described herein, o-gp140 can be native, mutated and/or modified. Antibody responses directed against the US4 o-gp140 protein were measured by ELISA. Results are shown in Table 10.

Table 10

Rabbit/sample	Approximate o-gp140 ELISA titer
pre-immunization	0
#1: post1 (0 week immuniz)	400
#1: post2 (4 week immuniz)	15,000
#1: post3 (12 week immuniz)	50,000
#1: post4 (24 week immuiz)	100,000
#2: post1 (0 week immuniz)	600
#2: post2 (4 week immuniz)	12,000
#2: post3 (12 week immuniz)	25,000
#2: post4 (24 week immuiz)	55,000

The avidities of antibodies directed against the US4 o-gp140 protein were measured in a similar ELISA format employing successive washes with increasing concentrations of ammonium isothiocynate. Results are shown in Table 11.

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Table 11

Time of sample	Approx. Antibody avidity
	(NH₄HCN Conc. in M)
pre-immunization	0.02
postl (0 week immuniz)	1.8
post2 (4 week immuniz)	3.5
post3 (12 week	5.5
immuniz)	
post4 (24 week	5.1
immuniz)	

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These results show that US4 o-gp140 is highly immunogenic and able to induce substantial antibody responses after only one or two immunizations.

B. Immunogenicity of US4 o-gp140 in MF59-based Adjuvants

Groups of 4 rabbits were immunized intramuscularly at 0, 4, 12 and 24 weeks with various doses of US4 o-gpl40 protein in three different MF59-based adjuvants (MF59 is described in International Publication No. WO 90/14837 and typically contains 5% Squalene, 0.5% Tween 80, and 0.5% Span 85). Antibody titers were measured post-third by ELISA using SF2 gpl20 to coat the plates. QHC is a quill-based adjuvant (Iscotek, Uppsala, Sweden). Results are shown in Table 12.

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Table 12

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Antigen dose (µg)	Adjuvant	Anti-gp120 _{sp2} Ab GMT*
12.5	MF59	7231
25	MF59	8896
50	MF59	12822
12.5	MF59/MPL	24146
25	MF59/MPL	27199
50	MF59/MPL	23059
50	MF59/MPL/QHC	31759

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*GMT = geometric mean titer

Thus, adjuvanted o-gp140 generated antigen-specific antibodies. Further, the antibodies were shown to increased in avidity over time.

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C. Neutralizing Antibodies

Neutralizing antibodies post-third immunization were measured against HIV-1 SF2 in a T-cell line adapted virus

(TCLA) assay and against PBMC-grown HIV-1 variants SF2, SF162 and 119 using the CCR5+ CEMx174 LTR-GFP reporter cell line, 5.25 (provided by N. Landau, Salk Institute, San Diego, CA) as target cells. Results are shown in Table 13.

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Table 13

Neutralizing antibody responses in rabbits immunized with o-gp140.modUS4 protein

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Group	Animal	SF2	SF2	SF162	119
		TCLA*	PBMC*	PBMC*	PBMC*
Experiment 1					
o-gp140/	217	>640	100%	49	17
Ras-3c					
50 mg	218	>640	96	37	29
Experiment 2					
o-gp140/	792	4 5	71	39	26
MF59					
50 mg	793	50	87	26	4
	794	59	87 -	13	0
	795	128	92	15	0
o-gp140/	804	173	91	47	18
MF59 + MPL					
50 mg	805	134	93	28	4
	806	N.D.**	95	49	13
	807	441	100	31	15
o-gp140/MF59	808	465	98	46	40
+ MPL + QHC					
50 mg	809	496	100	44	39
	810	>640	101	27	4
	811	92	92	24	37

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^{*}TCLA neutralizing antibody titers (50% inhibition).

^{**}Not Determined

^{*%} Inhibition at 1:10 dilution of sera with any detectable non-specific inhibition in pre-bleeds subtracted.

The above studies in rabbits indicate that the US4 ogp140 protein is highly immunogenic. When administered with adjuvant, this protein was able to induce substantial antibody responses after only one or two immunizations. Moreover, the adjuvanted o-gp140 protein was able to generate antigen-specific antibodies which increased in avidity after successive immunizations, and substantial neutralizing activity against T-cell line adapted HIV-1. Neutralizing activity was also observed against PBMC-grown primary HIV strains, including the difficult to neutralize CCR5 co-receptor (R5)-utilizing isolates, SF162 and 119.

Example 10

In Vivo Immunogenicity of Synthetic Env Expression <u>Cassettes</u>

A. General Immunization Methods

To evaluate the immunogenicity of the synthetic Env expression cassettes, studies using guinea pigs, rabbits, mice, rhesus macaques and baboons were performed. The studies were structured as follows: DNA immunization alone (single or multiple); DNA immunization followed by protein immunization (boost); DNA immunization followed by Sindbis particle immunization; immunization by Sindbis particles alone.

25 B. Humoral Immune Response

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The humoral immune response was checked in serum specimens from immunized animals with an anti-HIV Env antibody ELISAs (enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays) at various times post-immunization. The antibody titers of the sera were determined by anti-Env antibody ELISA as described above. Briefly, sera from immunized animals were

screened for antibodies directed against the HIV gp120 or gp140 Env protein. Wells of ELISA microtiter plates were coated

overnight with the selected *Env* protein and washed four times; subsequently, blocking was done with PBS-0.2% Tween (Sigma) for 2 hours. After removal of the blocking solution, 100 μ l of diluted mouse serum was added. Sera were tested at 1/25 dilutions and by serial 3-fold dilutions, thereafter. Microtiter plates were washed four times and incubated with a secondary, peroxidase-coupled anti-mouse IgG antibody (Pierce, Rockford, IL). ELISA plates were washed and 100 μ l of 3, 3', 5, 5'-tetramethyl benzidine (TMB; Pierce) was added per well. The optical density of each well was measured after 15 minutes. Titers are typically reported as the reciprocal of the dilution of serum that gave a half-maximum optical density (O.D.).

Example 11

<u>DNA-immunization of Baboons Using Synthetic Gag</u> <u>Expression Cassettes</u>

A. Baboons

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Four baboons were immunized 3 times (weeks 0, 4 and 8) bilaterally, intramuscular into the quadriceps using lmg pCMVKM2. GagMod. SF2 plasmid-DNA (Example 1). The animals were bled two weeks after each immunization and a p24 antibody ELISA was performed with isolated plasma. The ELISA was performed essentially as described in Example 5 except the second antibody-conjugate was an anti-human IgG, g-chain specific, peroxidase conjugate (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MD 63178) used at a dilution of 1:500. Fifty $\mu g/ml$ yeast extract was added to the dilutions of plasma

samples and antibody conjugate to reduce non-specific background due to

preexisting yeast antibodies in the baboons. The antibody titer results are presented in Table 14.

5 Table 14

	Immunizati on no.	Weeks	Antigen	wpi */ Baboon No.	Ab-titer b
	1	0	gagmod	0 w/219	< 10
			DNA	0 w/220	< 10
10				0 w/221	< 10
				0 w/222	< 10
		6		2 wp 1st/219	< 10
				2 wp 1st/220	< 10
				2 wp 1st/221	< 10
15				2 wp 1st/222	15
	4	14	gagmod	2 wp 4th/219	< 10
			DNA	2 wp 4th/220	88
				2 wp 4th/221	< 10
				2 wp 4th/222	56
20	5	30	gagmod	2 wp 5th/219	< 10
			DNA	2 wp 5th/220	391
	•			2 wp 5th/221	237
				2 wp 5th/222	222
	6	46	gag VLP	2 wp 6th/219	753
25			protein	2 wp 6th/219	4330
				2 wp 6th/219	5000
				2 wp 6th/219	2881

a wpi = weeks post immunization

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In Table 14, pre-bleed data are given as Immunization No. 0; data for bleeds taken 2 weeks post-first immunization are given as Immunization No. 1; data for bleeds taken 2 weeks post-second immunization are given as Immunization No. 2; and, data for bleeds taken 2 weeks post-third immunization are given as Immunization No. 3.

b geometric mean antibody titer

Further, lymphoproliferative responses to p24 antigen were also observed in baboons 221 and 222 two weeks post-fourth immunization (at week 14), and enhanced substantially post-boosting with VLP (at week 44 and 76). Such proliferation results are indicative of induction of T-helper cell functions.

B. Rhesus Macaques

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The improved potency of the codon-modified gag expression plasmid observed in mouse and baboon studies was confirmed in rhesus macaques. Four of four macaques had detectable Gag-specific CTL after two or three 1 mg doses of modified gag plasmid. In contrast, in a previous study, only one of four macaques given 1 mg doses of plasmid-DNA encoding the wild-type $HIV-1_{SF2}$ Gag showed strong CTL activity that was not apparent until after the seventh immunization. Further evidence of the potency of the modified gag plasmid was the observation that CTL from two of the four rhesus macaques reacted with three nonoverlapping Gag peptide pools, suggesting that as many as three different Gag peptides are recognized and indicating that the CTL response is polyclonal. Additional quantification and specificity studies are in progress to further characterize the T cell responses to Gag in the plasmid-immunized rhesus macaques. DNA immunization of macaques with the modified gag plasmid did not result in significant antibody responses, with only two of four animals seroconverting at low titers. In contrast, in the same study the majority of macaques in groups immunized with p55Gaq protein seroconverted and had strong Gag-specific antibody titers. These data suggest that a prime-boost

strategy (DNA-prime and protein-boost) could be very promising for the induction of a strong CTL and antibody response.

In sum, these results demonstrate that the synthetic Gag plasmid DNA is immunogenic in non-human primates. When similar experiments were carried out using wild-type Gag plasmid DNA no such induction of anti-p24 antibodies was observed after four immunizations.

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Example 12

. <u>DNA- and Protein Immunizations of Animals Using Env</u> Expression Cassettes and Polypeptides

A. Guinea Pigs

immunization and at two weeks after the protein boost.

25 Immunization and at two weeks after the protein boost.

Results are shown in Table 15.

Table 15

Group	GMT post-DNA	GMT post-protein
	immuniz.	boost
gp120.modUS4	2098	9489
gp140.modUS4	190	5340
gp140.modUS4.delV1	341	7808
gp140.modUS4.delV2	386	8165
gp140.modUS4.delV1/V	664	8270
2		
gp160.modUS4	235	9928

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These results demonstrate the usefulness of the synthetic constructs to generate immune responses, as well as, the advantage of providing a protein boost to enhance the immune response following DNA immunization.

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B. Rabbits

Rabbits were immunized intramuscularly and intradermally using a Bioject needless syringe with plasmid DNAs encoding the following synthetic SF162 Env polypeptides: gp120.modSF162, gp120.modSF162.delV2, gp140.modSF162, gp140.modSF162, gp140.mut.modSF162, gp140.mut.modSF162.delV2, gp160.modSF162, and gp160.modSF162.delV2. Approximately 1 mg of plasmid DNA (pCMVlink) carrying the synthetic Env expression cassette was used to immunize the rabbits. Rabbits were immunized with plasmid DNA at 0, 4, and 12 weeks. At two weeks after the third immunization all of the constructs were shown to have generated significant antibody titers in the test animals. Further, rabbits immunized with constructs containing deletions of the V2 region

generally generated similar antibody titers relative to rabbits immunized with the companion construct still containing the V2 region.

The nucleic acid immunizations are followed by protein boosting with o-gp140.modSF162.delV2 (0.1 mg of purified protein) at 24 weeks after the initial immunization. Results are shown in Table 16.

Table 16

Group	GMT 2wks post-2nd DNA immunization	GMT 2wks post-3rd DNA immunization	GMT 2wks post-protein boost
gp120.modSF162	4573	5899	26033
gp120.modSF162.delV2	3811	3122	29606
gp140.modSF162	1478	710	12882
gp140.modSF162.delV2	1572	819	11067
gp140.mut.modSF162	1417	788	8827
<pre>gp140.mut.modSF162.delV 2</pre>	1378	1207	13301
gp160.modSF162	23	81	7050
gp160.modSF162.delV2	85	459	11568

20 All constructs are highly immunogenic and generate substantial antigen binding antibody responses after only 2 immunizations in rabbits.

C. Baboons

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25 Groups of four baboons were immunized intramuscularly with 1 mg doses of DNA encoding different forms of synthetic US4 gp140 (see the following table) at 0, 4, 8, 12, 28, and 44 weeks. The animals were also boosted twice with US4 0-gp140 protein (gp140.mut.modUS4) at 44 and 76 weeks using MF59 as adjuvant. Results are shown in Table 17.

			Table 17		
	Animal	Treatment	2 Wks Post	2 Wks post	2 Wks post
			5th DNA	6th DNA	7th DNA
			immuniza-	(plus o-	(o-gp140
			tion	gp140 prot.	protein
				immuniz.)	only)
	CY 215		8.3	446	1813
	CY 216	gp140.modUS4	8.3	433	1236
5	CY 217		68	1660	2989
	CY 218		101	2556	1610
	Geomean:		26.2	951.4	1812.1
	CY 219		8.3	8.3	421
	CY 220	gp140.modUS4	8.3	8.3	3117
.0	CY 221	+ p55gag.SF2	8.3	954	871
	CY 222		8.3	71	916
	Geomean:		8.3	46.5	1011.5
	CY 223		41.4	10497	46432
	CY 224	gp140.mut.	8.3	979	470
5	CY 225	modUS4	135	2935	3870
	CY 226		47	1209	4009
	Geomean:		68.3	2457.4	4289.6
	CY 227		8.3	56	5001
	CY 228	gp140TM.	8.3	806	1170
)	CY 229	modUS4	8.3	48	3402
	CY 230		8.3	38	6520
	GMT*:	geometric mean	8.3	95.3	3375.3

The results in Table 17 demonstrate the usefulness of the synthetic constructs to generate immune responses in primates such as baboons. In addition, all animals

showed evidence of antigen-specific (*Env* antigen) lymphoproliferative responses.

D. Rhesus Macaques

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Two rhesus macaques (designated H445 and J408) were immunized with 1 mg of DNA encoding SF162 gp140 with a deleted V2 region (SF162.gp140.delV2) by intramuscular (IM) and intradermal (ID) routes at 0, 4, 8, and 28 weeks. Approximately 100 μ g of the protein encoded by the SF162. gp140mut.delV2 construct was also administered in MF59 by IM delivery at 28 weeks.

ELISA titers are shown in Figure 61. Neutralizing antibody activity is shown Tables 18 and 19.

Neutralizing antibody activity was determined against a variety of primary HIV-1 isolates in a primary lymphocyte or "PBMC-based" assay (see the following tables).

Further, the phenotypic co-receptor usage for each of the primary isolates is indicated. As can be seen in the tables neutralizing antibodies were detected against every isolate tested, including the HIV-1 primary isolates (i.e., SF128A, 92US660, 92HT593, 92US657, 92US714, 91US056, and 91US054).

		T	Table 18					
		Treatment		Bleed 0	Bleed 1	Bleed 2		
_	Animal	1st Immunization	2nd Immunization	1st Imm'n	2nd Imm'n	2 Wks post 2nd		
5	EO 456			8.3	45	309		
	EO 457	25μg 120mod DNA	(None)	8.3	254	460		
	EO 458			8.3	8.3	93		
	EO 459			8.3	43	45		
	EO 460			8.3	8.3	274		
10	EO 461		25μg 120mod DNA	8.3	47	1502		
	EO 462			8.3	80	5776		
EC	EO 463	25μg 120mod		8.3	89	3440		
	EO 464	DNA		8.3	8.3	3347		
	EO 465			8.3	69	1127		
15	EO 466		(None)	8.3	63	102		
	EO 467			8.3	112	662		
		50μg 120mod		8.3	94	459		
	EO 469	DNA		8.3	- 58	48		
	EO 470			8.3	95	355		
20	EO 471			8.3	110	9074		
	EO 472	50μg 120mod DNA	50μg 120mod DNA	8.3	8.3	4897		
	EO 473			8.3	49	4089		
	EO 474			8.3	59	5280		
	EO 475			8.3	8.3	929		
25	EO 476		Sindbis/Env	8.3	-	653		
	EO 477	478 25μg 120mod DNA		8.3	87	22675		
	EO 478			8.3	76	3869		
	EO 479			8.3		1004		
	EO 480			8.3	71	7080		
						7080		

Table 19								
	Treatment		Bleed 0	Bleed 1	Bleed 2			
Animal	1st Immunization	2nd Immunization	lst Imm'n	2nd Imm'n	2 Wks post 2nd			
EO 481		(None)	8.3	8.3	8.3			
			8.3	8.3	8.3			
EO 482	Sindbis/Env		8.3	78	103			
EO 483			8.3	8.3	32			
EO 484			8.3	76	207			
		Sindbis/Env	8.3	8.3	458			
EO 486			8.3	8.3	345			
EO 487			8.3	8.3	331			
EO 488	Sindbis/Env		8.3	103	111			
EO 489			8.3	8.3	5636			
EO 490								

Lymphoproliferative activity (LPA) was also determined by antigenic stimulation followed by uptake of ³H-thymidine in these animals and is shown in Table 20. Experiment 1 was performed at 14 weeks post third DNA immunization and Experiment 2 was performed at 2 weeks post fourth DNA immunization using DNA and protein. For gp120ThaiE, gp120SF2 and US4 o-gp140, appropriate background values were used to calculate Stimulation Indices (S.I.; Antigenic stimulation CPM/Background CPM).

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Table 20

S.I.: Calculated as Ag CPM/Background CPM								
Animal/	gp120Thai	gp120 SF2	env2-3SF2	0-				
exp#	E			gp140US4				
J408/#1	2	1	1	5				
H445/#1	1	1	1	6				
J408/#2	1	1	2	3				
H445/#2	0	0	3	2				

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As can be seen by the results presented in Table 20 lymphoproliferative responses to o-gp140.US4 antigen were also in all four animals at both experimental time points. Such proliferation results are indicative of induction of T-helper cell functions.

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The results presented above demonstrate that the synthetic gp140.modSF162.delV2 DNA and protein are immunogenic in non-human primates.

Example 13

In vitro expression of recombinant Sindbis RNA and DNA containing the synthetic Gag or Env expression cassettes

A. Synthetic Gag expression cassettes

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To evaluate the expression efficiency of the synthetic Gag expression cassette in Alphavirus vectors, the synthetic Gag expression cassette was subcloned into both plasmid DNA-based and recombinant vector particle-based Sindbis virus vectors. Specifically, a cDNA vector construct for in vitro transcription of Sindbis virus RNA vector replicons (pRSIN-luc; Dubensky, et al., J Virol. 70:508-519, 1996) was modified to contain a PmeI site for plasmid linearization and a polylinker for insertion of heterologous genes. A polylinker was generated using two oligonucleotides that contain the sites XhoI, PmlI, ApaI, NarI, XbaI, and NotI (XPANXNF, SEQ ID NO:17, and XPANXNR, SEQ ID NO:18).

The plasmid pRSIN-luc (Dubensky et al., supra) was 20 digested with XhoI and NotI to remove the luciferase gene insert, blunt-ended using Klenow and dNTPs, and purified from an agarose get using GeneCleanII (Biol01, Vista, The oligonucleotides were annealed to each other and ligated into the plasmid. The resulting construct was digested with NotI and Sacl to remove the minimal 25 Sindbis 3'-end sequence and A_{40} tract, and ligated with an approximately 0.4 kbp fragment from PKSSIN1-BV (WO 97/38087). This 0.4 kbp fragment was obtained by digestion of pKSSIN1-BV with NotI and SacI, and 30 purification after size fractionation from an agarose The fragment contained the complete Sindbis virus 3'-end, an A_{40} tract and a PmeI site for linearization. This new vector construct was designated SINBVE.

The synthetic HIV Gag coding sequence was obtained from the parental plasmid by digestion with EcoRI, bluntending with Klenow and dNTPs, purification with GeneCleanII, digestion with SalI, size fractionation on an agarose gel, and purification from the agarose gel using GeneCleanII. The synthetic Gag coding fragment was ligated into the SINBVE vector that had been digested with XhoI and PmlI. The resulting vector was purified using GeneCleanII and designated SINBVGag. Vector RNA 10 replicons may be transcribed in vitro (Dubensky et al., supra) from SINBVGag and used directly for transfection of cells. Alternatively, the replicons may be packaged into recombinant vector particles by co-transfection with defective helper RNAs or using an alphavirus packaging cell line as described, for example, in U.S. Patent 15 Numbers 5,843,723 and 5,789,245, and then administered in vivo as described..

The DNA-based Sindbis virus vector pDCMVSIN-beta-gal (Dubensky, et al., J Virol. 70:508-519, 1996) was

20 digested with SalI and XbaI, to remove the betagalactosidase gene insert, and purified using GeneCleanII after agarose gel size fractionation. The HIV Gag gene was inserted into the the pDCMVSIN-beta-gal by digestion of SINBVGag with SalI and XhoI, purification using

25 GeneCleanII of the Gag-containing fragment after agarose gel size fractionation, and ligation. The resulting construct was designated pDSIN-Gag, and may be used directly for in vivo administration or formulated using any of the methods described herein.

BHK and 293 cells were transfected with recombinant Sindbis vector RNA and DNA, respectively. The supernatants and cell lysates were tested with the Coulter p24 capture ELISA (Example 2).

BHK cells were transfected by electroporation with recombinant Sindbis RNA. The expression of p24 (in ng/ml) is presented in Table 21. In the table, SINGag#l and 2 represent duplicate measurements, and SIN β gal represents a negative control. Supernatants and lysates were collected 24h post transfection.

Table 21

ConstructSupernatantLysateSINβgal RNA00SINGag#1 RNA7 ngMax (approx. 1 μg)SINGag#2 RNA1 ng700 ng

293 cells were transfected using LT-1 (Example 2) with recombinant Sindbis DNA. Synthetic pCMVKM2GagMod.SF2 was used as a positive control. Supernatants and lysates were collected 48h post transfection. The expression of p24 (in ng/ml) is presented in Table 22.

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Table 22

Construct	Supernatant	Lysate
SINGag DNA	3	30
pCMVKM2.GagMod.SF2 DNA	32	42

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The results presented in Tables 21 and 22 demonstrate that Gag proteins can be efficiently expressed from both DNA and RNA-based Sindbis vector systems using the synthetic Gag expression cassette (p55Gag.mod).

B. Synthetic Env expression cassettes

To evaluate the expression efficiency of the synthetic Env expression cassette in Alphavirus vectors,

synthetic Env expression cassettes were subcloned into both plasmid DNA-based and recombinant vector particle-based Sindbis virus vectors as described above for Gag.

The synthetic HIV Env coding sequence was obtained from the parental plasmid by digestion with SalI and XbaI, size fractionation on an agarose gel, and purification from the agarose gel using GeneCleanII. synthetic Env coding fragment was ligated into the SINBVE vector that had been digested with XhoI and XbaI. resulting vector was purified using GeneCleanII and 10 designated SINBVEnv. Vector RNA replicons may be transcribed in vitro (Dubensky et al., supra) from SINBVEnv and used directly for transfection of cells. Alternatively, the replicons may be packaged into recombinant vector particles by co-transfection with 15 defective helper RNAs or using an alphavirus packaging cell line and administered as described above for Gag.

The DNA-based Sindbis virus vector pDCMVSIN-beta-gal (Dubensky, et al., J Virol. 70:508-519, 1996) was digested with SalI and XbaI, to remove the beta-galactosidase gene insert, and purified using GeneCleanII after agarose gel size fractionation. The HIV Env gene was inserted into the the pDCMVSIN-beta-gal by digestion of SINBVEnv with XbaI and XhoI, purification using GeneCleanII of the Env-containing fragment after agarose gel size fractionation, and ligation. The resulting construct was designated pDSIN-Env, and may be used directly for in vivo administration or formulated using any of the methods described herein.

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BHK and 293 cells were transfected with recombinant Sindbis vector RNA and DNA, respectively. The supernatants and cell lysates were tested by capture ELISA.

BHK cells were transfected by electroporation with recombinant Sindbis RNA. The expression of Env (in ng/ml) is presented in Table 23. In the table, the Sindbis RNA containing synthetic Env expression cassettes are indicated and β gal represents a negative control. Supernatants and lysates were collected 24h post transfection.

Table 23

10	Construct	Supernatant	Lysate
		(Neat)ng/ml	(1:10 dilution)ng/ml
	βgal RNA	0	0
	gp140.modUS4	726	7147
	gp140.modSF162	3529	7772
	gp140.modUS4.delV1/V2	1738	6526
15	gp140.modUS4.delV2	960	3023
	gp140.modSF162.delV2	2772	3359

293 cells were transfected using LT-1 mediated
20 transfection (PanVera) with recombinant Sindbis DNA
containing synthetic expression cassettes of the present
invention and βgal sequences as a negative control.
Supernatants and lysates were collected 48h post
transfection. The expression of Env (in ng/ml) is
25 presented in Table 24.

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Table 24

Construct	Supernatant (Neat)ng/ml	Lysate (1:10
		dilution) ng/ml
βgal	0	0
gp140.modSF162.delV2	1977	801
gp140.modSF162	949	746

The results presented in Tables 23 and 24 demonstrated that Env proteins can be efficiently expressed from both DNA and RNA-based Sindbis vector systems using the synthetic Env expression cassettes of the present invention.

Example 14

A. In vivo Immunization with Gag-containing DNA and/or Sindbis particles

weeks with plasmid DNA and/or Sindbis vector RNAcontaining particles each containing GagMod.SF2 sequences
as indicated in Table 25. Animals were challenged with
recombinant vaccinia expressing SF2 Gag at 3 weeks post
second immunization (at week 7). Spleens were removed
from the immunized and challenged animals 5 days later
for a standard ⁵¹C release assay for CTL activity. Values
shown in Table 25 indicate the results from the spleens
of three mice from each group. The boxed values in Table
25 indicate that all groups of mice receiving
immunizations with pCMVKm2.GagMod.SF2 DNA and/or
SindbisGagMod.SF2 virus particles either alone or in
combinations showed antigen-specific CTL activity.

Table 25

gagmod DNA and Sindbis gagmod	virus <u>pa</u> rti	cles		
		Percent s	pecific lys	sis of
		tar	get cells*	
Immunization	E : T	SVBALB	SVBALB	RMA
		none	p7g	p7g
pCMVKm2.GagMod.SF2 DNA a	100:1	5	20	1
at 0, 4 wks	25:1	5	20	<1
	6:1	4	8	<1
SindbisGagMod.SF2	100:1	10	49	<1
virus particles ^b	25:1	7	20	<1
at 0, 4 weeks	6:1	5	12	<1
pCMVKm2.GagMod.SF2 DNA at 0	100:1	9	58	<1
wks SindbisGagMod.SF2 virus	25:1	7	42	2
particles at 4 wks	6:1	4	13	<1
SindbisGagMod.SF2	100:1	5	38	<1
virus particles at 4 wks	25:1	4	18	<1
pCMVKm2.GaqMod.SF2 DNA at 0 wks	6:1	3	13	1

² 20 μg

* Challenge with recombinant vaccinia virus expressing HIV-1SF2 Gag at 3 weeks post second immunization (week 7). Spleens taken 5 days later. Ex vivo CTL assay performed by standard ⁵¹Cr release assay. Values seen represent results from 3 pooled mouse spleens per group

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B. In vivo Immunization with Env-containing DNA and/or Sindbis particles

Balb/C mice were immunized intramuscularly at 0 and 4 weeks (as shown in the following table) with plasmid DNA and/or Sindbis-virus RNA-containing particles each containing gp120.modUS4 sequences. Treatment regimes and antibody titers are shown in Table 26. Antibody titers were determined by ELISA using gp120 SF2 protein to coat the plates.

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b 10° particles

			Table 26			
		Treatment		Bleed 0	Bleed 1 (8 wks)	Bleed 2 (10 wks)
	Animal	1st Immunization	2nd Immunization	lst Imm'n	2nd Imm'n	2 Wks post 2nd
5	EO 456 EO 457 EO 458 EO 459 EO 460	25μg 120mod DNA	(None)	8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	45 254 8.3 43 8.3	309 460 93 45 274
10	EO 461 EO 462 EO 463 EO 464 EO 465	25μg 120mod DNA	25μg 120mod DNA	8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	47 80 89 8.3 69	1502 5776 3440 3347 1127
15	EO 466 EO 467 EO 468 EO 469 EO 470	50μg 120mod DNA	(None)	8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	63 112 94 58 95	102 662 459 48 355
20	EO 471 EO 472 - EO 473 EO 474 EO 475	50µg 120mod DNA	50μg 120mod DNA	8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	110 8.3 49 59 8.3	9074 4897 4089 5280 929
25	EO 476 EO 477 EO 478 EO 479 EO 480	25µg 120mod DNA	Sindbis/Env	8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	87 76	653 22675 3869 1004 7080
30	EO 481 EO 482 EO 483 EO 484 EO 485	Sindbis/Env	(None)	8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	8.3 8.3 78 8.3 76	8.3 8.3 103 32 207
35	EO 486 EO 487 EO 488 EO 489 EO 490	Sindbis/Env	Sindbis/Env	8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3	8.3 8.3 8.3 103 8.3	458 345 331 111 5636

As can be seen from the data presented above, all of the mice generally demonstrated substantial immunological responses by bleed number 2. For Env, the best results were obtained using either (i) 50 μg of gpl20.modUS4 DNA for the first immunization followed by a second

immunization using 50 μ g of gp120.modUS4 DNA, or (ii) 25 μ g of gp120.modUS4 DNA for the first immunization followed by a second immunization using 10 7 pfus of Sindbis.

The results presented above demonstrate that the Env and Gag proteins of the present invention are effective to induce an immune response using Sindbis vector systems which include the synthetic Env (e.g., gp120.modUS4) or Gag expression cassettes.

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Example 15

Co-Transfection of Env and Gag as Monocistronic and Bicistronic Constructs

DNA constructs encoding (i) wild-type US4 and SF162 Env polypeptides, (ii) synthetic US4 and SF162 Env polypeptides (gp160.modUS4, gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2, gp160.modSF162, and gp120.modSF162.delV2), and (iii) SF2gag polypeptide (i.e., the Gag coding sequences obtained from the SF2 variant or optimized sequences corresponding to the gagSF2 -- gag.modSF2) were prepared. These monocistronic constructs were co-transfected into 293T cells in a transient transfection protocol using the following combinations: gp160.modUS4; gp160.modUS4 and gag.modSF2; gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2; gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2 and gag.modSF2; gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2; and gag.modSF2; gp160.modSF162 and gag.modSF2; gp120.modSF162.delV2 and gag.modSF2; and gag.modSF2 alone.

Further several bicistronic constructs were made where the coding sequences for Env and Gag were under the control of a single CMV promoter and, between the two coding sequences, an IRES (internal ribosome entry site (EMCV IRES); Kozak, M., Critical Reviews in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology 27(45):385-402, 1992; Witherell, G.W., et al., Virology 214:660-663, 1995) sequence was

introduced after the Env coding sequence and before the Gag coding sequence. Those constructs were as follows: gp160.modUS4.gag.modSF2, SEQ ID NO:73 (Figure 61); gp160.modUSF162.gag.modSF2, SEQ ID NO:74 (Figure 62); gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2.gag.modSF2, SEQ ID NO:75 (Figure 63); and gp160.modSF162.delV2.gag.modSF2, SEQ ID NO:76 (Figure 64).

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Supernatants from cell culture were filtered through 0.45 μm filters then ultracentrifuged for 2 hours at 24,000 rpm (140,000Xg) in an SW28 rotor through a 20% sucrose cushion. The pelleted materials were suspended and layered on a 20-60% sucrose gradient and spun for 2 hours at 40,000 rpm (285,000Xg) in an SW41Ti rotor. Gradients were fractionated into 1.0 ml samples. A total of 9-10 fractions were typically collected from each DNA transfection group.

The fractions were tested for the presence of the Env and Gag proteins (across all fractions). These results demonstrated that the appropriate proteins were expressed in the transfected cells (i.e., if an Env coding sequence was present the corresponding Env protein was detected; if a Gag coding sequence was present the corresponding Gag protein was detected).

Virus like particles (VLPs) were known to be present through a selected range of sucrose densities. Chimeric virus like particles (VLPs) were formed using all the tested combinations of constructs containing both Env and Gag. Significantly more protein was found in the supernatant collected from the cells transfected with "gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2 and gag.modSF2" than in all the other supernatants.

Western blot analysis was also performed on sucrose gradient fractions from each transfection. The results show that bicistronic plasmids gave lower amounts of VLPs

than the amounts obtained using co-transfection with monocistronic plasmids.

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In order to verify the production of chimeric VLPs by these cell lines the following electron microscopic analysis was carried out.

293T cells were plated at a density of 60-70% confluence in 100 mm dishes on the day before transfection. The cells were transfected with 10 μg of DNA in transfection reagent LT1 (Panvera Corporation, 545 Science Dr., Madison, WI). The cells were incubated overnight in reduced serum medium (opti-MEM, Gibco-BRL, Gaithersburg, MD). The medium was replaced with 10% fetal calf serum, 2% glutamine in IMDM in the morning of the next day and the cells were incubated for 65 hours. Supernatants and lysates were collected for analysis as described above (see Example 2).

The fixed, transfected 293T cells and purified ENV-GAG VLPs were analyzed by electron microscopy. The cells were fixed as follows. Cell monolayers were washed twice with PBS and fixed with 2% glutaraldehyde. For purified VLPs, gradient peak fractions were collected and concentrated by ultracentrifugation (24,000 rpm) for 2 hours. Electron microscopic analysis was performed by Prof. T.S. Benedict Yen (Veterans Affairs, Medical Center, San Francisco, CA).

Electron microscopy was carried out using a transmission electron microscope (Zeiss 10c). The cells were pre-stained with osmium and stained with uranium acetate and lead citrate. Immunostaining was performed to visualize envelope on the VLP. The magnification was 100,000X.

Figures 65A-65F show micrographs of 293T cells transfected with the following constructs: Figure 65A, gag.modSF2; Figure 65B, gp160.modUS4; Figure 65C,

gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2.gag.modSF2 (bicistronic Env and Gag); Figures 65D and 65E, gp160.modUS4.delV1/V2 and gag.modSF2; and Figure 65F, gp120.modSF162.delV2 and gag.modSF2. In the figures, free and budding immature virus-like-particles (VLPs) of the expected size (approximately 100 nm) decorated with the Env protein were seen. In sum, gp160 polypeptides incorporate into Gag VLPs when constructs were co-transfected into cells. The efficiency of incorporation is 2-3 fold higher when constructs encoding V-deleted Env polypeptides from high synthetic expression cassettes are used.

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Although preferred embodiments of the subject invention have been described in some detail, it is understood that obvious variations can be made without departing from the spirit and the scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

What Is Claimed Is:

1. An expression cassette, comprising

a polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide including an HIV Gag polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding said Gag polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:20.

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- 2. The expression cassette of claim 1, comprising,
- a polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide including an HIV Gag polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding said Gag polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:9.
- 3. The expression cassette of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide including an HIV *Gag* polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:4.
- The expression cassette of claim 1, wherein said
 polynucleotide sequence further includes a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV protease polypeptide.
 - 5. The expression cassette of claim 4, wherein the nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:78, and SEQ ID NO:79.
 - 6. The expression cassette of claim 1, wherein said

polynucleotide sequence further includes a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV reverse transcriptase polypeptide.

- 7. The expression cassette of claim 6, wherein the nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:80, SEQ ID NO:81, SEQ ID NO:82, SEQ ID NO:83, and SEQ ID NO:84.
 - 8. The expression cassette of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence further includes a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV tat polypeptide.

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- 9. The expression cassette of claim 8, wherein the nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:86, SEQ ID NO:87, SEQ ID NO:88 and SEQ ID NO:89.
- 10. The expression cassette of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence further includes a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV polymerase polypeptide, wherein the nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:6.
- 11. The expression cassette of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence further includes a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HIV polymerase polypeptide, wherein (i) the nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90%

sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:4, and (ii) wherein the sequence is modified by deletions of coding regions corresponding to reverse transcriptase and integrase.

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- 12. The expression cassette of claim 11, wherein said polynucleotide sequence preserves T-helper cell and CTL epitopes.
- 13. The expression cassette of claim 1, wherein said polynucleotide sequence further includes a polynucleotide sequence encoding an HCV core polypeptide, wherein the nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:7.
 - 14. An expression cassette, comprising a polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide including an HIV *Env* polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding said *Env* polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO:71 (Figure 58) or SEQ ID NO:72 (Figure 59).
- 15. The expression cassette of claim 14, wherein 25 said *Env* polypeptide includes sequences flanking a V1 region but has a deletion in the V1 region itself.
 - 16. The expression cassette of claim 15, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide comprises the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:65 (Figure 52 gp160.modUS4.delV1).
 - 17. The expression cassette of claim 14, wherein

said ${\it Env}$ polypeptide includes sequences flanking a V2 region but has a deletion in the V2 region itself.

- 18. The expression cassette of claim 17, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:60 (Figure 47); and SEQ ID NO:66 (Figure 53).
- 19. The expression cassette of claim 17, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:34 (Figure 20); SEQ ID NO:37 (Figure 24); SEQ ID NO:40 (Figure 27); SEQ ID NO:43 (Figure 30); SEQ ID NO:46 (Figure 33); SEQ ID NO:49 (Figure 36); and SEQ ID NO:76 (Figure 64).
 - 20. The expression cassette of claim 14, wherein said Env polypeptide includes sequences flanking a V1/V2 region but has a deletion in the V1/V2 region itself.
 - 21. The expression cassette of claim 20, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:59 (Figure 46); SEQ ID NO:61 (Figure 48); SEQ ID NO:67 (Figure 54); and SEQ ID NO:75 (Figure 63).

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22. The expression cassette of claim 20, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:35

(Figure 21); SEQ ID NO:38 (Figure 25); SEQ ID NO:41 (Figure 28); SEQ ID NO:44 (Figure 31); SEQ ID NO:47 (Figure 34) and SEQ ID NO:50 (Figure 37).

23. The expression cassette of claim 14, wherein said *Env* polypeptide has a mutated cleavage site that prevents the cleavage of a gp140 polypeptide into a gp120 polypeptide and a gp41 polypeptide.

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- 24. The expression cassette of claim 23, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:57 (Figure 44); SEQ ID NO:61 (Figure 48); and SEQ ID NO:63 (Figure 50).
- 25. The expression cassette of claim 23, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:39

 (Figure 26); SEQ ID NO:40 (Figure 27); SEQ ID NO:41 (Figure 28); SEQ ID NO:42 (Figure 29); SEQ ID NO:43 (Figure 30); SEQ ID NO:44 (Figure 31); SEQ ID NO:45 (Figure 32); SEQ ID NO:46 (Figure 33); and SEQ ID NO:47 (Figure 34).

- 26. The expression cassette of claim 14, wherein said Env polypeptide includes a gpl60 Env polypeptide or a polypeptide derived from a gpl60 Env polypeptide.
- 27. The expression cassette of claim 26, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:64 (Figure 51); SEQ ID NO:65 (Figure 52); SEQ ID NO:66 (Figure 53); SEQ ID NO:67 (Figure 54); SEQ ID NO:68
- 30 (Figure 55); SEQ ID NO:75 (Figure 63); and SEQ ID NO:73 (Figure 61).
 - 28. The expression cassette of claim 26, wherein

the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:48 (Figure 35); SEQ ID NO:49 (Figure 36); SEQ ID NO:50 (Figure 37); SEQ ID NO:76 (Figure 64); and SEQ ID NO:74 (Figure 62).

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- 29. The expression cassette of claim 14, wherein said *Env* polypeptide includes a gp140 *Env* polypeptide or a polypeptide derived from a gp140 *Env* polypeptide.
- 30. The expression cassette of claim 29, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:56 (Figure 43); SEQ ID NO:57 (Figure 44); SEQ ID NO:58

 15 (Figure 45); SEQ ID NO:59 (Figure 46); SEQ ID NO:60 (Figure 47); SEQ ID NO:61 (Figure 48); SEQ ID NO:62 (Figure 49); and SEQ ID NO:63 (Figure 50).
- the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:36 (Figure 23); SEQ ID NO:37 (Figure 24); SEQ ID NO:38 (Figure 25); SEQ ID NO:39 (Figure 26); SEQ ID NO:40 (Figure 27); SEQ ID NO:41 (Figure 28); SEQ ID NO:42 (Figure 29); SEQ ID NO:43 (Figure 30); SEQ ID NO:44 (Figure 31); SEQ ID NO:45 (Figure 32); SEQ ID NO:46 (Figure 33); and SEQ ID NO:47 (Figure 34).
- 32. The expression cassette of claim 14, wherein said Env polypeptide includes a gp120 Env polypeptide or a polypeptide derived from a gp120 Env polypeptide.

33. The expression cassette of claim 32, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:54 (Figure 41); and SEQ ID NO:55 (Figure 42).

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- 34. The expression cassette of claim 32, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:33 (Figure 19); SEQ ID NO:34 (Figure 20); and SEQ ID NO:35 (Figure 21).
- 35. The expression cassette of claim 14, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:55 (Figure 42); SEQ ID NO:62 (Figure 49); SEQ ID NO:63 (Figure 50); and SEQ ID NO:68 (Figure 55).
- 36. A recombinant expression system for use in a selected host cell, comprising, an expression cassette of any of claims 1-35, and wherein said polynucleotide sequence is operably linked to control elements compatible with expression in the selected host cell.
- 37. The recombinant expression system of claim 36,
 wherein said control elements are selected from the group
 consisting of a transcription promoter, a transcription
 enhancer element, a transcription termination signal,
 polyadenylation sequences, sequences for optimization of
 initiation of translation, and translation termination
 sequences.
 - 38. The recombinant expression system of claim 36, wherein said transcription promoter is selected from the

group consisting of CMV, CMV+intron A, SV40, RSV, HIV-Ltr, MMLV-ltr, and metallothionein.

- 39. A cell comprising an expression cassette of any of claims 1-35, and wherein said polynucleotide sequence is operably linked to control elements compatible with expression in the selected cell.
- 40. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.
 - 41. The cell of claim 40, wherein the cell is selected from the group consisting of BHK, VERO, HT1080, 293, RD, COS-7, and CHO cells.

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- 42. The cell of claim 41, wherein said cell is a CHO cell.
- 43. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is an 20 insect cell.
 - 44. The cell of claim 43, wherein the cell is either *Trichoplusia ni* (Tn5) or Sf9 insect cells.
- 25 45. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is a bacterial cell.
 - 46. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is a yeast cell.

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47. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is a plant cell.

48. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is an antigen presenting cell.

- 49. The cell of claim 48, wherein the lymphoid cell is selected from the group consisting of macrophage, monocytes, dendritic cells, B-cells, T-cells, stem cells, and progenitor cells thereof.
- 50. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is a primary cell.
 - 51. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is an immortalized cell.
- 15 52. The cell of claim 39, wherein the cell is a tumor-derived cell.
 - 53. A method for producing a polypeptide including HIV Gag polypeptide sequences, said method comprising,
- incubating the cells of claim 39, under conditions for producing said polypeptide.
 - 54. A method for producing virus-like particles (VLPs), comprising,
- 25 incubating the cells of claim 39, under conditions for producing said VLPs.
 - 55. A method for producing a composition of viruslike particles (VLPs), comprising,
- 30 (a) incubating the cells of claim 39, under conditions for producing said VLPs; and
 - (b) substantially purifying said VLPs to produce a composition of VLPs.

56. A cell line useful for packaging lentivirus vectors, comprising

suitable host cells that have been transfected with an expression vector containing an expression cassette of any of claims 1-35, and wherein said polynucleotide sequence is operably linked to control elements compatible with expression in the host cell.

- 57. The cell line of claim 56, wherein suitable host cells have been transfected with an expression vector containing the expression cassette of any of claims 1-13.
- 58. The cell line of claim 56, wherein suitable
 host cells have been transfected with an expression
 vector containing the expression cassette of claim 1-3.
- 59. The cell line of claim 56, wherein suitable host cells have been transfected with an expression vector containing the expression cassette of claim 14-35.
 - 60. A gene delivery vector for use in a Mammalian subject, comprising
- a suitable gene delivery vector for use in said subject, wherein the vector comprises an expression cassette of any of claims 1-35, and wherein said polynucleotide sequence is operably linked to control elements compatible with expression in the subject.
- 30 61. A method of DNA immunization of a subject, comprising,

introducing a gene delivery vector of claim 60 into said subject under conditions that are compatible with expression of said expression cassette in said subject.

62. The method of claim 61, wherein said gene delivery vector is a nonviral vector.

- 5 63. The method of claim 61, wherein said vector is delivered using a particulate carrier.
- 64. The method of claim 63, wherein said vector is coated on a gold or tungsten particle and said coated particle is delivered to said subject using a gene gun.
 - 65. The method of claim 63, wherein said vector is encapsulated in a liposome preparation.
- 15 66. The method of claim 61, wherein said vector is a viral vector.
 - 67. The method of claim 66, wherein said viral vector is a retroviral vector.
- 68. The method of claim 67, wherein said viral vector is a lentiviral vector.
- 69. The method of claim 61, wherein said subject is a mammal.
 - 70. The method of claim 69, wherein said mammal is a human.
- 30 71. A method of generating an immune response in a subject, comprising

transfecting cells of said subject a gene delivery vector of claim 60, under conditions that permit the expression of said polynucleotide and production of said

polypeptide, thereby eliciting an immunological response to said polypeptide.

- 72. The method of claim 71, wherein said vector is a nonviral vector.
 - 73. The method of claim 72, wherein said vector is delivered using a particulate carrier.
- 74. The method of claim 73, wherein said vector is coated on a gold or tungsten particle and said coated particle is delivered to said vertebrate cell using a gene gun.
- 75. The method of claim 73, wherein said vector is encapsulated in a liposome preparation.
 - 76. The method of claim 71, wherein said vector is a viral vector.

77. The method of claim 76, wherein said viral vector is a retroviral vector.

78. The method of claim 77, wherein said viral vector is a lentiviral vector.

- 79. The method of claim 71, wherein said subject is a mammal.
- 30 80. The method of claim 79, wherein said mammal is a human.
 - 81. The method of claim 71, wherein said transfecting is done ex vivo and said transfected cells

are reintroduced into said subject.

82. The method of claim 71, wherein said transfecting is done in vivo in said subject.

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- 83. The method of claim 71, where said immune response is a humoral immune response.
- 84. The method of claim 71, where said immune 10 response is a cellular immune response.
 - 85. A gene delivery vector comprising an alphavirus vector construct, wherein said alphavirus construct comprises an expression cassette according to any one of claims 1 through 35.
 - 86. The gene delivery vector of claim 85, wherein the alphavirus vector construct is a cDNA vector construct.

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- 87. The gene delivery vector of claim 85, wherein the alphavirus comprises a recombinant alphavirus particle preparation.
- 25 88. The gene delivery vector of claim 85, wherein the vector comprises a eukaryotic layered vector initiation system.
- 89. A method of stimulating an immune response in a subject comprising administering the gene delivery vector of any one of claims 85 through 88 in an amount effective to stimulate an immune response in said subject.
 - 90. The method of claim 89, wherein the gene

delivery vector is administered intramuscularly, intramucosally, intranasally, subcutaneously, intradermally, transdermall, intravaginally, intrarectally, orally or intravenously.

orig.gagSF2
orig.gagsf2 ATGGGTGCGAGAGCGTCGGTATTAAGCGGGGAAAATTAGATAAATGGGAAAAAATTCGGTTAAGGCCAGGGGGAAAAA ATGGGTGCGAGAGCGTCGGTATTAAGCGGGGAAAAATTAGATAAATGGGAAAAAATTCGGTTAAGGCCAGGGGGAAAA
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ACATCAGAAGGCTGCAGACAAATATTGGGACAGCTACAGCCATCCCTTCAGACAGGATCAGAAGAACTTAGATCATTA
INACT.3 TATAATACAGTAGCAACCCTCTATTGTGTACATCAAAGGATAGATGTAAAAGACACCAAGGAAGCTTTAGAGAAGATA C C C G
GAGGAAGAGCAAAACAAAAGTAAGAAAAAAGGCACGCAGCAAGCA
AGCCAAAATTACCCTATAGTGCAGAACCTACAGGGGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAGAACTTTAAATGCA
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TTGGGACCAGCACCTACACTAGAAGAAATGATGACAGCATGTCAGGGAGTGGGGGGACCCGGCCATAAAGCAAGAGTT
C C G TTGGCTGAAGCCATGAGCCAAGTAACAAATCCAGCTAACATAATGATGCAGAGGGCAATTTTAGGAACCAAAGAAAG
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FIG. 1

2 / 131 native HIV-1SF2 gag-protease From here codon optimization + inactivation (GP1) and (GP2) ATGGGTGCGAGAGCGTCGGTATTAAGCGGGGGAGAATTAGATAAATGGGAAAAAATTCGGTTAAGGCCAGGGGGAAAA Inact.1
AAATATAAGTTAAAACATATAGTATGGGCAAGCAGGGAGCTAGAACGATTCGCAGTCAATCCTGGCCTGTTAGAA
G C C G C ACATCAGAAGGCTGCAGACAAATATTGGGACAGCTACAGCCATCCCTTCAGACAGGATCAGAAGAACTTAGATCATTA INACT. 2
TATAATACAGTAGCAACCCTCTATTGTGTACATCAAAGGATAGATGTAAAAAGACACCAAGGAAGCTTTAGAGAAGATA GC AAGTAAGAAAAAGGCACAGCAAGCAGCAGCTGCAGCTGGCACAGGAAACAGCAGCCAGGTC GAGGAAGAGCAAAACA AGCCAAAATTACCCTATAGTGCAGAACCTACAGGGGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAGAACTTTAAATGCA TGGGTAAAAGTAGTAGAAGAAAAGGCTTTCAGCCCAGAAGTAATACCCATGTTTTCAGCATTATCAGAAGGAGCCACC CCACAGATTTAAACACCATGCTAACACAGTGGGGGGGACATCAAGCAGCCATGCAAATGTTAAAAGAGACTATCAAT ATAAGACAAGGACCAAAGGAACCCTTTAGAGATTATGTAGACCGGTTCTATAAAACTCTAAGAGGCAAAAAGCTTCA CAGGATGTAAAAAATTGGATGACAGAAACCTTGTTGGTCCAAAATGCAAACCCAGATTGTAAGACTATTTTAAAAGCA Inact. TTGGGACCAGCAGCTACACTAGAAGAAATGATGACAGCATGTCAGGGAGTGGGGGGGACCCGGCCATAAAGCAAGAGTT Inact.9 Inact.10 ACTGTTAAGTGTTCAATTGTGGCAAAGAAGGGCCACATAGCCAAAAATTGCAGGGCCCCTAGGAAAAAGAGGGCTGTTGG AGATGTGGAAGGGAAGGACACCAAATGAAAGATTGCACTGAGAGACAGGCTAATTTTTTAGGGAAGATCTGGCCTTCC From here no changes to native sequence (GP1) and (GP2) TACAAGGGAAGGCCAGGGAATTTTCTTCAGAGCAGACCAGAGCCAACAGCCCCACCAGAAGAGAGCTTCAGGTTTGGG GAGGAGAAAACAACTCCCTCTCAGAAGCAGGAGCCGATAGACAAGGAACTGTATCCTTTAACTTCCCTCAGATCACTC
From here codon optimization + inactivation (GPI) Inact. 11 or only inactivation (GP4) TTTGGCAACGACCCCTCGTCACAATAAGGATAGGGGGGGCAACTAAAGGAAGCTCTATTAGATACAGGAGCAGATGATA CAGTATTAGAAGAATGAATTTGCCAGGAAAATGGAAACCAAAAATGATAGGGGGAATTGGAGGTTTTATCAAAGTAA AGATACCTGTAGAAATCTGTGGACATAAAGCTATAGGTACAGTATTAGTAGGACCTACACCTGTCA GACAGTACGAT ACATAATTGGAAGAAATCTGTTGACTCAGATTGGTTGTACTTTAAATTTCCCCATTAGTCCTATTGA Inact.14
TAAAATTAAAGCCAGGAATGGATGGCCCAAAAGTTAAGCAATGGCCATTGTAA FIG. 2 G

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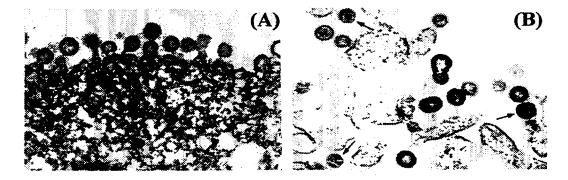


FIG. 3A

FIG. 3B

250 kD

98 64

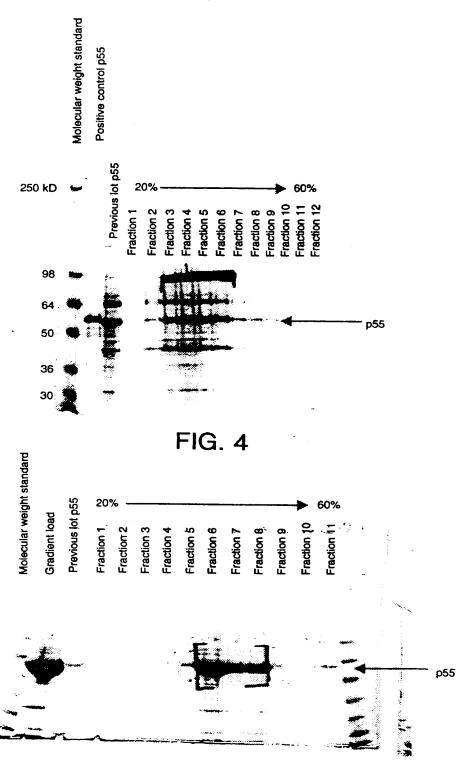


FIG. 5

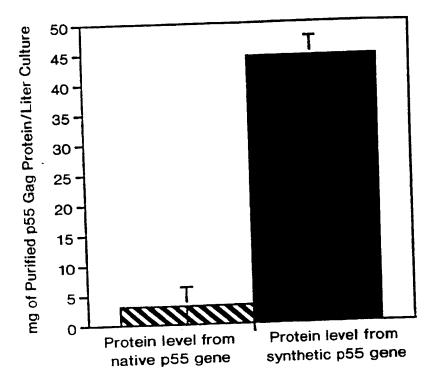


FIG. 6

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500 500 500	550 550 600 600	650 650 650 700	750 750 750 750 800	800 800 850 850 850	006
500 AGGCCTTCAG AGGCCTTCAG AGGCCTTCAG 550	GCCACCCCC GCCACCCCC GCCACCCCC 600 GCCGCCATG GGCGCCATG		CGCGAGCCCC CGCGAGCCCC 750 GCAGATCGGC GCAGATCGGC GCAGATCGGC GCAGATCGGC	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	A CTACGTGGAC A CTACGTGGAC A CTACGTGGAC
	GAGCGAGGGC GAGCGAGGGC GAGCGAGGGC 590 GCGGCCACCA GCGGCCACCA GCGGCCACCA	GCCGCCGAGT GCCGCCGAGT GCCGCCGAGT 690	CGGCCAGATG CGGCCAGATG 740 CCCTGCAGAA CCCTGCAGAA 790		CCTTCGCGA CCTTCGCGA CCTTCCGCGA
	TCAGCGCCCT GAGCGAGGGC TCAGCGCCCT GAGCGAGGGC TCAGCGCCCT GAGCGAGGGC 590 AACACCGTGG GCGGCCACCA AACACCGTGG GCGGCCACCA 630 640	CAACGAGGAG CAACGAGGAG CAACGAGGAG 680 CCATCGCCCC	0 0 14 1		CCCAAGGAGC CCCAAGGAGC CCCAAGGAGC
470 TGAACGCCTG C TGAACGCCTG C	ATCCCCATGT ATCCCCATGT ATCCCCATGT 570 CACGATGTTG CACGATGTTG CACGATGTTG CACGATGTTG	AGGAGAC AGGAGAC AGGAGAC CACGCCG	CACGCCGGCC CACGCCGGCC 720 CATCGCCGGC CATCGCCGGC CATCGCCGGC	ACAACCCCC ACAACCCCC ACAACCCCC 820 GGCCTGAACA GGCCTGAACA	CCGCCAGGGC CCGCCAGGGC
460 CCCGCACCC 1 CCCCGCACCC 1 CCCCGCACCC 1			GCACCCCGTG CACGCCGGCC GCACCCGGTG CACGCCGGCC 710 GCGCAGCGA CATCGCCGGC GCGCAGCGA CATCGCCGGC	TGGATGACCA TGGATGACCA TGGATGACCA 810 GATCATCCTG GATCATCCTG GATCATCCTG	TCCTGGACAT TCCTGGACAT TCCTGGACAT
451 C 451 C 451 C	501 (501 (501 (501 (501 (501 (501 (501 (601 601 601 651	651 651 701 701 701	751 751 751 801 801	851 851 851
GagPol.ModSF GagProt.ModS Gag.ModSF2	GagPol.ModSF GagProt.ModS Gag.ModSF2 GagProt.ModSF GagProt.ModS Gag.ModSF2	GagPol.ModSF GagProt.ModS Gag.ModSF2	GagProt.ModS Gag.ModSF2 GagPol.ModSF GagProt.ModSF	GagProl.ModSF GagProt.ModS Gag.ModSF2 GagProt.ModSF GagProt.ModSF	GagPol.ModSF GagProt.ModS Gag.ModSF2

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950	ACGTGAAGAA	ACGTGAAGAA	ACGTGAAGAA	1000	GACTGCAAGA	GACTGCAAGA	GACTGCAAGA	1050	GATGATGACC	GATGATGACC	GATGATGACC	1100	TGCTGGCCGA	TGCTGGCCGA	TGCTGGCCGA	1150	CAGCGCGGCA	CAGCGCGGCA	CAGCGCGGCA	1200	CGGCAAGGAG	CGGCAAGGAG	CGGCAAGGAG	1250	GCTGCTGGCG	GCTGCTGGCG	GCTGCTGGCG	1300	AGACAGGCTA	AGACAGGCTA	CGCCAGGCCA	1350	AGGGAATTTT	AGGGAATTTT	CGGCAACTIC
940	GCCAGCCAGG	GCCAGCCAGG	GCCAGCCAGG	066	CGCCAACCCC	CGCCAACCCC	CGCCAACCCC	1040	CCCTGGAGGA	CCCTGGAGGA	CCCTGGAGGA	1090	AAGGCCCGCG	AAGGCCCGCG	AAGGCCCGCG	1140	CATCATGATG	CATCATGATG	CATCATGATG	1190	GCTTCAACTG	GCTTCAACTG	GCTTCAACTG	1240	CGCAAGAAGG	CGCAAGAAGG	CGCAAGAAGG	1290	TTGCACTGAG	TTGCACTGAG	CTGCACCGAG	1340	AGGGAAGGCC	AGGGAAGGCC	AGGGCCGCC
930	CGCTGAGCAG	CGCTGAGCAG	CGCTGAGCAG	086	TGGTGCAGAA	TGGTGCAGAA	TGGTGCAGAA	1030	CCCGCGGCCA	CCCGCGGCCA	CCCGCGGCCA	1080	CCCCGGCCAC	CCCCGGCCAC	CCCCGGCCAC	1130	ACCCGGCGAC	ACCCGGCGAC	ACCCGGCGAC	1180	ACCGTCAAGT	ACCGTCAAGT	ACCGTCAAGT	1230	222225252	ವಾತಾತ್ತುತ್ತುತ್ತುತ್ತುತ್ತುತ್ತುತ್ತುತ್ತುತ್ತುತ	222222222	1280	AAATGAAAGA	AAATGAAAGA	AGNIGAAGGA	1330	CCTTCCTACA	CCTTCCTACA	CCCAGCTACA
920	AGACCCTGCG	AGACCCTGCG	AGACCCTGCG	970	GAGACCCTGC	GAGACCCTGC	GAGACCCTGC	1020	GGCTCTCGGC	GGCTCTCGGC	GGCTCTCGGC	1070	GCGTGGGCGG	GCGTGGGCGG	GCGTGGGCGG	1120	CAGGTGACGA	CAGGTGACGA	CAGGTGACGA	1170	CCAGCGGAAG	CCAGCGGAAG	CCAGCGGAAG	1220	CCAGGAACTG	CCAGGAACTG	CCAGGAACTG	1270	GAAGGACACC	GAAGGACACC	GAGGGCCACC	1320	GAAGATCTGG	GAAGATCTGG	CAAGATCTGG
910			CGCTTCTACA	096	CTGGATGACC	CTGGATGACC	CIGGAIGACC	1010	CCATCCTGAA	CCATCCTGAA	CCATCCTGAA	1060	GCCTGCCAGG	GCCTGCCAGG	GCCTGCCAGG	1110	GGCGATGAGC	GGCGATGAGC	GGCGATGAGC	1160	ACTTCCGCAA	ACTTCCGCAA	ACTTCCGCAA	1210	GGCCACACCG	GGCCACACCG	GGCCACACCG	1260	CTGCGGCCGC	CTGCGGCCGC	CTGCGGCCGC	1310	ATTTTTAGG	ATTTTTAGG	ACTTCCTGGG
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	GagPol.ModSF	GagProt. ModS	Gag.ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag.ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag.ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag.ModSF2																				

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		1450		ATCGAC	1500	CGACCCCICG			CGACACCGGC		1600	AGTGGA	AGTGGAAGCC				CAGTACGACC	:			_	1750	A CCCAGATCGG	A CCCAGATCGG	:	1800		
1390 CCAGAAGAGA	CCAGAAGAGA CCCGAGGAGA	1440	GCAGGAGCCG	GCAGGAGCCC	1490	TCTTTGGCAA	TGTTCGGCAA	1540	AGGCGCTGCT		1590	CTGCCC					CAAGGTGCGG				_	1740	AACCTGCTGA	AACCTGCTGA			CGAGACGGTG	
	AACAGCCCCA	1430	CCTCTCAGAA	CCAGCCAGAA	1480	CTCAGATCAC	CTCAGATCAC	1530	CAGCTCAAGG	CAGCICAAGG			GGAGATGAAC	פפטפון פטפס	1630	GGGGCI					GGCCACAAGG	1730	CATCG		:	1780	AACTICCCCA TCAGCCCCAT AACTICCCCA TCAGCCCCAT	
1370 GACCAGAGCC A	GACCAGAGCC A		AAAACAACTC (TITAACITCC		GATCGGCGGC	GATCGGCGGC				<u>ت</u>	1620	999999			1670	GGAGAT	GGAGATCTGC	0.271	45TSJJ			1770	; AACTTCCCCA;	
1360 CTTCAGAGCA	CTTCAGAGCA	1410	TGGGGAGGAG	TGGGGAGGAG	1460	AACTGTATCC	AACTGTATCC	1510			AGCCAG			GCCGACGACA	1610	דמטממט			1660	AGATCC		0121					CTGCACCCTG	
1351	1351	1001	1401	1401	•	1451	1451	1421	1501	1501	1501			1551	1551	1601			1001	1651		1651	1701			•	1751	
Approx 100xen	d S	Gag.Modarz	GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	649.10001.2	GagPol.ModSF	GagProt. ModS	Gag.ModSF2	GaqPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag. ModSF2	:	GagPol.ModSF	GagProt, ModS	Gag.ModSF2		Gagrol.Modsr	GagProt.ModS	Gag.ModSF2	Fand ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag. ModSF2		Gagrot Moder	Gagriot.Rodo Cag Moder?	say.noas	GagPol.ModSF	Gag. ModSF2

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	1850	1850	1850		1900	1900	1900) , ,	1950	1950	1950		2000	2000	2000		2050	2050	2050		2100	2100	2100		2150	2150	2150		2200	2200	2200		2250	2250	2250
1850	CCTGACCGAG	CCIGINA	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1900	AGAAGGAGGG		•	1950	CCCGTGTTCG		:	2000	GGACTTCCGC			2050	TGGGCATCCC	:	:	2100	CTGGACGTGG			2150	CAAGTACACC		:	2200	TCCGCTACCA	:	:	2250	ATCTTCCAGA		
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1830	CCCAAGGTCA			1880	GGAGATCTGC		•	1930	CCGAGAACCC	:	•	1980	ACCAAGTGGC		:	2030	GGACTTCTGG		•	2080	AGAAGAAGAG			2130	CTTCAGCGTG: CCCCTGGACA		•	2180	CAACAACGAG		•	2230	GCTGGAAGGG		
1820	GATGGACGGC			1870	AGGCCCTGGT			1920	AAGATCGGCC			1970	GAAGGACAGC			2020	AGCGCACCCA			2070	GGCCTGAAGA			2120	CTTCAGCGTG		:	2170	TCCCCAGCAT	:		2220	CTGCCCCAGG		
1810	TGAAGCCGGG	1 GAMBULUGGG		1860	GAGAAGATCA			1910	CAAGATCAGC	:		1960	CCATCAAGAA			2010	GAGCTGAACA			2060	CCACCCCGCC			2110	GCGACGCCTA		:	2160	GCCTTCACCA	:	:	2210	GTACAACGTG		
	1801	1001	1801		1851	1851	1851		1901	1901	1901		1951	1951	1951		2001	2001	2001		2051	2051	2051		2101	2101	2101		2151	2151	2151		2201	2201	2201
	GagPol.ModSF	eagriot. Mods	Gag.ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag. ModSF2	•	GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag. ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag.ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag. ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt, ModS	Gag.ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag.ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag. ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag.ModSF2

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	CAAGATCCTG				AGTACATGGA (•	2370			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2420	CACCCCGAC			0000	ACCECCACCA	V-01-10-10-14				AAGGACAGCT			2570	CTGGGCCAGC		:		TGCTGCGCGG			2670	GCCGAGCTGG		
2260	GCAGCATGAC C				GTGATCTACC 1			0980				2410					74 b0	TeeAI eeeci	:		7510	GCTGCCCGAG			2560	GCAAGCTGAA			2610	CTGTGCAAGC			2660	GACCGAGGAG		
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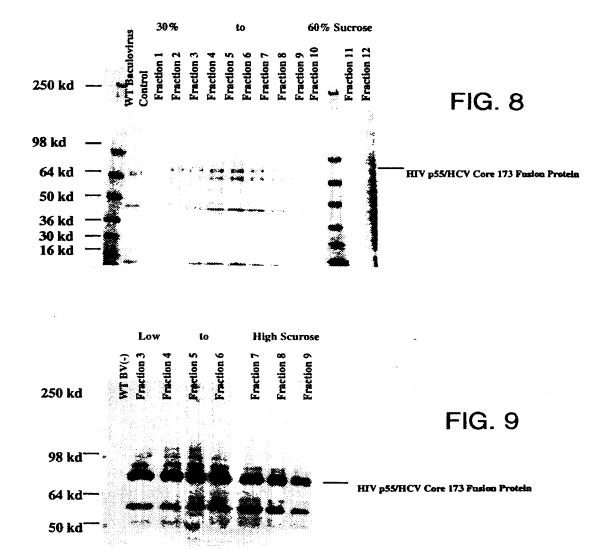
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	GCAAGGACCI			2790	TACCAGATCT	,		2840	CCGCATGCGC			2890	TGCAGAAGGT		:	2940	TTCAAGCTGC		:	2990	CTGGCAGGCC				TGGTGAAGCT				ACCTTCTACG		:		CGGCTACGTG		
2730	TACGACCCCA	:	:	2780	CCAGTGGACC			2830	GCAAGTACGC	:	:	2880	ACCGAGGCCG	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		2930	GATCCCCAAG	:		2980	GGATGGAGTA		:	3030	ACCCCCCCC		-: -:	3080	GGGGGCCGAG				TGGGCAAGGC		
	CGAGGTGTAC	:	:	2770	AGGCCCAGGG			2820	CTGAAGACCG		•	2870	GAAGCAGCTG		•	2920	TCTGGGGCAA	:		2970	GAGGCCTGGT	:		3020	GTTCGTGAAC			3070	AGCCCATCGT			3120	GAGACCAAGC		:
	AGCCCGTGCA			2760	ATCCAGAAGC			2810	CTTCAAGAAC			2860	CCAACGACGT			2910	AGCATCGTGA			2960	GGAGACCTGG			3010	CCGAGTGGGA			3060	CTGGAGAAGG	:		3110	CGCCAACCGC		
	2701	2701	2701		2751	2751	2751		2801	2801	2801		2851	2851	2851		2901	2901	2901		2951	2951	2951		3001	3001	3001		3051	3051	3051		3101	3101	3101
	GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag. ModSF2		GaqPol.ModSF				GaqPol.ModSF	GaqProt. ModS	Gag. ModSF2	1	GaqPol.ModSF	GagProt. ModS	Gaq. ModSF2	,	GaqPol.ModSF	GaqProt.ModS	Gag. ModSF2	,	GagPol.ModSF	GagProt. ModS	Gag. ModSF2		GagPol.ModSF	GagProt. ModS	Gag. ModSF2	•	GaqPol.ModSF	GagProt. ModS	Gag. ModSF2	•	GagPol.ModSF	GagProt.ModS	Gag.ModSF2

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3200	GAAGACCGAG			0575	AGGTGAACAT		. 6	3300	CAGCCCGACA		3350	GATCAAGAAG				TCGGCGGCAA		:		Grecrerre		:		CCACAGCAAC		3550	TGGCCAAGGA				GCCATGCACG	:	
3190	CCACCAACCA	:		3240	AGCGGCCTGG			3290	CATCCAGGCC		3340	TCGAGCAGCT				CACAAGGGCA		:		CATCCGCAAG		:		ACGAGAAGTA		3540	SCCCCCGTGG			3590	CAAGGGCGAG		
3180	ATCGCC		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	3230	CCTGCAGGAC	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :			CCCTGGGCAT		3330	AGCCAGATCA		:		GGTGCCCGCC		:		TGAGCGCCGG		•		CAGGAGGAGC		3530	AAULL			3580	A AGTGCCAGCT		
3170	SGTGGTGAGC			3220	TCCACCTGGC			3270	AGCCAGTACG		3320	CGAGCTGGTG	:		3370	ACCTGGCCTG			3420	GACAAGCTGG				CGACAAGGCC			מיייים			3570	AGCTGCGACA		
3160	GCCGCCAGAA GGTGGTGAGC			3210				3260	CGTGACCGAC		3310	AGAGCGAGAG	:		3360	GAGAAGGTGT			3410	CGAGCAGGTG			3460	TGAACG			ָרָ רָרָ בַּרָ			3560	GATCGT		
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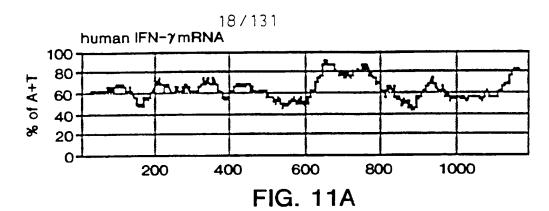
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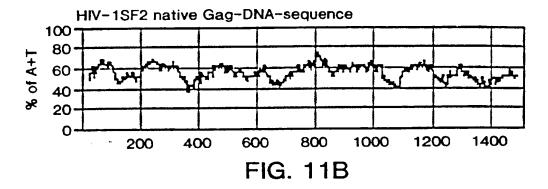
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3650	CACCCACCTG			3700	GCTACATCGA		•	3750	TACTTCCTGC	:	:	3800	CGACAACGGC		:	3850	GGGCCGGCAT	:	:	3900	GGCGTGGTGG		:	3950	GCGCGACCAG		:	4000	TCCACAACTT		:	4050	CGCATCGTGG	:	
3640	AGCTGGACTG	:		3690	GTGGCCAGCG			3740	GGAGACCGCC	:	:	3790	CCATCCACAC		:	3840	GCCTGCTGGT	:	•	3890	CCAGAGCCAG		:	3940	TCGGCCAGGT			3990	GCCGTGTTCA		:	4040	CGCCGGCGAG		
3630	GGCATCTGGC			3680	GGCCGTGCAC	:		3730	AGACCGGCCA	:		3780	CCCGTGAAGA		:	3830	CGTGAAGGCC	:		3880	CCTACAACCC		•	3930	AAGAAGATCA			3980	CGTGCAGATG		:	4030	GCGGCTACAG		:
3620	CIGCAGCCCC		:	3670	TCATCCTGGT			3720	ATCCCCGCCG		:	3770	CGGCCGCTGG			3820	CCAGCACCAC		:	3870	TTCGGCATCC			3920	CAACGAGCTG	:	:	3970	TGAAGACCGC	:	:	4020	GGCGGCATCG		
3610	GCCAGGTGGA	:		3660	GAGGGCAAGA			3710	GGCCGAGGTG			3760	TGAAGCTGGC			3810	AGCAACTTCA		•	3860	CAAGCAGGAG			3910	AGAGCATGAA		:	3960	GCCGAGCACC			4010	CAAGCGCAAG		
	3601	3601	3601		3651	3651	3651		3701	3701	3701		3751	3751	3751		3801	3801	3801		3851	3851	3851		3901	3901	3901		3951	3951	3951		4001	4001	4001
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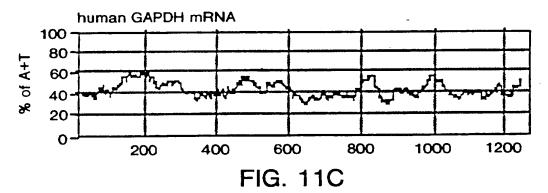
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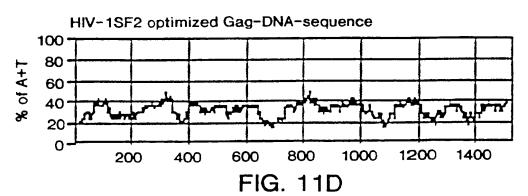


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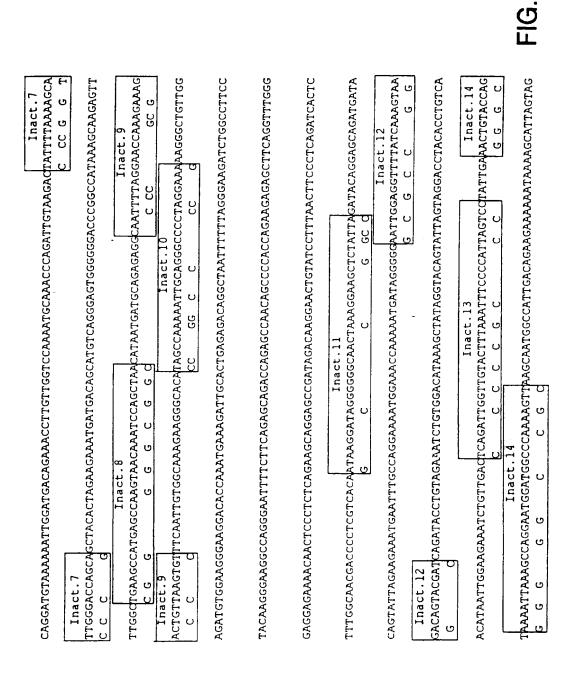




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FIG. 12A

ATAAGACAAAGGACCAAAGGAACCCTTTAGAGATTATGTAGACCGGTTCTATAAAACTCTAAGAGGAGGAACAAGCTTCA ggagapatctataaaagatggataatcctgggattaaataaaaaagaagatgtaggccctaccagcattctggac ccacapagatitaaacaccatgctaaacacapgtgggggaacatcaagcagccatgcaaatgttaaaagagactatcaat TGGGTAAAAGTAGTAGAAAAAAGGCTTTCAGCCCAGAAGTAATACCCATGTTTTCAGCATTATCAGAAGGAGCCACC AGCCAAAATTACCCTATAGTGCAGAACCTACAGGGGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAGAACTTTAAATGCA TATAATAÇAGTAGCAACCCTCTATTGTGTACAÇCAAGGATAGATGTAAAAÇACACCAAGGAAGCTTTAGAGAAGATA ACATCAGAAGGCTGCAGACAAATATTGGGACAGCTACAGCCATCCCTTCAGACAGGATCAGAAGAACTTAGATCATTA AAAAAATATAAAAACATATASTATGGGCAAGCAGGGAGCTAGAACGATTCGCAGTCAATCCTGGCCTGTTAGAA ATGGGTGCGAGGCGTCGGTATTAAGCGGGGGAGAATTAGATAAATGGGAAAAATTCGGTTAAGGCCCAGGGGGAAAG Inact.2 Inact.3 ပ္ပ native HIV-1SF2 gag-polymerase Inact.2



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AAGTATCCACAGAAAGCATAGTAATATGGGGAAAGATTCCTAAATTTAAACTACCCATACAAAAGGAAACATGGGAAG GGTACCAGTTAGAGAAAGAACCCATAGTAGGAGCAGAACTTTCTATGTAGATGGGGCAGCTAATAGGGAGACTAAAT TAGGAAAAGCAGGATATGTTACTGACAGAGGAAGACAAAAGTTGTCTCCATAGCTGACACAACAATCAGAAGACTG

ATCTGAAAACAGGAAAGTATGCAAGGATGGGGGTGCCCACACTAATGATGTAAAACAGTTAACAGAGGCAGTGCAAA CAAAAGACTTAGTAGCAGAAATACAGAAGCAGGGGCAAGGCCAATGGACATATCAAATTTATCAAGAGCCATTTAAAA

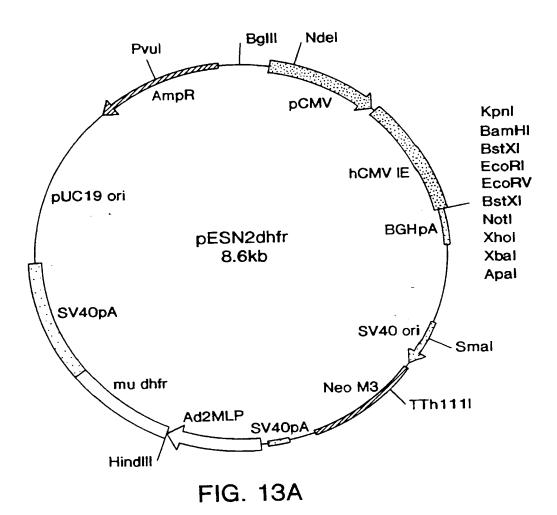
TTTATGCAGGGATTAAAGTAAAGCAGTTATGTAAACTCCTTAGAGGAACCAAAGCACTAACAGAAGTAATACCACTAA CAGAAGAAGCAGAGCTAGAACTGGCAGAAAACAGGGAGATTCTAAAAGAACCAGTACATGAAGTATTATGACCCAT

ACTTAGAAATAGGGCAGCATAGAACAAAAATAGAGGAACTGAGACAGCATCTGTTGAGGTGGGGGATTTACCACCACAG ACAAAAAACATCAGAAAGAACCTCCATTCCTTTGGATGGGTTATGAACTCCATCCTGATAAATGGACAGTACAGCCTA TAATGCTGCCAGAAAAAGACAGCTGGACTGTCAATGACATACAGAAGTTAGTGGGAAAATTGAATTGGGCAAGTCAGA

GGGAAGTTCAGTTAGGAATACCACACCCCGCAGGGTTAAAAAAGAAAAATCAGȚAACAGTATTGGATGTGGGTGATG CATACTITICAGTICCCTIAGATAAAGACTITAGAAAGTATACTGCATTTACCATACCTAGTATAAACAATGAGACAC CAGGGATTAGATATCAGTACAATGTGCTGCCACAGGGATGGAAAGGATCACCAGĆAATATTCCAAAGTAGCATGACAA

AGATATGTACAGAAATGGAAAAGGAAGGGAAAATTTCAAAAATTGGGĊCTGAAAATCCATACAATACTCCAGTATTTG CTATAAAGAAAAAAGACAGTACTAAATGGAGAAAACTAGTAGATTTCAGAGAACTTAATAAAAGAACTCAAGACTTCT ilg. 12C

ACAAAGATCCCCTTTGGAAAGGACCAGCAAAGCTTCTCTGGAAAGGTGAAGGGGGCCAGTAGTAATACAAGATAATAGTG ACATAAAAGTAGTGCCAAGAAAAAAAAAAAATCATTAGGGATTATGGAAAAACAGATGGCAGGTGATGTTGTGTGG TTAAGGCCGCCTGTTGGTGGGCAGGGATCAAGCAGGAATTTGGCATTCCCTACAATCCCCAAAGTCAAGGAGTAGTAG AATCTATGAATAATGAATTAAAGAAAATTATAGGACAGGTAAGAGATCAGGCTGAACACCTTAAGACAGCAGTACAAA TGGCAGTATTCATCCACAATTTTAAAAAAAAAAGGGGGGATTGGGGGATACAGTGCAGGGGAAAGAATAGTAGACATAA TAGCAACAGACATACAAACTAAAAGAACTACAAAAGCAAATTACAAAAATTCAAAATTTTCGGGTTTATTACAGGGACA TTCTCTTAAAATTAGCAGGAAGATGGCCAGTAAAAACAATACAȚACAGACAATGGCAGCAATTTCACCAGTACTACGG TGGCTAGTGATTTTAACCTGCCACCTGTAGTAGCAAAAGAAATAGTAGCCAGCTGTGATAAATGTCAGCTAAAAGGAG AAGCCATGCATGGACAAGTAGACTGTAGTCCAGGAATATGGCAACTAGATTGTACACATCTAGAAGGAAAAATTATCC TGGTAGCAGTTCATGTAGCAGTGGATATATAGAAGCAGAAGTTATTCCAGCAGGAGACAGGGCAGGAAACAGCATATT AGGTCTACCTGGCATGGGTACCAGCACACAAAGGAATTGGAGGAAATGAACAAGTAGATAAATTAGTCAGTGCTGGAA TCAGGAAAGTACTATTTTGAATGGAATAGATAAGGCCCCAAGAAGAACATGAGAAATATCACAGTAATTGGAGAGCAA AATTACAAGCAATTCATCTAGCTTTGCAGGATTCGGGATTAGAAGTAAACATAGTAACAGACTCACAATATGCATTAG CAAGTAGACAGGATGAGGATTAG



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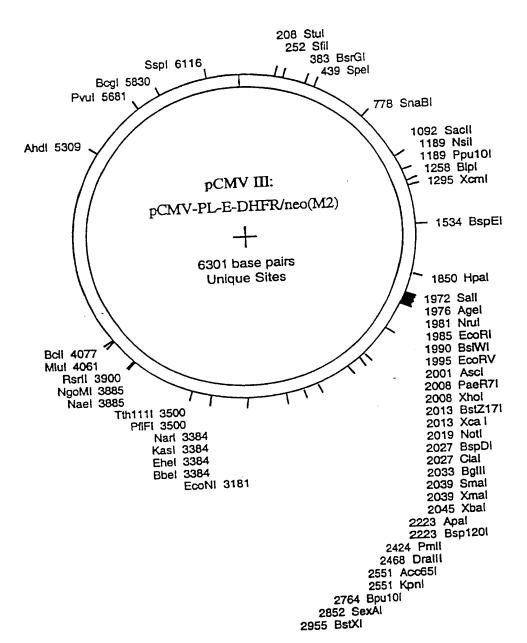


FIG. 13B

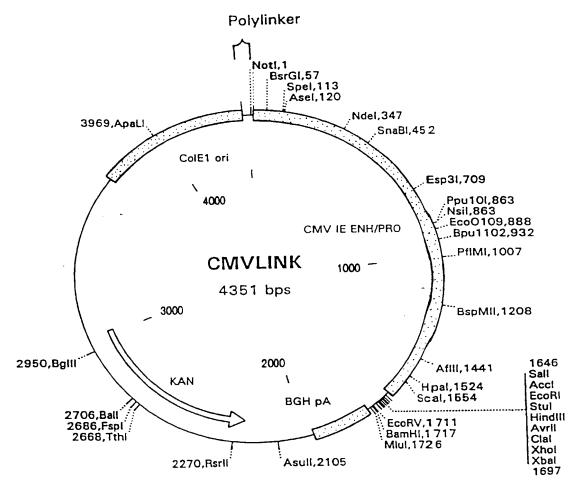
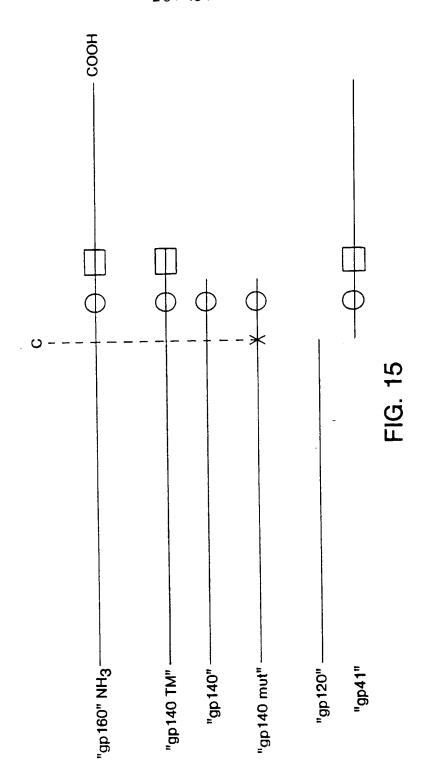


FIG. 14



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gp120wtSF162

AAAGAGATCAGTAACACCCACCGAGATCTTCAGACCTGGAGGTGGAGATATGAGGGACAATTGGAGAAGTG GAAGGAATCTGTAGAAATTAATTGTACAAGACCTAACAATAATACAAGAAAAAAGTATAACTATAGGACCG GGGAGAGCATTTTATGCAACAGGAGAGACATATAGGAGATATAAGACAAGCACATTGTAACATTAGTGGAG **AAAAATGGAATAACACTTTAAAACAGATAGTTACAAATTACAAGCACAATTTGGGAATAAAACAATAGT** CTTTAAGCAATCCTCAGGAGGGGACCCAGAAATTGTAATGCACAGTTTTAATTGTGGAGGGGAATTTTTC FACTGTAATTCAACACACACTTTTTAATAGTACTTGGAATAATACTATAGGGCCAAATAACACTAATGGAA CTATCACACTCCCATGCAGAATAAAACAAATTATAAACAGGTGGCAGGAAGTAGGAAAAAAGCAATGTATGC CCCTCCCATCAGAGGACAAATTAGATGCTCATCAAATATTACAGGACTGCTATTAACAAGAGATGGTGGT SAATATGCACTTTTTATAAACTTGATGTAGTACCAATAGATAATGATAATACAAGCTATAAATTGATAA ATTGTAACACCTCAGTCATTACACAGGCCTGTCCAAAGGTATCCTTTGAACCAATTCCCATACATTATTG STCAGCACAGTACAATGTACACATGGAATTAGGCCAGTAGTGTCAACTCAATTGCTGTTAAATGGCAGTC TAGCAGAAGAAGGGGTAGTAATTAGATCTGAAAATTTCACAGACAATGCTAAAACTATAATAGTACAGCT GTAGAACAGATGCATGAGGATATAATCAGTTTATGGGATCAAAGTCTAAAGCCATGTGTAAAGTTAACCC GATGGACAGAGGAGAAATAAAAATTGCTCTTTCAAGGTCACCACAAGCATAAGAAATAAGATGCAGAAA GTGCATCAGATGCTAAAGCCTATGACACAGAGGTACATAATGTCTGGGCCACACATGCCTGTGTACCCAC AGACCCTAACCCACAAGAAATAGTATTGGAAAATGTGACAGAAAATTTTAACATGTGGAAAAATAACATG CACTCTGTGTTACTCTACATTGCACTAATTTGAAGAATGCTACTAATACCAAGAGTAGTAATTGGAAAGA TGCCCCGGCTGGTTTTGCGATTCTAAAGTGTAATGATAAGAAGTTCAATGGATCAGGACCATGTACAAAT GTAGAAAATTGTGGGTCACAGTCTATTATGGGGTACCTGTGTGGAAAGAAGCAACCACCACTCTATTTT GGTGCAGAGAGAAAAAGA

FIG. 16 (SEQ ID NO:30)

gp140wtSF162

AATTGAAGAATCGCAGAACCAACAAGAAAGAATGAACAAGAATTATTAGAATTGGATAAGTGGGCAAGT AGAACAATTTGCTGAGGGCTATTGAGGCGCAACAGCATCTGTTGCAACTCACAGTCTGGGGGCATCAAGCA GCTCCAGGCAAGAGTCCTGGCTGTGGAAAGATACCTAAAGGATCAACAGCTCCTAGGGATTTGGGGTTGC TCTGGAAAACTCATTTGCACCACTGCTGTGCCTTGGAATGCTAGTTGGAGTAATAAATCTCTGGATCAGA TITGGAATAACATGACCTGGATGGAGAGAGAGAAATTGACAATTACACAAACTTAATATACACCTT AAAGAGATCAGTAACACCACCGAGATCTTCAGACCTGGAGGTGGAGATATGAGGGACAATTGGAGAAGTG ACTATGGGCGCACGGTCACTGACGCTGACGGTACAGGCCAGACAATTATTGTCTGGTATAGTGCAACAGC CCCTCCCATCAGAGGACAAATTAGATGCTCATCAAATATTACAGGACTGCTATTAACAAGAGATGGTGGT GGTGCAGAGAGAAAAAAGAGCAGTGACGCTAGGAGCTATGTTCCTTGGGTTCTTGGGAGCAGCAGGAAGC GGGAGAGCATTTTATGCAACAGGAGACATAATAGGAGATATAAGACAAGCACATTGTAACATTAGTGGAG AAAAATGGAATAACACTTTAAAACAGATAGTTACAAATTACAAGCACAATTTGGGAATAAAACAATAGT TACTGTAATTCAACACAGCTTTTTAATAGTACTTGGAATAATACTATAGGGCCAAATAACAAATGGAA CTATCACACTCCCATGCAGAATAAAACAAATTATAAACAGGTGGCAGGAAGTAGGAAAAGCAATGTATGC GAAGGAATCTGTAGAAATTAATTGTACAAGACCTAACAATAATACAAGAAAAAGTATAACTATAGGACCG CTTTAAGCAATCCTCAGGAGGGGACCCCAGAAATTGTAATGCACAGTTTTAATTGTGGAGGGGAATTTTTC GTCAGCACAGTACAATGTACACATGGAATTAGGCCAGTAGTGTCAACTCAATTGCTGTTAAATGGCAGTC TGCCCCGGCTGGTTTTGCGATTCTAAAGTGTAATGATAAGAAGTTCAATGGATCAGGACCATGTACAAAT TAGCAGAAGAAGGGGTAGTAATTAGATCTGAAAATTTCACAGACAATGCTAAAACTATAATAGTACAGCT CACTCTGTGTTACTCTACATTGCACTAATTTGAAGAATGCTACTAATACCAAGAGTAGTAATTGGAAAGA GATGGACAGAGAGAAATAAAAATTGCTCTTTCAAGGTCACCACAAGCATAAGAAATAAGATAGCAGAAA GAATATGCACTTTTTTATAAACTTGATGTAGTACCAATAGATAATGATAATACAAGCTATAAATTGATAA ATTGTAACACCTCAGTCATTACACAGGCCTGTCCAAAGGTATCCTTTGAACCAATTCCCATACATTATTG AGACCCTAACCCACAAGAAATAGTATTGGAAAATGTGACAGAAAATTTTAACATGTGGAAAAATAACATG GTAGAACAGATGCATGAGGATATAATCAGTTTATGGGATCAAAGTCTAAAGCCATGTGTAAAGTTAACCC GTAGAAAAATTGTGGGTCACAGTCTATTATGGGGTACCTGTGTGGAAAGAAGCAACCACCACCTCTATTTT GTGCATCAGATGCTAAAGCCTATGACACAGAGGTACATAATGTCTGGGCCACACATGCCTGTGTACCCAC TTGTGGAATTGGTTTTGACATATCAAAATGGCTGTGGTATATA

FIG. 17

(SEQ ID NO:31)

gp160wtSF162

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FIG. 18 (SEO ID NO:32)

gp120.modSF162

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(SEQ ID NO:33)

gp120.modSF162.delV2

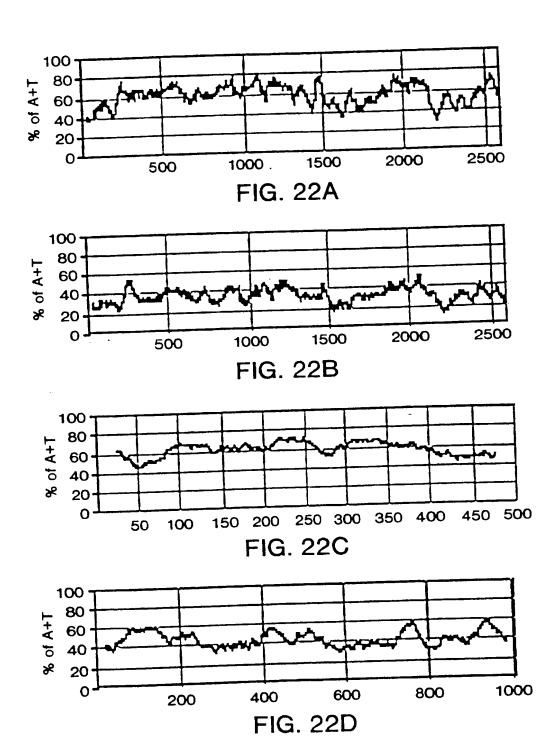
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FIG. 20 SEQ ID NO:34)

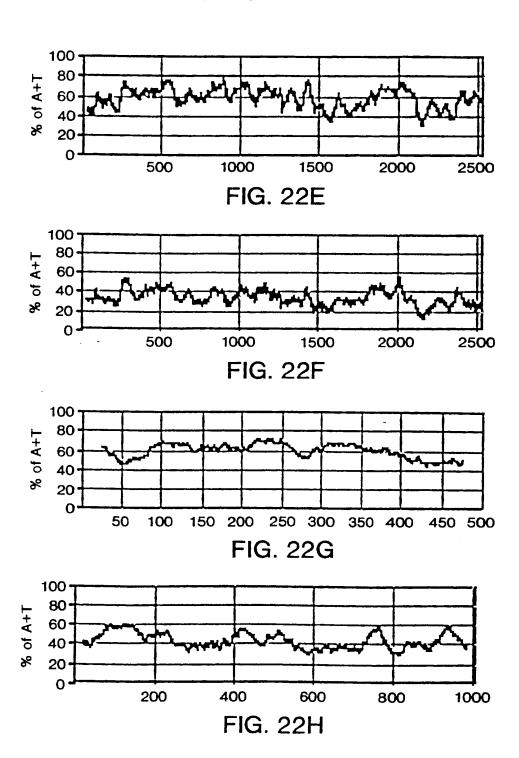
gp120.modSF162.delV1V2

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FIG. 21 (SEQ ID NO:35)



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

gp140.modSF162

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> FIG. 23 (SEQ ID NO:36)

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> FIG. 24 (SEQ ID NO:37)

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FIG. 25 (SEQ ID NO:38)

gp140.mut.modSF162

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FIG. 26 (SEQ ID NO:39)

gp140.mut.modSF162.delV2

gaattcgccaccatggatgcaatgaagagaggctctgctgtgtgctgctgctgtgtggagcagtc ttcgtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtgggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggccaccaccacctgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaaccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagcctgaagccctgcgtgaagctgaccccctgtgcgtgaccctgcactgcaccaacctg aagaacgccaccaacaccaagagcagcaactggaaggagatggaccgcgggcgagatcaagaactgc agcttcaaggtgggcgccggcaagctgatcaactgcaacaccagcgtgatcacccaggcctgcccc aaggtgagettegageeeateeceateeactaetgegeeeeegeeggettegeeateetgaagtge aacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtgagcaccgtgcagtgcacccacggc atccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgatgaacggcagcctggccgaggagggcgtggtgatc cgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtgcagctgaaggagagcgtggagatc aactgcacccgccccaacaacaccccgcaagagcatcaccatcggccccggccgcgccttctac gccaccggcgacatcatcggcgacatccgccaggcccactgcaacatcagcggcgagaagtggaac aacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttcggcaacaagaccatcgtgttcaag cagagcagcggcggcccccgagatcgtgatgcacagcttcaactgcggcggcgagttcttctac tgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacaccatcggccccaacaacaccaacggc accatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgctggcaggaggtgggcaaggccatg tacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaacatcaccggcctgctgacccgc gacggcggcaaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatcttccgccccggcggcggcgacatgcgcgac aactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatcgagcccctgggcgtggccccacc aaggccaagcgccgcgtggtgcagcgcgagaagagcgccgtgaccctgggcgccatgttcctgggc ttectgggcgccgccggcagcaccatgggcgcccgcagcctgaccctgaccgtgcaggcccgccag ctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaacaacctgctgcgcgccatcgaggcccagcagcacctg ctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgcgtgctggccgtggagcgctacctg aaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctgggggctgcagcggcaagctgatctgcaccaccgccgtgccc gagegegagategaeaactaeaccaaectgatetaeaeeetgategaggagageeagaaceagcag gagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggccagcctgtggaactggttcgacatc agcaagtggctgtggtacatctaactcgag

FIG. 27 (SEQ ID NO:40)

gp140.mut.modSF162.delV1V2

ttcgtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtgggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggccaccaccaccctgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagcctgaagccctgcgtgaagctgacccccctgtgcgtgggcgccggcaactgccagacc agegtgateacceaggeetgeeccaaggtgagettegageecateeccatecactactgegeecce geoggettegecateetgaagtgeaacgacaagaagtteaaeggeageggeeeetgeaceaaegtg agcaccgtgcagtgcacccacggcatccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagc ctggccgaggagggcgtggtgatccgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtg cagctgaaggagagcgtggagatcaactgcacccgcccaacaacaacacccgcaagagcatcacc atcggccccggccgccttctacgccaccggcgacatcatcggcgacatccgccaggcccactgc aacatcagcggcgagaagtggaacaacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttc ggcaacaagaccatcgtgttcaagcagagcagcggcggcgaccccgagatcgtgatgcacagcttc aactgcggcggggggttcttctactgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacacc atcggccccaacaacaccaacggcaccatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgc tggcaggaggtgggcaaggccatgtacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaac atcaccggcctgctgctgacccgcgacggcggcaaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatcttccgc cccggcggcggcgacatgcgcgacaactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatc gagcccctgggcgtggccccccccaccaaggccaagcgcgcgtggtgcagcgcgagaagagcgccgtg accetgggegecatgtteetgggetteetgggegeegeeggeageacattgggegeeegeageetg accctgaccgtgcaggcccgccagctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaacaacctgctgcgc gccatcgaggcccagcagcacctgctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgc gractggccgragcgctaccrgaaggaccagcagcractgggcarcraggggctgcagcggcaag ctgatctgcaccaccgccgtgccctggaacgccagctggagcaacaagagcctggaccagatctgg aacaacatgacctggatggagtgggagcgcgagatcgacaactacaccaacctgatctacaccctg atcgaggagagccagaaccagcaggagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggcc agectgtggaactggttcgacatcagcaagtggctgtggtacatctaactcgag

FIG. 28 (SEO ID NO:41)

gp140.mut7.modSF162

gaattcgccaccatggatgcaatgaagagagggctctgctgtgtgctgctgctgtgtggagcagtc ttcgtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtgggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggccaccaccacctgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagcctgaagccctgcgtgaagctgacccccctgtgcgtgaccctgcactgcaccaacctg aaqaacqccaccaacaccaagagcagcaactggaaggatggaccgcggggagatcaagaactgc agetteaaggtgaceaccageateegcaacaagatgeagaaggagtaegeeetgttetaeaagetg gacgtggtgcccatcgacaacgacaacaccagctacaagctgatcaactgcaacaaccagcgtgatc acccaggcctgccccaaggtgagcttcgagcccatcccatccactactgcgcccccggcttc gccatcctgaagtgcaacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtgagcaccgtg cagtgcacccacggcatccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagcctggccgag gagggcgtggtgatccgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtgcagctgaag gagagcgtggagatcaactgcacccgcccaacaacaacacccgcaagagcatcaccatcggcccc ggccgcgccttctacgccaccggcgacatcatcggcgacatccgccaggcccactgcaacatcagc ggcgagaagtggaacaacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttcggcaacaag accategtgttcaageagageageggegaeeeegagategtgatgeaeagettcaaetgegge qqcgagttcttctactgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacaccatcggcccc aacaacaccaacggcaccatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgctggcaggag gtgggcaaggccatgtacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaacatcaccggc ctgctgctgacccgcgacggcgacaggagatcagcaaccaccgagatcttccgccccggcggc ggcgacatgcgcgacaactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatcgagcccctg ggcgtggcccccaccaaggccatcagcagcgtggtgcagagcgagaagagcgccgtgaccctgggc gccatgttcctgggcttcctgggcgccgccggcagcaccatgggcgcccgcagcctgaccctgacc gtgcaggcccgccagctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaacaacctgctgcgcgccatcgag gcccagcagcacctgctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgcgtgctggcc gtggagcgctacctgaaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctggggctgcagcggcaagctgatctgc accaccgccgtgccctggaacgccagctggagcaacaagagcctggaccagatctggaacaacatg acctggatggagtgggagcgcgagatcgacaactacaccaacctgatctacaccctgatcgaggag agccagaaccagcaggagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggccagcctgtgg aactggttcgacatcagcaagtggctgtggtacatctaactcgag

> FIG. 29 (SEQ ID NO:42)

gp140.mut7.modSF162.delV2

gaattcgccaccatggatgcaatgaagagggctctgctgtgtgctgctgctgtgtggagcagtc ttegtttegeecagegeegtggagaagetgtgggtgaeegtgtaetaeggegtgeeegtgtggaag gaggccaccaccaccetgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaaccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagcctgaagccctgcgtgaagctgacccccctgtgcgtgaccctgcactgcaccaacctg aagaacgccaccaacaccaagagcagcaactggaaggagatggaccgcgggcgagatcaagaactgc agettcaaggtgggcgccggcaagctgatcaactgcaacaccagcgtgatcacccaggcctgcccc aaggtgagettegageeeateeeeateeactaetgegeeeeggegettegeeateetgaagtge aacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtgagcaccgtgcagtgcacccacggc atccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagcctggccgaggagggcgtggtgatc cgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtgcagctgaaggagagcgtggagatc aactgcacccgcccaacaacaacacccgcaagagcatcaccatcggccccggccgcgccttctac gccaccggcgacatcatcggcgacatccgccaggcccactgcaacatcagcggcgagaagtggaac aacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttcggcaacaagaccatcgtgttcaag cagagcagcggcggcgaccccgagatcgtgatgcacagcttcaactgcggcggcgagttcttctac tgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacaccatcggccccaacaacaccaacggc accatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgctggcaggaggtgggcaaggccatg tacgeccccccatecgeggecagatecgetgeageageaacateaeeggeetgetgetgaceege gacggcggcaaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatcttccgccccggcggcggcgacatgcgcgac aactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatcgagcccctggggcgtggcccccacc aaggccatcagcagcgtggtgcagagcgagaagagcgccgtgaccctgggcgccatgttcctgggc tteetgggegeegeeggeageacatgggegeeegeageetgaeeetgaeegtgeaggeeegeeag ctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaacaacctgctgcgcgccatcgaggcccagcagcacctg ctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgcgtgctggccgtggagcgctacctg aaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctgggggctgcagcggcaagctgatctgcaccaccgccgtgccc gagegegagategaeaactaeaccaacetgatetaeaecetgategaggagageeagaaccageag gagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggccagcctgtggaactggttcgacatc agcaagtggctgtggtacatctaactcgag

> FIG. 30 (SEQ ID NO:43)

gp140.mut7.modSF162.delV1V2

ttegtttegeceagegeegtggagaagetgtggggtgaeegtgtaetaeggegtgeeegtgtggaag gaggccaccaccaccctgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagcctgaagccctgcgtgaagctgaccccctgtgcgtgggcgccggcaactgccagacc agegtgateacceaggeetgeeceaaggtgagettegageecateeceatecactaetgegeeeee geeggettegeeateetgaagtgeaacgaeaagaagtteaaeggeageggeeeetgeaceaaegtg agcaccgtgcagtgcacccacggcatccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagc ctggccgaggagggcgtggtgatccgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtg cagctgaaggagagcgtggagatcaactgcacccgccccaacaacaccccgcaagagcatcacc ateggeeceggeegeettetacgeeaceggegacateateggegacatecegeeaggeecactge aacatcagcggcgagaagtggaacaacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttc $\tt ggcaacaagaccatcgtgttcaagcagagcagcggcgaccccgagatcgtgatgcacagcttc$ aactgcggcggcgagttcttctactgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacacc atcggccccaacaccaccaacggcaccatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgc tggcaggaggtgggcaaggccatgtacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaac atcaccggcctgctgctcacccgcgacggcgacaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatcttccgc cccggcggcgacatgcgcgacaactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatc gagecectgggegtggeececaceaaggeeateageagegtggtgeagagegagaagagegeegtg accetgggegecatgtteetgggetteetgggegeeggeageaceatgggegeegeageetg accotgacogtgcaggcccgccagctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaacaacctgctgcgc gccatcgaggcccagcagcacctgctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgc gtgctggccgtggagcgctacctgaaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctggggctgcagcggcaag ctgatctgcaccaccgccgtgccctggaacgccagctggagcaacaagagcctggaccagatctgg aacaacatgacctggatggagtgggagcgcgagatcgacaactacacccaacctgatctacaccctg atcgaggagagccagaaccagcaggagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggcc agectgtggaactggttegacateageaagtggetgtggtacatetaaetegag

FIG. 31 (SEQ ID NO:44)

gp140.mut8.modSF162

gaattegecaceatggatgcaatgaagagaggetetgetgtgtgetgetgetgtgtggageagte ttcgtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtgggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggccaccaccaccctgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagcctgaagccctgcgtgaagctgacccccctgtgcgtgaccctgcactgcaccaacctg aagaacgccaccaacaccaagagcagcaactggaaggagatggaccgcgggcgagatcaagaactgc agetteaaggtgaccaccagcateegcaacaagatgcagaaggagtacgccctgttctacaagetg gacgtggtgcccatcgacaacgacaacaccagctacaagctgatcaactgcaacaccagcgtgatc acccaggectgecccaaggtgagettegageccatecccatecactactgegeceeeggette gccatcctgaagtgcaacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtgagcaccgtg cagtgcacccacggcatccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagcctggccgag gagggcgtggtgatccgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtgcagctgaag gagagegtggagateaactgcaccegecccaacaacaccegcaagagcateaccateggecce ggccgcgccttctacgccaccggcgacatcatcggcgacatccgccaggcccactgcaacatcagc ggcgagaagtggaacaacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttcggcaacaag accategtgttcaageagageageggeggegaeeeegagategtgatgeaeagettcaaetgegge ggcgagttcttctactgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacaccatcggcccc aacaacaccaacggcaccatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgctggcaggag gtgggcaaggccatgtacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaacatcaccggc ctgctgctgacccgcgacggcggcaaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatcttccgccccggcggc ggcgacatgcgcgacaactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatcgagcccctg ggcgtggcccccaccatcgccatcagcagcgtggtgcagagcgagaagagcgccgtgaccctgggc gccatgttcctgggcttcctgggcgccgccggcagcaccatgggcgcccgcagcctgacctgacc gtgcaggcccgccagctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaacaacctgctgcgcgccatcgag gcccagcagcacctgctgcagctgaccgtgtgggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgcgtgctggcc gtggagcgctacctgaaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctggggctgcagcggcaagctgatctgc accaccgccgtgccctggaacgccagctggagcaacaagagcctggaccagatctggaacaacatg acctggatggagtgggagcgcgagatcgacaactacaccaacctgatctacaccctgatcgaggag agccagaaccagcaggagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggccagcctgtgg aactggttcgacatcagcaagtggctgtggtacatctaactcgag

FIG. 32 (SEQ ID NO:45)

gp140.mut8.modSF162.delV2

gaattcgccaccatggatgcaatgaagagaggctctgctgtgtgctgctgctgtgtggagcagtc ttcgtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtgggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggccaccaccaccetgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg ____tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagageetgaageeetgegtgaagetgaeeeeetgtgegtgaeeetgeaetgeaeeaaeetg aagaacgccaccaacaccaagagcagcaactggaaggagatggaccgcggggagatcaagaactgc agcttcaaggtgggcgccggcaagctgatcaactgcaacaccagcgtgatcacccaggcctgcccc aaggtgagcttcgagcccatccccatccactactgcgcccccggcttcgccatcctgaagtgc aacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtgagcaccgtgcagtgcacccacggc atccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagcctggccgaggagggcgtggtgatc cgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtgcagctgaaggagagcgtggagatc aactgcacccgccccaacaacaccaccgcaagagcatcaccatcggccccggccgcgccttctac gccaccggcgacatcatcggcgacatccgccaggcccactgcaacatcagcggcgagaagtggaac aacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttcggcaacaagaccatcgtgttcaag cagageageggeggegaeceegagategtgatgeacagetteaactgeggeggegagttettetae tgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacaccatcggccccaacaacaccaacggc accatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgctggcaggaggtgggcaaggccatg tacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaacatcaccggcctgctgctgacccgc gacggcggcaaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatcttccgccccggcggcggcgacatgcgcgac aactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatcgagcccctgggcgtggcccccacc atogocatoagoagogtggtgcagagogagaagagogoogtgacootgggcgccatgttootgggc tteetgggegeegeeggeageaceatgggegeeegeageetgaeeetgaeegtgeaggeeegeeag ctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaacaacctgctgcgcgccatcgaggcccagcagcacctg ctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgcgtgctggccgtggagcgctacctg aaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctgggggctgcagcggcaagctgatctgcaccaccgccgtgccc gagegegagategacaactacaccaacetgatetacaceetgategaggagagecagaaccageag gagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggccagcctgtggaactggttcgacatc agcaagtggctgtggtacatctaactcgag

> FIG. 33 (SEO ID NO:46)

gp140.mut8.modSF162.delV1V2

gaattcgccaccatggatgcaatgaagagaggctctgctgtgtgctgctgctgtgtggagcagtc ttcgtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtgggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggccaccaccaccctgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg _ _ gaccagageetgaageeetgegtgaagetgaeeeeeetgtgegtgggegeeggeaaetgeeagaee agegtgateacccaggectgecccaaggtgagettegageccatecccatecactactgegeccee gccggcttcgccatcctgaagtgcaacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtg agcaccgtgcagtgcacccacggcatccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagc ctggccgaggagggcgtggtgatccgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtg cagctgaaggagagcgtggagatcaactgcacccgcccaacaacaacacccgcaagagcatcacc ateggeeceggeegeettetacgeeaceggegaeateateggegaeatecgeeaggeecaetge aacatcagcggcgagaagtggaacaacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttc ggcaacaagaccatcgtgttcaagcagagcagcggcggcccccgagatcgtgatgcacagcttc aactgcggcggcgagttcttctactgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacacc atcggccccaacaccaccaacggcaccatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgc tggcaggaggtgggcaaggccatgtacgccccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaac atcaccggcctgctgctgacccgcgacggcggcaaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatcttccgc cccggcggcggcgacatgcgcgacaactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatc gageceetgggegtggeeceeaceategeeateageagegtggtgeagagegagaagagegeegtg accetgggcgccatgttcctgggcttcctgggcgccgccggcagcaccatgggcgcccgcagcctg accetgacegtgeaggeeegeeagetgetgageggeategtgeageageagaaeaacetgetgege gccatcgaggcccagcagcacctgctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgc gtgctggccgtggagcgctacctgaaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctggggctgcagcggcaag ctgatctgcaccaccgccgtgccctggaacgccagctggagcaacaagagcctggaccagatctgg aacaacatgacctggatggagtgggagcgcgagatcgacaactacaccaacctgatctacaccctg atcgaggagagccagaaccagcaggagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggagcaagtgggcc agcctgtggaactggttcgacatcagcaagtggctgtggtacatctaactcgag

FIG. 34 (SEQ ID NO:47)

gp160.modSF162

gaattcgccaccatggatgcaatgaagagggctctgctgtgtgctgctgctgtgtggagcagtc ttcqtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtgggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggccaccaccaccctgttctgcgccagcgacgccaaggcctacgacaccgaggtgcacaacgtg $\verb|tgggccacccacggctgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc|$ gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagcctgaagccctgcgtgaagctgaccccctgtgcgtgaccctgcactgcaccaacctg aagaacgccaccaacaccaagagcagcaactggaaggagatggaccgcggcgagatcaagaactgc agettcaaggtgaccaccagcatccgcaacaagatgcagaaggagtacgccctgttctacaagctg gacgtggtgcccatcgacaacgacaacaccagctacaagctgatcaactgcaacaccagcgtgatc acccaggeetgeeecaaggtgagettegageecateeccatecaetaetgegeeeeggette gccatcctgaagtgcaacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtgagcaccgtg cagtgcacccacggcatccgcccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagcctggccgag gagggcgtggtgatccgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtgcagctgaag gagagcgtggagatcaactgcacccgcccaacaacaacacccgcaagagcatcaccatcggccc ggecgegettetacgecaceggegacateateggegacatecgecaggeccactgcaacateage ggcgagaagtggaacaacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttcggcaacaag accatcgtgttcaagcagagcagcggcgaccccgagatcgtgatgcacagcttcaactgcggc ggcgagttcttctactgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacaccatcggcccc aacaacaccaacggcaccatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgctggcaggag gtgggcaaggccatgtacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaacatcaccggc ctgctgctgacccgcgacggcgaaggagatcagcaaccaccgagatcttccgccccggcgc ggcgacatgcgcgacaactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatcgagccctg ggcgtggcccccaccaaggccaagcgccgcgtggtgcagcgcgagaagcgcgcgtgaccctgggc gccatgttcctgggcttcctgggcgccgccgcagcaccatgggcgcccgcagcctgaccctgacc gtgcaggcccgccagctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaaccacctgctgcgcgccatcgag gcccagcagcacctgctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgcgtgctggcc gtggagcgctacctgaaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctggggctgcagcggcaagctgatctgc accaccgccgtgccctggaacgccagctggagcaacaagagcctggaccagatctggaacaacatg acctggatggagtgggagcgcgagatcgacaactacaccaacctgatctacaccctgatcgaggag agccagaaccagcaggagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggccagcctgtgg aactggttcgacatcagcaagtggctgtggtacatcaagatcttcatcatgatcgtgggcggcctg gtgggcctgcgcatcgtgttcaccgtgctgagcatcgtgaaccgcgtgcgccagggctacagcccc ctgagettecagacccgcttecccgcccccgggccccgaccgccccgagggcatcgaggaggag ggcggcgagcgcgaccgcagcagccccctggtgcacggcctgctggccctgatctgggac atcgtggagctgctgggccgccgcggctgggaggccctgaagtactggggcaacctgctgcagtac tggatccaggagctgaagaacagcgccgtgagcctgttcgacgccatcgccatcgccgtggccgag ggcaccgaccgcatcatcgaggtggcccagcgcatcggccgcgccttcctgcacatcccccgccgc atccgccagggcttcgagcgccctgctgtaactcgag

> FIG. 35 (SEQ ID NO:48)

gp160.modSF162.delV2

gaattegeeaceatggatgeaatgaagagagggetetgetgtgtgetgetgetgtgtggageagte ttcgtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtgggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggecaccaccaccetgttetgegecagegacgecaaggeetaegacacegaggtgcacaaegtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagectgaagecetgegtgaagetgaeeeeeetgtgegtgaeeetgeaeetgeaeeaaeetg aagaacgccaccaacaccaagagcagcaactggaaggagatggaccgcggggagatcaagaactgc agetteaaggtgggegeeggeaagetgateaaetgeaacaecagegtgateaeceaggeetgeeec aaggtgagcttcgagcccatccccatccactactgcgcccccgccggcttcgccatcctgaagtgc aacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtgagcaccgtgcagtgcacccacggc atccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagcctggccgaggagggcgtggtgatc cgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtgcagctgaaggagagcgtggagatc aactgcacccgccccaacaacaccccgcaagagcatcaccatcggccccggccgcgccttctac gccaccggcgacatcatcggcgacatccgccaggcccactgcaacatcagcggcgagaagtggaac aacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttcggcaacaagaccatcgtgttcaag cagagcagcggcggcgaccccgagatcgtgatgcacagcttcaactgcggcggcgagttcttctac accatcaccctgccctgccgcatcaagcagatcatcaaccgctggcaggaggtgggcaaggccatg tacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaacatcaccggcctgctgacccgc gacggcggcaaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatettccgccccggcggcggcgacatgcgcgac aactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatcgagcccctggggcgtggccccacc aaggecaagegeegegtggtgeagegegagaagegegegtgaeeetgggegeeatgtteetggge ttcctgggcgccggcagcaccatgggcgcccgcagcctgaccctgaccgtgcaggcccgccag ctgctgagcggcatcgtgcagcagcagaacaacctgctgcgcgccatcgaggcccagcagcacctg ctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgcgtgctggccgtggagcgctacctg aaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctggggctgcagcggcaagctgatctgcaccaccgccgtgccc gagcgcgagatcgacaactacaccaacctgatctacaccctgatcgaggagagccagaaccagcag gagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggccagcctgtggaactggttcgacatc agcaagtggctgtggtacatcaagatcttcatcatgatcgtgggcggcctggtgggcctgcgcatc gtgttcaccgtgctgagcatcgtgaaccgcgtgcgccagggctacagccccctgagcttccagacc cgcgaccgcagcagcccctggtgcacggcctgctggccctgatctgggacgacctgcagcctg ggccgccgcggctgggaggccctgaagtactggggcaacctgctgcagtactggatccaggagctg atcgaggtggcccagcgcatcggccgcccttcctgcacatccccgccgcatccgccagggcttc gagcgcccctgctgtaactcgag

FIG. 36 (SEQ ID NO:49)

gp160.modSF162.delV1V2

gaattcgccaccatggatgcaatgaagagaggctctgctgtgtgctgctgctgtgtggagcagtc ttcgtttcgcccagcgccgtggagaagctgtggggtgaccgtgtactacggcgtgcccgtgtggaag gaggecaccaccacctgttetgegecagegaegecaaggeetaegaeaeegaggtgeaeaaegtg tgggccacccacgcctgcgtgcccaccgaccccaacccccaggagatcgtgctggagaacgtgacc gagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggagcagatgcacgaggacatcatcagcctgtgg gaccagagcctgaagccctgcgtgaagctgacccccctgtgcgtgggcgccggcaactgccagacc agegtgateacceaggectgecceaaggtgagettegageceatecceatecactactgegecece gccggcttcgccatcctgaagtgcaacgacaagaagttcaacggcagcggcccctgcaccaacgtg agcaccgtgcagtgcacccacggcatccgccccgtggtgagcacccagctgctgctgaacggcagc ctggccgaggagggcgtggtgatccgcagcgagaacttcaccgacaacgccaagaccatcatcgtg cagctgaaggagagcgtggagatcaactgcacccgccccaacaacaacacccgcaagagcatcacc atcggccccggccgccttctacgccaccggcgacatcatcggcgacatccgccaggcccactgc aacatcagcggcgagaagtggaacaacaccctgaagcagatcgtgaccaagctgcaggcccagttc ggcaacaagaccatcgtgttcaagcagagcagcggcggcgaccccgagatcgtgatgcacagcttc aactgcggcggcgagttcttctactgcaacagcacccagctgttcaacagcacctggaacaacacc tggcaggaggtgggcaaggccatgtacgcccccccatccgcggccagatccgctgcagcagcaac atcaccggcctgctgacccgcgacggcggcaaggagatcagcaacaccaccgagatcttccgc cccggcggcggcgacatgcgcgacaactggcgcagcgagctgtacaagtacaaggtggtgaagatc qaqcccctgggcgtggcccccaccaaggccaagcgccgcgtggtgcagcgcgagaagcgcgcgtg accetgggcgccatgttcctgggcttcctgggcgccgccggcagcaccatgggcgcccgcagcctg accetgacegtgeaggeeegeeagetgetgageggeategtgeageageagaacaacetgetgege gccatcgaggcccagcagcacctgctgcagctgaccgtgtggggcatcaagcagctgcaggcccgc gtgctggccgtggagcgctacctgaaggaccagcagctgctgggcatctggggctgcagcggcaag ctgatctgcaccaccgccgtgccctggaacgccagctggagcaacaagagcctggaccagatctgg aacaacatgacctggatggagtggggagcgcgagatcgacaactacaccaacctgatctacaccctg atcgaggagagccagaaccagcaggagaagaacgagcaggagctgctggagctggacaagtgggcc agcctgtggaactggttcgacatcagcaagtggctgtggtacatcaagatcttcatcatgatcgtg ggcggcctggtgggcctgcgcatcgtgttcaccgtgctgagcatcgtgaaccgcgtgcgccagggc tacageccetgagettecagaecegetteccegecceegeggeccegaecgceegagggeate gaggaggagggegagegegacegegacegeageagececetggtgcacggcetgetggeeetg atctgggacgacctgcgcagcctgtgcctgttcagctaccaccgcctgcgcgacctgatcctgatc gccgcccgcatcgtggagctgctgggccgccgcggctgggaggccctgaagtactggggcaacctg ctgcagtactggatccaggagctgaagaacagcgccgtgagcctgttcgacgccatcgccatcgcc gtggccgagggcaccgaccgcatcatcgaggtggcccagcgcatcggccgcgccttcctgcacatc cccgccgcatccgccagggcttcgagcgcgccctgctgtaactcgag

FIG. 37 (SEQ ID NO:50)

gp120wtUS4

ACAACAGTCTTGTGGGTCACAGTCTATTATGGGGTACCTGTGTGGAAAGAAG CAACCACCACTCTGTTTTGTGCATCAGATGCTAAAGCATACAAAGCAGAGGC ACATAACGTCTGGGCTACACATGCCTGTGTACCCACAGACCCCAACCCACAG GAAGTAAATTTAACAAATGTGACAGAAAATTTTAACATGTGGAAAAATAACA TGGTGGAACAGATGCATGAGGATATAATCAGTTTATGGGATCAAAGCCTAAA GCCATGTGTAAAATTAACCCCACTCTGTGTTACTTTAAATTGTACTGATAAGT TGACAGGTAGTACTAATGGCACAAATAGTACTAGTGGCACTAATAGTACTAG TGGCACTAATAGTACTAGTACTAATAGTACTGATAGTTGGGAAAAGATGCCA GAAGGAGAAATAAAAAACTGCTCTTTCAATATCACCACAAGTGTAAGAGATA AAGTGCAGAAAGAATATTCTCTCTTCTATAAACTTGATGTAGTACCAATAGAT AATGATAATGCTAGCTATAGATTGATAAATTGTAATACCTCAGTCATTACACA AGCCTGTCCAAAGGTATCTTTTGAACCAATTCCCATACATTATTGTGCCCCGG CTGGTTTTGCGATTCTAAAGTGTAAAGATAAGAAGTTCAATGGAACAGGACC ATGTAAAAATGTCAGCACAGTACAATGCACACATGGAATTAGACCAGTAGTA TCAACTCAACTGCTGTTAAATGGCAGTCTAGCAGAAGAAGAAGATAGTACTTA GATCTGAAAATTTCACAGACAATGCTAAAACCATAATAGTACAGCTGAATGA ATCTGTAGAAATTAATTGTATAAGACCCAACAATAATACAAGAAAAAGTATA CATATAGGACCAGGGAGAGCATTTTATGCAACAGGTGATATAATAGGAGACA TAAGACAAGCACATTGTAACATTAGTAAAGCAAACTGGACTAACACTTTAGA ACAGATAGTTGAAAAATTAAGAGAACAATTTGGGAATAATAAAACAATAATC TTTAATTCATCCTCAGGAGGGGACCCAGAAATTGTATTTCACAGTTTTAATTG TGGAGGGGAATTTTCTATTGTAATACATCACAACTATTTAATAGTACCTGGA ATATTACTGAAGAGTAAATAAGACTAAAGAAAATGACACTATCATACTCCC ATGCAGAATAAGACAAATTATAAACATGTGGCAAGAAGTAGGAAAAGCAAT GTATGCCCCTCCCATCAGAGGACAAATTAAATGTTCATCAAATATTACAGGG AGACCTTCAGACCTGGGGGAGGAAACATGAAGGACAATTGGAGAAGTGAAT GGCAAAGAGAAGAGTGGTGCAAAGAGAGAAAAGA

> FIG. 38 (SEQ ID NO:51)

gp140wtUS4

ACAACAGTCTTGTGGGTCACAGTCTATTATGGGGTACCTGTGTGGAAAGAAG CAACCACCACTCTGTTTTGTGCATCAGATGCTAAAGCATACAAAGCAGAGGC ACATAACGTCTGGGCTACACATGCCTGTGTACCCACAGACCCCAACCCACAG GAAGTAAATTTAACAAATGTGACAGAAAATTTTAACATGTGGAAAAATAACA TGGTGGAACAGATGCATGAGGATATAATCAGTTTATGGGATCAAAGCCTAAA GCCATGTGTAAAATTAACCCCACTCTGTGTTACTTTAAATTGTACTGATAAGT TGACAGGTAGTACTAATGGCACAAATAGTACTAGTGGCACTAATAGTACTAG TGGCACTAATAGTACTAGTACTAATAGTACTGATAGTTGGGAAAAGATGCCA GAAGGAGAAATAAAAAACTGCTCTTTCAATATCACCACAAGTGTAAGAGATA AAGTGCAGAAAGAATATTCTCTCTTCTATAAACTTGATGTAGTACCAATAGAT AATGATAATGCTAGCTATAGATTGATAAATTGTAATACCTCAGTCATTACACA AGCCTGTCCAAAGGTATCTTTTGAACCAATTCCCATACATTATTGTGCCCCGG CTGGTTTTGCGATTCTAAAGTGTAAAGATAAGAAGTTCAATGGAACAGGACC ATGTAAAAATGTCAGCACAGTACAATGCACACATGGAATTAGACCAGTAGTA TCAACTCAACTGCTGTTAAATGGCAGTCTAGCAGAAGAAGAGATAGTACTTA GATCTGAAAATTTCACAGACAATGCTAAAACCATAATAGTACAGCTGAATGA ATCTGTAGAAATTAATTGTATAAGACCCAACAATAATACAAGAAAAAGTATA CATATAGGACCAGGGAGAGCATTTTATGCAACAGGTGATATAATAGGAGACA TAAGACAAGCACATTGTAACATTAGTAAAGCAAACTGGACTAACACTTTAGA ACAGATAGTTGAAAAATTAAGAGAACAATTTGGGAATAATAAAACAATAATC TTTAATTCATCCTCAGGAGGGGACCCAGAAATTGTATTTCACAGTTTTAATTG TGGAGGGGAATTTTTCTATTGTAATACATCACAACTATTTAATAGTACCTGGA ATATTACTGAAGAGGTAAATAAGACTAAAGAAAATGACACTATCATACTCCC ATGCAGAATAAGACAAATTATAAACATGTGGCAAGAAGTAGGAAAAGCAAT GTATGCCCCTCCCATCAGAGGACAAATTAAATGTTCATCAAATATTACAGGG CTGCTATTAACTAGAGATGGTGGTACTAACAATAATAGGACGACGACACCG AGACCTTCAGACCTGGGGGAGGAAACATGAAGGACAATTGGAGAAGTGAAT GGCAAAGAGAGAGTGGTGCAAAGAGAGAAAAGAGCAGTGGGACTAGGAG CTTTGTTCATTGGGTTCTTGGGAGCAGCAGCAGCACTATGGGCGCAGCGTC AGTGACGCTGACGGTACAGGCCAGACAATTATTGTCTGGTATAGTGCAACAG CAGAACAATTTGCTGAGAGCTATTGAGGCGCAACAGCATCTGTTGCAACTCA CGGTCTGGGGCATCAAACAGCTCCAGGCAAGAATCCTGGCTGTGGAAAGATA CCTAAAGGATCAACAGCTCCTAGGGATTTGGGGTTGCTCTGGAAAACTCATTT ATTTGGGATAATATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAAAGAGAAATTGGCAATTATA CAGGCTTAATATACAATTTAATTGAAATAGCACAAAACCAGCAAGAAAAGAA TGAACAAGAATTATTGGAATTAGACAAGTGGGCAAGTTTGTGGAATTGGTTT GATATAACAAACTGGCTGTGGTATATA

FIG. 39 (SEQ ID NO:52)

gp160wtUS4

ACAACAGTCTTGTGGGTCACAGTCTATTATGGGGTACCTGTGTGGAAAGAAG CAACCACCACTCTGTTTTGTGCATCAGATGCTAAAGCATACAAAGCAGAGGC ACATAACGTCTGGGCTACACATGCCTGTGTACCCACAGACCCCAACCCACAG GAAGTAAATTTAACAAATGTGACAGAAAATTTTAACATGTGGAAAAATAACA TGGTGGAACAGATGCATGAGGATATAATCAGTTTATGGGATCAAAGCCTAAA GCCATGTGTAAAATTAACCCCACTCTGTGTTACTTTAAATTGTACTGATAAGT TGACAGGTAGTACTAATGGCACAAATAGTACTAGTGGCACTAATAGTACTAG TGGCACTAATAGTACTAGTACTAATAGTACTGATAGTTGGGAAAAGATGCCA GAAGGAGAATAAAAAACTGCTCTTTCAATATCACCACAAGTGTAAGAGATA AAGTGCAGAAAGAATATTCTCTCTCTATAAACTTGATGTAGTACCAATAGAT AATGATAATGCTAGCTATAGATTGATAAATTGTAATACCTCAGTCATTACACA AGCCTGTCCAAAGGTATCTTTTGAACCAATTCCCATACATTATTGTGCCCCGG CTGGTTTTGCGATTCTAAAGTGTAAAGATAAGAAGTTCAATGGAACAGGACC ATGTAAAAATGTCAGCACAGTACAATGCACACATGGAATTAGACCAGTAGTA TCAACTCAACTGCTGTTAAATGGCAGTCTAGCAGAAGAAGAAGATAGTACTTA GATCTGAAAATTTCACAGACAATGCTAAAACCATAATAGTACAGCTGAATGA ATCTGTAGAAATTAATTGTATAAGACCCAACAATAATACAAGAAAAAGTATA CATATAGGACCAGGGAGAGCATTTTATGCAACAGGTGATATAATAGGAGACA TAAGACAAGCACATTGTAACATTAGTAAAGCAAACTGGACTAACACTTTAGA ACAGATAGTTGAAAAATTAAGAGAACAATTTGGGAATAATAAAACAATAATC TTTAATTCATCCTCAGGAGGGGACCCAGAAATTGTATTTCACAGTTTTAATTG TGGAGGGGAATTTTCTATTGTAATACATCACAACTATTTAATAGTACCTGGA ATATTACTGAAGAGTAAATAAGACTAAAGAAAATGACACTATCATACTCCC ATGCAGAATAAGACAAATTATAAACATGTGGCAAGAAGTAGGAAAAGCAAT GTATGCCCCTCCCATCAGAGGACAAATTAAATGTTCATCAAATATTACAGGG AGACCTTCAGACCTGGGGGAGGAAACATGAAGGACAATTGGAGAAGTGAAT GGCAAAGAGAAGAGTGGTGCAAAGAGAGAAAAAGAGCAGTGGGACTAGGAG CTTTGTTCATTGGGTTCTTGGGAGCAGCAGCAGCACTATGGGCGCAGCGTC AGTGACGCTGACGGTACAGGCCAGACAATTATTGTCTGGTATAGTGCAACAG CAGAACAATTTGCTGAGAGCTATTGAGGCGCAACAGCATCTGTTGCAACTCA CGGTCTGGGGCATCAAACAGCTCCAGGCAAGAATCCTGGCTGTGGAAAGATA CCTAAAGGATCAACAGCTCCTAGGGATTTGGGGTTGCTCTGGAAAACTCATTT ATTTGGGATAATATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAAAGAGAAATTGGCAATTATA CAGGCTTAATATACAATTTAATTGAAATAGCACAAAACCAGCAAGAAAAGAA TGAACAAGAATTATTGGAATTAGACAAGTGGGCAAGTTTGTGGAATTGGTTT GATATAACAAACTGGCTGTGGTATATAAGAATATTCATAATGATAGTAGGAG GCTTGATAGGTTTAAGAATAGTTTTTTGCTGTACTTTCTATAGTGAATAGAGTT AGGCAGGGATACTCACCAATATCATTGCAGACCCGCCTCCCAGCTCAGAGGG

FIG. 40A (SEO ID NO:53)

FIG. 40B (SEQ ID NO:53)

gp120.modUS4

GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCA GTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTG TGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGC CCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGGTGAACC TGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTGACCCCCCTGTGCGTG ACCCTGAACTGCACCGACAAGCTGACCGGCAGCACCAACGGCACCAACAGCACCAGCGGCAC CAACAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGCACCAGCACCAACAGCACCGACAGCTGGGAGAAGATG CCCGAGGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCAGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA GAAGGAGTAÇAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCCATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCT ACCGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGC CCATCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGT TCAACGGCACCGGCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGATCGTGCTGCGCTC CGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCA ACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCT ACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAAC TGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGAC CATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGG CGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGA GGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCA ACATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGC AGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCACCAA CGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGT GTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

FIG. 41 (SEO ID NO:54)

gp120.mod.US4.del128-194 GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGG AGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCG TGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTAC AAGGCCGAGGCCCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCC CCAGGAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGG TGGAGCAGATGCATGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTG AAGCTGACCCCCTGTGCGTGGGGGCAGGGAACTGCGAGACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGC CTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTCG CCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGC ACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCAACGG CAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGATCGTGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGA CCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAAC ACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCAT CGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCG AGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATCATCTTCAAC AGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTT CTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGA ATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTG CAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGGCACCAACAACAACCGCA CCAACGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCGGGGGGGGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGC CAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

> FIG. 42 (SEQ ID NO:55)

gp140.modUS4

GTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTG TGGAAGGAGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGC CCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGGTGAACC TGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTGACCCCCCTGTGCGTG ACCCTGAACTGCACCGACAAGCTGACCGGCAGCACCAACGGCACCAACAGCACCAGCGGCAC CAACAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGCACCAGCACCGACAGCTGGGAGAAGATG CCCGAGGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCAGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCCATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCT ACCGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGC CCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGT TCAACGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGAGATCGTGCTGCGCTC CGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCA ACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCT ACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAAC TGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGAC CATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGG CGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGA GGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCA ACATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGC CGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGT GTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGGGCGCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCC GCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAG CGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCGCGCCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGC AGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTG AAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGT GCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGA TGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCC CAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGT GGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

FIG. 43 (SEQ ID NO:56)

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GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCA GTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTG TGGAAGGAGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGC CCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGGTGAACC TGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTGACCCCCCTGTGCGTG ACCCTGAACTGCACCGACAAGCTGACCGGCAGCACCAACGGCACCAACAGCACCAGCGGCAC CAACAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGCACCAGCACCAACAGCACCGACAGCTGGGAGAAGATG CCCGAGGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCAGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCCATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCT ACCGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGC CCATCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGT TCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC GTGGTGAGCAGCCAGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGAGATCGTGCTGCGCTC CGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCA ACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCT ACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAAC TGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGAC CATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGG CGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGA GGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCA AGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAA CGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGT GTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGAGCGCCGTGGGGCCTGGGCGCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCC GCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCCCCCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAG CGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCACCAGCTGCTGCGCGCCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGC AGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTG AAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGT GCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGA TGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCC CAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGT GGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

> FIG. 44 (SEO ID NO:57)

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GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTTGTGGAGCA GTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTG TGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGC CCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGGTGAACC TGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTGACCCCCCTGTGCGTG CAACAGCACCAGCGGCACCAACAGCACCAGCACCAACAGCACCGACAGCTGGGAGAAGATG CCCGAGGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCAGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA GAAGGAGTACAGCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCCATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCT ACCGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGC CCATCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGCCTCCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGT TCAACGCACCGCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCC GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGCCTGCCGAGGAGAGATCGTGCTGCTC CGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCA ACTGCATCCGCCCAACAACACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCT ACGCCACCGCGACATCATCGCCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAAC TGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGAC CATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGG CGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGA GGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCA ACATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGC AGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCACCAA CGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCGGCGGCGGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGT GTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCTGGGCGCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCC GCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCCCCCTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAG CGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGC AGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTG AAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGT GCCCTGGAACAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGA TGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCC CAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGT GGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCCGCATCTTCATCATGATCGTGGGCG GCCTGATCGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCGTGCTGAGCATCGTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTA GA

> FIG. 45 (SEO ID NO:58)

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GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGC TGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACC GTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCCTGTTCTGCG CCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGCCCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCA CGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCAGGAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGTG ACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGGGCGCCGGCC AGGCCTGCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCC CGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGC CCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTGG TGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGATCGTGCT GCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAAC GAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACGCGTAAGAGCA TCCACATCGGCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGA CATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTC GAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATC ATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCA ACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCAC CTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACACCATCAT CCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAG GCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATTA CCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACGA CACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGCGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGC GAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGAGCCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCCA CCCAGGCCAAGCGCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCTGG GCGCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCGC CTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAG CAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGC TGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTG ATCTGCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGA CCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCA ACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAGGA GAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAA CTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTA GA

FIG. 46 (SEO ID NO:59)

Gp140modUS4.DV2

GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGC TGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACC GTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCCTGTTCTGCG CCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGCCCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCA CGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGTG ACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCTGCGTGAAGCTGACCC CCCTGTGCGTGACCCTGAACTGCACCGACAAGCTGACCGGCAGCACCAACGG CACCAACAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGCACCAG CACCAACAGCACCGACAGCTGGGAGAAGATGCCCGAGGGCGAGATCAAGAA CTGCAGCTTCAACATCGGCGCCGGCCGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTG ATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCATCCACTACT GCGCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGG CACCGGCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGC CCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGA TCGTGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCA GCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACGCGT AAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCA TCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAA CACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAA GACCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCAC CAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACAC CATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATGTGGCAGGAGGTG GGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCA ATATTACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCAC CAACGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACTG GCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGAGCCCCTGGGCGTG GCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTG GGCCTGGGCGCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCCCCGGGAGCACCATGG GCGCCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGCCCCCCCAGCTGCTGAGCGGCAT CGTGCAGCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCGCGCCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTG CTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCG TGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGG CAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAG AGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAG ATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACC AGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCC TGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCTAAGATATCGG **ATCCTCTAGA**

FIG. 47
(SEO ID NO:60)

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GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGC TGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACC GTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCG CCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGCCCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCC ACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCAGGAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGT GACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGA GGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGGGCGCCGGC CAGGCCTGCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCC CCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGG CCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTG GTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCTGAACGCCAGCCTGCCGAGGAGGAGATCGTGC TGCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAA CGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACGCGTAAGAGC ATCCACATCGGCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCG ACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCT CGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCAT CATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTC CCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACACCATCA TCCTGCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAA GGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATT ACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACG ACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCGGCGCGGCGACATGAÄGGACAACTGGCGCA GCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGAGCCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCC CACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGAGCGCCGTGGGCCT GGGCGCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCCCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCC GCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGC AGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCA GCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAG CGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGC TGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCT GACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGG CAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAG GAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGG AACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCTAAGATATCGGATCCTC **TAGA**

FIG. 48 (SEO ID NO:61)

gp140.mod.US4.del128-194

GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGG AGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCG TGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTAC AAGGCCGAGGCCCACACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCC CCAGGAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGG TGGAGCAGATGCATGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTG AAGCTGACCCCCTGTGCGTGGGGGCAGGGAACTGCGAGACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGC CCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGC ACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCAACGG CAGCCTGGCCGAGGGGGGGGTCGTGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGA CCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAAC ACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCAT CGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCG AGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATCATCTTCAAC AGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTT CTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGA ACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAAC ATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTG CAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCCACCAACAACAACCGCA CCAACGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGC CAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCTGGGCGCCCTGTTCATCG GCTTCCTGGGCGCCGCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAG GCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGA GGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCA TCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGC GGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCT GACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACA CCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAG GAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTG GCTGTGGTACATCTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

FIG. 49 (SEQ ID NO:62)

gp140.mut.mod.US4.del128-194

GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGG AGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCG TGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTAC AAGGCCGAGGCCCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCC CCAGGAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGG TGGAGCAGATGCATGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTG AAGCTGACCCCCTGTGCGTGGGGGCAGGGAACTGCGAGACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGC CTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTCG CCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGC ACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCTGAACGG CAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGATCGTGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGA CCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAAC ACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCAT CGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCG AGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATCATCTTCAAC AGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTT CTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGA ATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTG CAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCCACCAACAACAACCGCA CCAACGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGC CAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGAGCGCCGTGGGCCTGGGCCCCTGTTCATCG GCTTCCTGGGCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAG GCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAGCGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGA GGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCA TCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGC GGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCT GACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACA CCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAG GAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTG GCTGTGGTACATCTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

FIG. 50 (SEQ ID NO:63)

gp160.modUS4

GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCA GTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTG TGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGC CCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGGTGAACC TGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTGACCCCCCTGTGCGTG ACCCTGAACTGCACCGACAAGCTGACCGGCAGCACCAACAGCACCAGCGGCAC CAACAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGCACCAACAGCACCGACAGCTGGGAGAAGATG CCCGAGGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCAGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCCATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCT ACCGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGC CCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGT TCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGAGATCGTGCTGCGCTC CGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCA ACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACACCGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCT ACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAAC TGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGAC CATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGG CGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGA GGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCA AGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAA CGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGT GTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCCCGTGGGCCCTGGGCGCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCCC GCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCCCCCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAG CGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCGCGCCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGC AGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTG AAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGT GCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGA TGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCC CAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGT GGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCCGCATCTTCATCATGATCGTGGGCG GCCTGATCGGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCGTGCTGAGCATCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCT ACAGCCCCATCAGCCTGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCCCAGCGCCCCGACCGCCCCGAGGGC ATCGAGGAGGAGGGCGAGCGACCGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCT GGCCCTGATCTGGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGCGACCT ACTGGTGGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAGCGCCGTGAGCCTGTTC AACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGCACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCAT CTTCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGGCCTGGAGCGCCCTGCTGTA AGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

FIG. 51 (SEQ ID NO:64)

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GTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTG TGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGC CCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGGTGAACC TGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTGACCCCCCTGTGCGTG ACCCTGAACTGCACCGACAAGCTGGGCGCCGGCGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAACAT CACCACCAGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCAGAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGG TGCCCATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCC AGGCCTGCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTCG CCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACC GTGCAGTGCACCCACGCCATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTG GCCGAGGAGGAGATCGTGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGT GCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACGCGTAAGAGCA TCCACATCGGCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGG CCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTG CGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGA CAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACACCATCATCC TGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCC CCCCCATCCGCGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGAC GGCGGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACAT GAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGAGCCCCTGGGCG TGGCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCGTGGGCCTGGGC GCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCGCCTCCGTGACCCTG CATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCC GCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGC GGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGAC CGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCC TGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTG GAGCTGGACAAGTGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATC CGCATCTTCATCATGATCGTGGGCGGCCTGATCGGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCGTGCTGAGC ATCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCCTGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCCAG GCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCTGGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGT TCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAGCTGCTGGGCC GCCGCGGCTGGGAGCCCTGAAGTACTGGTGGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTG CATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCTTCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCA GGGCCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

FIG. 52 (SEO ID NO:65)

TATCGGATCCTCTAGA

gp160.mod.US4.delV2 GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGG AGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCG TGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTAC AAGGCCGAGGCCCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCC CCAGGAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGG TGGAGCAGATGCATGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTG AAGCTGACCCCCTGTGCGTGACCCTGAACTGCACCGACAAGCTGACCGGCAGCACAA CGGCACCAACAGCACCAGCGGCACCAACAGCACCAGCACCAGCACCA ACAGCACCGACAGCTGGGAGAAGATGCCCGAGGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAAC ATCGGCGCCGGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAA GGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGA AGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAG TGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGGC CGAGGAGGAGATCGTGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCG TGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACGCGTAAG AGCATCCACATCGGCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACAT CCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCG TGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGC GGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTG CAACACCAGCÇAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGAACAAGACCA AGGAGAACGACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATGTGGCAG GAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAA TATTACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACGACA CCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTAC CGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGTGCATCGGCTTCCTGG GCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAG CTGCTGAGCGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAGGCCCAGCA GCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCG TGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTG ATCTGCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGAT CTGGGACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGA TCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTG GAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTA CATCCGCATCTTCATCATGATCGTGGGCGGCCTGATCGGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCG TGCTGAGCATCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCCTGCAGACCCGC CTGCCCGCCCAGCGCGCCCCGACCGCCCCGAGGGCATCGAGGAGGAGGGCGAGCG CGACCGCGACCGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCTGGGACGACC TGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCC CGCATCGTGGAGCTGCTGGGCCCGCCGCCGGCTGGGAGCCCTGAAGTACTGGTGGAACCT GCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAGCGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCG CCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCTTCCGC GCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCCATCCGCCAGGGCCTGGAGCGCGCCCTGCTGTAAGA

FIG. 53 (SEQ ID NO:66)

WO 00/39302 PCT/US99/31245

gp160.modUS4delV1/2

GTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTG TGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGC CCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAGGAGGTGAACC TGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGGGCGCCGGCCAGGCCTGCCC CAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAA GTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCA CCCACGCATCCGCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAG GAGATCGTGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAA CGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCG GCCCGGCCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCA ACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAG TTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTT CTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCC GCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATC CGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCAC CAACAACAACGCCACCAACGACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCGAACATGAAGGACA ACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGAGCCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCC ACCCAGGCCAAGCGCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGTT CATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCCCCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCA GGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAGG CCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTG GCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCT GATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCT GGGACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTAC AACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGGTGGAGCTGG ACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCCGCATCT TCATCATGATCGTGGGCGGCCTGATCGGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCGTGCTGAGCATCGTGA GCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTCGGCCCTGATCTGGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTTCAGCT ACCACCGCCTGCGGACCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAGCTGCTGGGCCGCCGCG GCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGTGGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGC GAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCTTCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGGCCTG GAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA

FIG. 54 (SEQ ID NO:67)

gp160.modUS4 del 128-194

GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCA GTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTG TGGAAGGAGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAGGCCGAGGC CCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGGTGAACC TGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAGCAGATGCATGAG GACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTGACCCCCCTGTGCGTG GGGGCAGGGAACTGCGAGACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCC CATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTT CAACGCACCGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCG TGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGATCGTGCTGCCCCC GAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAA CTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTA CGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACT GGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACC ATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGC GGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAG GTGAACAAGACCAAGGAGAACGACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAA GCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAAC GACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTA TGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGGGCGCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCCCG CCGGGAGCACCATGGGCCCCCCCCCTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAGC GGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCGCGCCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCA GCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGA AGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTG CCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAACATGACCTGGAT GGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCC AGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTG GAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCCGCATCTTCATCATGATCGTGGGCGG CCTGATCGGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCGTGCTGAGCATCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTA CAGCCCCATCAGCCTGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCCCAGCGCGCCCCGACCGCCCCGAGGGCA TCGAGGAGGAGGGCGAGCGCGACCGCGACCGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTG GCCTGATCTGGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGCGACCTG CTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAGCTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTAC TGGTGGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAGCGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAA CGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCTT CCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGGCCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGA TATCGGATCCTCTAGA

FIG. 55 (SEQ ID NO:68)

Env_US4_C4wt
GACACTATCATACTCCCATGCAGAATAAGACAAATTATAAACATGTGGCAAGAAGTAGG
AAAAGCAATGTATGCCCCTCCCATCAGAGGACAAATTAAAATGTTCATCAAATATTACAG
GGCTGCTATTAACTAGAGATGGTGGT

FIG. 56 (SEO ID NO:69)

Env_SF162_C4wt

GGAACTATCACACTCCCATGCAGAATAAAACAAATTATAAACAGGTGGCAGGAAGTAGG AAAAGCAATGTATGCCCCTCCCATCAGAGGACAAATTAGATGCTCATCAAATATTACAG GACTGCTATTAACAAGAGATGGTGGT

FIG. 57 (SEO ID NO:70)

Env_US4_C4mod
GACACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATGTGGCAGGAGGTGGG
CAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAACATCACCG
GCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGGC

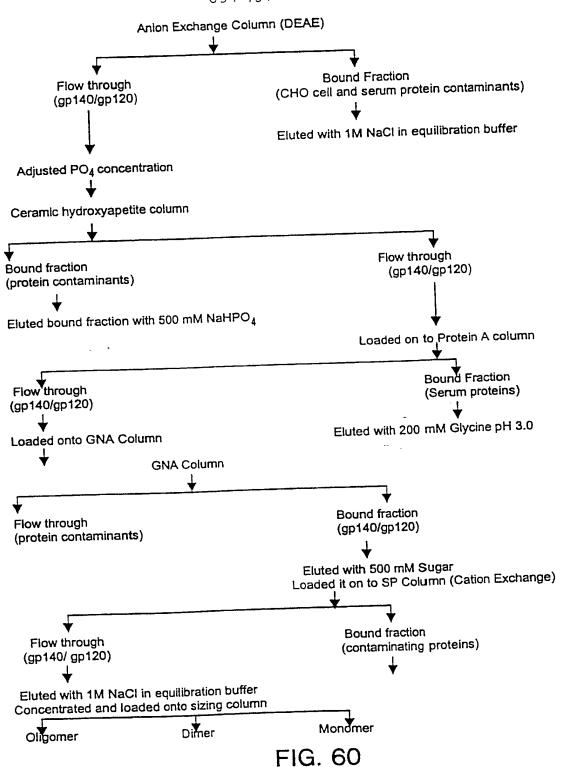
FIG. 58 (SEQ ID NO:71)

Env_SF162_C4mod

GGCACCATCACCCTGCCGCATCAAGCAGATCATCAACCGCTGGCAGGAGGTGGG
CAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCCGCTGCAGCAACATCACCG
GCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGGC

FIG. 59 (SEQ ID NO:72)





gp160mod.us4.gag.modSF2 GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGA GCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAG GCCGAGGCCCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAG GAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG CAGATGCATGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG ACCCCCTGTGCGTGACCCTGAACTGCACCGACAAGCTGACCGGCAGCACCAACGGCACC AACAGCACCAGCGGCACCAACAGCACCAGCACCAGCACCAGCACCAACAGCACCA GACAGCTGGGAGAAGATGCCCGAGGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAACATCACCACC AGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCAGAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCC ATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAG GCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCCTTC GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGC ACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCTGAACGGC AGCCTGGCCGAGAGGGGGGGGTCGTGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACC ATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAACAACACCG CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGC GACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGC AGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTAC TGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGAACAAGACC AAGGAGAACGACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATGTGGCAG GAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAAT ATTACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACGACACC GAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAG GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCCCGTGGGCCCTGGGCGCCCTGTTCATCGGCTTCCTGGGCGCC GCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCCCCCCCCCTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTG AGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAGGCCCCAGCAGCACCTG CTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCGC TACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACC ACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAAC ATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTG ATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCAAG TGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCCGCATCTTC ATCATGATCGTGGGCGGCCTGATCGGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCGTGCTGAGCATCGTG GGCCCGACCGCCCGAGGGCATCGAGGAGGAGGGCGGCGAGCGCGACCGCAGC AACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCTGGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTG TTCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAGCTGCTG GGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGTGGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAG GAGCTGAAGAGCAGCGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGC ACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCTTCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGC CGCATCCGCCAGGGCCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGAGAATTC

FIG. 61A (SEQ ID NO:73)

CGCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCTCCCCCCCCCCCCTAACGTTACTGGCCGAAGCCGC TTGGAATAAGGCCGGTGTGCGTTTGTCTATATGTTATTTTCCACCATATTGCCGTCTTTT GGCAATGTGAGGGCCCGGAAACCTGGCCCTGTCTTCTTGACGAGCATTCCTAGGGGTCTT CCTGGCGACAGGTGCCTCTGCGGCCAAAAGCCACGTGTATAAGATACACCTGCAAAGGCG GCACAACCCCAGTGCCACGTTGTGAGTTGGATAGTTGTGGAAAGAGTCAAATGGCTCTCC TCAAGCGTATTCAACAAGGGGCTGAAGGATGCCCAGAAGGTACCCCATTGTATGGGATCT GATCTGGGGCCTCGGTGCACATGCTTTACATGTGTTTAGTCGAGGTTAAAAAAACGTCTA GGCCCCCGAACCACGGGGACGTGGTTTTCCTTTGAAAAACACGATAATACCATGGGCGC CCGCGCCAGCGTGCTGAGCGGCGGCGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGAGAAGATCCGCCTGCGCCC CGGCGGCAAGAAGAAGTACAAGCTGAAGCACATCGTGTGGGCCAGCCGCGAGCTGGAGCG CTTCGCCGTGAACCCCGGCCTGCTGGAGACCAGCGAGGGCTGCCGCCAGATCCTGGGCCA GCTGCAGCCCAGCCTGCAGACCGGCAGCGAGGGGCTGCGCAGCCTGTACAACACCGTGGC CACCCTGTACTGCGTGCACCAGCGCATCGACGTCAAGGACACCAAGGAGGCCCTGGAGAA GATCGAGGAGGAGCAGAACAAGTCCAAGAAGAAGGCCCAGCAGCCGCCGCCGCCGCCGC CACCGGCAACAGCAGCCAGGTGAGCCAGAACTACCCCATCGTGCAGAACCTGCAGGGCCA GATGGTGCACCAGGCCATCAGCCCCCGCACCCTGAACGCCTGGGTGAAGGTGGTGGAGGA GAAGGCCTTCAGCCCCGAGGTGATCCCCATGTTCAGCGCCCTGAGCGAGGGCGCCACCCC CCAGGACCTGAACACGATGTTGAACACCGTGGGCGGCCACCAGGCCGCCATGCAGATGCT GAAGGAGACCATCAACGAGGAGGCCGCCGAGTGGGACCGCGTGCACCCCGTGCACGCCGG CCCCATCGCCCCGGCCAGATGCGCGAGCCCCGCGGCAGCGACATCGCCGGCACCACCAG CACCCTGCAGGAGCAGATCGGCTGGATGACCAACAACCCCCCCATCCCCGTGGGCGAGAT CTACAAGCGGTGGATCATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCGTGCGGATGTACAGCCCCACCAG CATCCTGGACATCCGCCAGGGCCCCAAGGAGCCCTTCCGCGACTACGTGGACCGCTTCTA CAAGACCCTGCGCGCTGAGCAGGCCAGCCAGGACGTGAAGAACTGGATGACCGAGACCCT GCTGGTGCAGAACGCCAACCCCGACTGCAAGACCATCCTGAAGGCTCTCGGCCCCGCGGC CACCCTGGAGGAGATGATGACCGCCTGCCAGGGCGTGGGCGGCCCCGGCCACAAGGCCCG CGTGCTGGCCGAGGCGATGAGCCAGGTGACGAACCCGGCGACCATCATGATGCAGCGCGG CAACTTCCGCAACCAGCGGAAGACCGTCAAGTGCTTCAACTGCGGCAAGGAGGGCCACAC CGCCAGGAACTGCCGCGCCCCCGCAAGAAGGGCTGCTGCGCGCTGCGGCCGCGAGGGCCA CCAGATGAAGGACTGCACCGAGCGCCAGCCTACTTCCTGGGCAAGATCTGGCCCAGCTA CAAGGGCCGCCCGGCAACTTCCTGCAGAGCCGCCCCGAGCCCACCGCCCCCCGAGGA GGAGCTGTACCCCTGACCAGCCTGCGCAGCCTGTTCGGCAACGACCCCAGCAGCCAGTA AGAATTCAGACTCGAGCAAGTCTAGA

FIG. 61B (SEQ ID NO:73)

gp160mod.SF162.gag.modSF2

GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGTGTGG AGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCGTGGAGAAGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCG TGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCCTAC GACACCGAGGTGCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCC CCAGGAGATCGTGCTGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGG TGGAGCAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTG AAGCTGACCCCCTGTGCGTGACCCTGCACCAACCTGAAGAACGCCACCAACAC CAAGAGCAGCAACTGGAAGGAGATGGACCGCGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAAGG TGACCACCAGCATCCGCAACAAGATGCAGAAGGAGTACGCCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGAC GTGGTGCCCATCGACAACGACAACACCAGCTACAAGCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGT GATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCC CCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAACGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCAGCGGCCCCTGC ACCAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCT GCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGGCGTGGTGATCCGCAGCGAGAACTTCACCG ACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAAGGAGCGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCCGC CCCAACAACAACACCCGCAAGAGCATCACCATCGGCCCGGCCGCGCCTTCTACGCCAC CGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGTGGA ACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGCAACAAGACCATC GTGTTCAAGCAGAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGATGCACAGCTTCAACTGCGG CGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACAGCACCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACAACACCA TCGGCCCCAACAACACCAACGGCACCATCACCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCAAGCAGATCATC CTGCAGCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGGCAAGGAGATCAGCA ACACCACCGAGATCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGGCGACATGCGCGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAG CTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCACCAAGGCCAA GCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCGCGTGACCCTGGGCGCCATGTTCCTGGGCT TCCTGGGCGCCGCCGCAGCACCATGGGCGCCCGCAGCCTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCC CGCCAGCTGCTGAGCGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACCAGCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAGGC CCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCGTGC TGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGC AAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGCCGTGCCCTGGAACGCCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGGA CCAGATCTGGAACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGACAACTACACCA ACCTGATCTACACCCTGATCGAGGAGAGCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAG $\tt CTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAAGTGGCT$ GTGGTACATCAAGATCTTCATCATGATCGTGGGCGGCCTGGTGGGCCTGCGCATCGTGT TCACCGTGCTGAGCATCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCCTGAGCTTCCAG ACCCGCTTCCCCGCCCCCGCGCCCCGACCCCCGAGGGCATCGAGGAGGAGGGCGG CGAGCGCGACCGCAGCAGCCCCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCTGGG ACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGCGACCTGATCCTGATC GCCGCCCGCATCGTGGAGCTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGGG CAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGATCCAGGAGCTGAAGAACAGCGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCGACG CCATCGCCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGGTGGCCCAGCGCATC GGCCGCGCCTTCCTGCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGGCTTCGAGCGCGCCCTGCT

> FIG. 62A (SEO ID NO:74)

CCCCTAACGTTACTGGCCGAAGCCGCTTGGAATAAGGCCGGTGTGCGTTTGTCTATAT GTTATTTTCCACCATATTGCCGTCTTTTGGCAATGTGAGGGCCCGGAAACCTGGCCCTG TCTTCTTGACGAGCATTCCTAGGGGTCTTTCCCCTCTCGCCAAAGGAATGCAAGGTCTG TTGAATGTCGTGAAGGAAGCAGTTCCTCTGGAAGCTTCTTGAAGACAACAACGTCTGT AGCGACCCTTTGCAGGCAGCGGAACCCCCCCCCCCGGCGACAGGTGCCTCTGCGGCCAAA AGCCACGTGTATAAGATACACCTGCAAAGGCGGCACAACCCCAGTGCCACGTTGTGAGT TGGATAGTTGTGGAAAGAGTCAAATGGCTCTCCTCAAGCGTATTCAACAAGGGGCTGAA TTACATGTGTTTAGTCGAGGTTAAAAAAACGTCTAGGCCCCCGAACCACGGGGACGTG GTTTTCCTTTGAAAAACACGATAATACCATGGGCGCCCGCGCCAGCGTGCTGAGCGGCG GCGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGAGAAGATCCGCCTGCGCCCCGGCGGCAAGAAGAAGTACAAG CTGAAGCACATCGTGTGGGCCAGCCGCGAGCTGGAGCGCTTCGCCGTGAACCCCGGCCT GCTGGAGACCAGCGAGGGCTGCCGCCAGATCCTGGGCCAGCTGCAGCCTGCAGA CCGGCAGCGAGGAGCTGCGCAGCCTGTACAACACCGTGGCCACCCTGTACTGCGTGCAC CAGCGCATCGACGTCAAGGACACCAAGGAGGCCCTGGAGAAGATCGAGGAGGAGCAGAA AGGTGAGCCAGAACTACCCCATCGTGCAGAACCTGCAGGGCCAGATGGTGCACCAGGCC ATCAGCCCCGCACCCTGAACGCCTGGGTGAAGGTGGTGGAGGAGAAGGCCTTCAGCCC CGAGGTGATCCCCATGTTCAGCGCCCTGAGCGAGGGCGCCACCCCCAGGACCTGAACA CGATGTTGAACACCGTGGGCGGCCACCAGGCCGCCATGCAGATGCTGAAGGAGACCATC AACGAGGAGGCCGCCGAGTGGGACCGCGTGCACCCCGTGCACGCCCCATCGCCCC CGGCCAGATGCGCGAGCCCCGCGGCAGCACCACCACCAGCACCCTGCAGG AGCAGATCGGCTGGATGACCAACAACCCCCCCATCCCCGTGGGCGAGATCTACAAGCGG TGGATCATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCGTGCGGATGTACAGCCCCACCAGCATCCTGGA CATCCGCCAGGGCCCCAAGGAGCCCTTCCGCGACTACGTGGACCGCTTCTACAAGACCC TGCGCGCTGAGCAGGCCAGCCAGGACGTGAAGAACTGGATGACCGAGACCCTGCTGGTG CAGAACGCCAACCCCGACTGCAAGACCATCCTGAAGGCTCTCGGCCCCGCGGCCACCCT GGAGGAGATGATGACCGCCTGCCAGGGCGTGGGCGGCCCCGGCCACAAGGCCCGCGTGC TGGCCGAGGCGATGAGCCAGGTGACGAACCCGGCGACCATCATGATGCAGCGCGGCAAC TTCCGCAACCAGCGGAAGACCGTCAAGTGCTTCAACTGCGGCAAGGAGGGCCACACCGC CAGGAACTGCCGCGCCCCCCCCAAGAAGGGCTGCTGCGCGCTGCGGCCGCGAGGGCCACC AGATGAAGGACTGCACCGAGCGCCAGGCCAACTTCCTGGGCAAGATCTGGCCCAGCTACAAGGGCCGCCCGGCAACTTCCTGCAGAGCCGCCCCGAGCCCACCGCCCCCCGAGGA AGGAGCTGTACCCCTGACCAGCCTGCGCAGCCTGTTCGGCAACGACCCCAGCAGCCAG TAAGAATTCAGACTCGAGCAAGTCTAGA

FIG. 62B (SEO ID NO:74)

gp160modUS4.delV1/V2.gag.modSF2

GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGCTGTGTGGA GCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCTTACAAG GCCGAGGCCCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAG GAGGTGAACCTGACCAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG CAGATGCATGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGGGCGCC GGCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTCGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCGCC GGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCGGCCCCTGCAAGAAC GTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTG AACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGATCGTGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCC AAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGAGTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCATCCGCCCCAACAAC AACACGCGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATC ATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTC GAGCAGATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGACCATCATCTTCAAC AGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTC TTCTACTGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCACCGAGGAGGTGAAC AAGACCAAGGAGAACGACCATCATCCTGCCCTGCCGCATCCGCCAGATCATCAACATG TGGCAGGAGGTGGGCAAGGCCATGTACGCCCCCCCCATCCGCGGCCAGATCAAGTGCAGC AGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAAC GACACCGAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTG CGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGGTGCATCGGCTTCCTG GGCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCGCCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAG CTGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAG CACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTG GAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATC TGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACAGCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGG GACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTACACCGGCCTGATCTAC AACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTG GACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGGCTGTGGTACATCCGC ATCTTCATCATGATCGTGGGCGGCCTGATCGGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCGTGCTGAGC ATCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCCTGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCC CAGCGCGGCCCGACCGCCCGAGGGCATCGAGGAGGAGGGCGGCGAGCGCGACCGCGAC CGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCTGGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTG TGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAG CTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGTGGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGG AGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAGCGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCC GAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCTTCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATC CCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGGCCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA GAATTCCGCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCTAACGTTACTGGCCGA AGCCGCTTGGAATAAGGCCGGTGTGCGTTTGTCTATATGTTATTTTCCACCATATTGCCG TCTTTTGGCAATGTGAGGGCCCGGAAACCTGGCCCTGTCTTCTTGACGAGCATTCCTAGG

> FIG. 63A (SEO ID NO:75)

CCCCCACCTGGCGACAGGTGCCTCTGCGGCCAAAAGCCACGTGTATAAGATACACCTGCA AAGGCGGCACAACCCCAGTGCCACGTTGTGAGTTGGATAGTTGTGGAAAGAGTCAAATGG CTCTCCTCAAGCGTATTCAACAAGGGGCTGAAGGATGCCCAGAAGGTACCCCATTGTATG GGATCTGATCTGGGGCCTCGGTGCACATGCTTTACATGTGTTTAGTCGAGGTTAAAAAAA CGTCTAGGCCCCCGAACCACGGGGACGTGGTTTTCCTTTGAAAAACACGATAATACCAT GGGCGCCCGCGCCAGCGTGCTGAGCGGCGGCGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGAGAAGATCCGCCT GCGCCCGGCGGCAAGAAGAAGTACAAGCTGAAGCACATCGTGTGGGCCCAGCCGCGAGCT GGAGCGCTTCGCCGTGAACCCCGGCCTGCTGGAGACCAGCGAGGGCTGCCGCCAGATCCT GGGCCAGCTGCAGCCCAGCCTGCAGACCGGCAGCGAGGAGCTGCGCAGCCTGTACAACAC CGTGGCCACCCTGTACTGCGTGCACCAGCGCATCGACGTCAAGGACACCAAGGAGGCCCT GGAGAAGATCGAGGAGGAGCAGAACAAGTCCAAGAAGAAGGCCCAGCAGGCCGCCGCCGC CGCCGGCACCGGCAACAGCCAGGTGAGCCAGAACTACCCCATCGTGCAGAACCTGCA GGGCCAGATGGTGCACCAGGCCATCAGCCCCCGCACCCTGAACGCCTGGGTGAAGGTGGT GGAGGAGAAGGCCTTCAGCCCCGAGGTGATCCCCATGTTCAGCGCCCTGAGCGAGGGCGC CACCCCCAGGACCTGAACACGATGTTGAACACCGTGGGCGGCCACCAGGCCGCCATGCA GATGCTGAAGGAGACCATCAACGAGGAGGCCGCCGAGTGGGACCGCGTGCACCCCGTGCA CGCCGGCCCATCGCCCCGGCCAGATGCGCGAGCCCCGCGGCAGCGACATCGCCGGCAC CACCAGCACCCTGCAGGAGCAGATCGGCTGGATGACCAACAACCCCCCCATCCCCGTGGG CGAGATCTACAAGCGGTGGATCATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCGŢGCGGATGTACAGCCC CACCAGCATCCTGGACATCCGCCAGGGCCCCAAGGAGCCCTTCCGCGACTACGTGGACCG CTTCTACAAGACCCTGCGCGCTGAGCAGGCCAGCCAGGACGTGAAGAACTGGATGACCGA GACCCTGCTGGTGCAGAACGCCAACCCCGACTGCAAGACCATCCTGAAGGCTCTCGGCCC CGCGGCCACCCTGGAGGAGATGATGACCGCCTGCCAGGGCGTGGGCGGCCCCGGCCACAA GGCCCGCGTGCTGGCCGAGGCGATGAGCCAGGTGACGAACCCGGCGACCATCATGATGCA GCGCGGCAACTTCCGCAACCAGCGGAAGACCGTCAAGTGCTTCAACTGCGGCAAGGAGGG CCACACCGCCAGGAACTGCCGCGCCCCCCGCAAGAAGGGCTGCTGGCGCTGCGGCCGCGA GGGCCACCAGATGAAGGACTGCACCGAGCGCCAGGCCAACTTCCTGGGCAAGATCTGGCC CAGCTACAAGGGCCGCCCGGCAACTTCCTGCAGAGCCGCCCCGAGCCCACCGCCCCCC CGACAAGGAGCTGTACCCCCTGACCAGCCTGCGCAGCCTGTTCGGCAACGACCCCAGCAG CCAGTAAGAATTCAGACTCGAGCAAGTCTAGA

FIG. 63B (SEO ID NO:75)

gp160.modSF162.delV2.gag.modSF2 GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCTGCTGTGTGGA GCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCGTGGAGAAGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCCTACGAC ACCGAGGTGCACAACGTGTGGGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAG GAGATCGTGCTGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG ACCCCCTGTGCGTGACCCTGCACTGCACCAACCTGAAGAACGCCACCAACACCAAGAGC AGCAACTGGAAGGAGATGGACCGCGGCGAGATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAAGGTGGGCGCC GGCAAGCTGATCAACTGCAACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTTC GAGCCCATCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCCCGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAACGAC AAGAAGTTCAACGGCAGCGGCCCCTGCACCAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGC ATCCGCCCGTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGGCGTG GTGATCCGCAGCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGCAGCTGAAGGAG AGCGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCCGCCCCAACAACAACACCCGCAAGAGCATCACCATCGGC CCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGC AACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGTGGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCC CAGTTCGGCAACAAGACCATCGTGTTCAAGCAGAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGATCGTG ATGCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTACTGCAACAGCACCCCAGCTGTTCAAC AGCACCTGGAACAACACCATCGGCCCCAACAACACCCAACGGCACCATCACCCTGCCCTGC ATCCGCGGCCAGATCCGCTGCAGCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGC GGCAAGGAGATCAGCAACACCACCGAGATCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGGCGACATGCGCGAC AACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCCTGGGCGTGGCC CCCACCAAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGACCCTGGGCGCC ATGTTCCTGGGCTTCCTGGGCGCCGCCGGCAGCATGGGCGCCCGCAGCCTGACCCTG ACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAACCAGCTGCTGCGC GCCATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCAG GCCCGCGTGCTGGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGC TGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGCCGTGCCCTGGAACGCCAGCTGGAGCAACAAG AGCCTGGACCAGATCTGGAACAACATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGACAAC TACACCAACCTGATCTACACCCTGATCGAGGAGACCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAACGAG CAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAAG GTGTTCACCGTGCTGAGCATCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCCTGAGCTTC CAGACCCGCTTCCCCGCCCCCCGCGCCCCGACCGCCCCGAGGGCATCGAGGAGGAGGGC GGCGAGCGCGACCGCAGCAGCCCCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCTGG GACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGCGACCTGATCCTGATC GCCGCCGCATCGTGGAGCTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGGGC AACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGATCCAGGAGCTGAAGAACAGCGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCGACGCC ATCGCCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGGTGGCCCAGCGCATCGGC CGCGCCTTCCTGCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGGCTTCGAGCGCGCCCTGCTGAA TAACGTTACTGGCCGAAGCCGCTTGGAATAAGGCCGGTGTGCGTTTGTCTATATGTTATT TTCCACCATATTGCCGTCTTTTGGCAATGTGAGGGCCCGGAAACCTGGCCCTGTCTTCTT

> FIG. 64A (SEO ID NO:76)

WO 00/39302 PCT/US99/31245

GACGAGCATTCCTAGGGGTCTTTCCCCTCTCGCCAAAGGAATGCAAGGTCTGTTGAATGT CGTGAAGGAAGCAGTTCCTCTGGAAGCTTCTTGAAGACAACCACGTCTGTAGCGACCCT TTGCAGGCAGCGGAACCCCCCACCTGGCGACAGGTGCCTCTGCGGCCAAAAGCCACGTGT ATAAGATACACCTGCAAAGGCGGCACAACCCCAGTGCCACGTTGTGAGTTGGATAGTTGT GGAAAGAGTCAAATGGCTCTCCTCAAGCGTATTCAACAAGGGGCTGAAGGATGCCCAGAA GGTACCCCATTGTATGGGATCTGATCTGGGGCCTCGGTGCACATGCTTTACATGTGTTTA GTCGAGGTTAAAAAAACGTCTAGGCCCCCCGAACCACGGGGACGTGGTTTTCCTTTGAAA AACACGATAATACCATGGGCGCCCGCGCCAGCGTGCTGAGCGGCGGCGAGCTGGACAAGT GGGAGAAGATCCGCCTGCGCCCCGGCGGCAAGAAGAAGTACAAGCTGAAGCACATCGTGT GGGCCAGCCGCGAGCTGGAGCGCTTCGCCGTGAACCCCGGCCTGCTGGAGACCAGCGAGG GCTGCCGCCAGATCCTGGGCCAGCTGCAGCCCAGCCTGCAGACCGGCAGCGAGGAGCTGC GCAGCCTGTACAACACCGTGGCCACCCTGTACTGCGTGCACCAGCGCATCGACGTCAAGG ACACCAAGGAGGCCCTGGAGAAGATCGAGGAGGAGCAGAACAAGTCCAAGAAGAAGGCCC TCGTGCAGAACCTGCAGGGCCAGATGGTGCACCAGGCCATCAGCCCCCGCACCCTGAACG CCTGGGTGAAGGTGGTGGAGAGAAGGCCTTCAGCCCCGAGGTGATCCCCCATGTTCAGCG CCCTGAGCGAGGGCGCCACCCCCAGGACCTGAACACGATGTTGAACACCGTGGGCGGCC ACCAGGCCGCCATGCAGATGCTGAAGGAGACCATCAACGAGGAGGCCGCCGAGTGGGACC GCGTGCACCCCGTGCACGCCGGCCCATCGCCCCCGGCCAGATGCGCGAGCCCCGCGGCA GCGACATCGCCGGCACCACCAGCACCCTGCAGGAGCAGATCGGCTGGATGACCAACAACC CCCCCATCCCGTGGGCGAGATCTACAAGCGGTGGATCATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCG TGCGGATGTACAGCCCCACCAGCATCCTGGACATCCGCCAGGGCCCCAAGGAGCCCTTCC AGAACTGGATGACCGAGACCCTGCTGGTGCAGAACGCCAACCCCGACTGCAAGACCATCC TGAAGGCTCTCGGCCCCGCGGCCACCCTGGAGGAGATGATGACCGCCTGCCAGGGCGTGG GCGGCCCGGCCACAAGGCCCGCGTGCTGGCCGAGGCGATGAGCCAGGTGACGAACCCGG CGACCATCATGATGCAGCGCGCAACTTCCGCAACCAGCGGAAGACCGTCAAGTGCTTCA GGCGCTGCGGCCGCGAGGGCCACCAGATGAAGGACTGCACCGAGCGCCAGGCCAACTTCC TGGGCAAGATCTGGCCCAGCTACAAGGGCCGCCCCGGCAACTTCCTGCAGAGCCGCCCCG AGCCCACCGCCCCCCGAGGAGAGCTTCCGCTTCGGCGAGGAGAGACCACCCCCAGCC AGAAGCAGGAGCCCATCGACAAGGAGCTGTACCCCCTGACCAGCCTGCGCAGCCTGTTCG GCAACGACCCCAGCAGCCAGTAAGAATTCAGACTCGAGCAAGTCTAGA

FIG. 64B (SEO ID NO:76)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

1 GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGCTGCT (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGGGCTCTGCTGTGTGTG	(51) GCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGCCCAGCGCCGTGGAGAAGCTGTGGGG (51) GCTGTGTGGAGAGCTTTCGCCCAGCGCCGTGGAGAAGCTGTGGGG (51) GCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCGTGGAGAAGCTGTGGGG (51) GCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAGCGCCGTGGAGAAGCTGTGGG	101) TGACCGTGTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCACCTG (101) TGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCACCTG (101) TGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTG (101) TGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTG (101) TGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCCTG (101) TGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTG (101) TGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGCCCACCACCACCTG (101) TGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTGCCCGTGTGGAAGGAGCCCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCAC
<pre>gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>

FIG. 66A-2

	, L	151
gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.de1V2	(151)	11C1GCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCCTACGACGGGGGGGGGG
gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2	(151) (151)	TICI GCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCCTACGACACCGAGGTGCACAACGTGTGTGT
qp140.mut.modSF162	(151)	TTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCCTACGACACCGAGGTGCACAACGTGTG
qp140.mut7.modSF162	(151)	TICTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCCTACGACACCGAGGTGCACGTGTGTGT
qp140.mut8.modSF162	(151)	TTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCCTACGACACGGGGTGCACAACGTGTG
gp120.modSF162	(151)	TTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCCAAGGCCTACGACACCGAGGTGCACACGTGC
Consensus	(151)	TTCTGCGCCAGCGACGCCAAGGCCTACGACACCGAGGTGCACAACG1G1G
		TOS
qp160.modSF162	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
gp160.modSF162.delV2	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCAACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
dry 60 modSF162.delV1V2	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
ap140.modSF162	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCCAACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
an140 mut.modSF162	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCCAACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
anl40 mit7 modSF162	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCCAACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
gridimits.modSF162	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCCAACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
201350m.021db	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCCAACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
	(201)	GGCCACCCACGCCTGCGTGCCCACCGACCCCCAACCCCCAGGAGATCGTGC
		251 300
anlf0 modSF162	(251)	TGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG
gried modSF162.delV2	(251)	TGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG
an160 modSF162.delV1V2	(251)	tggagaacgtgaccgagaacttcaacatgtggaagaacaacatggtggag
aplace and 40 modSE162	(251)	TGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG
gr=110	(251)	TGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG
griding T. modSF162	(251)	TGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG
gridomuta.modSF162	(251)	TGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG

TGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG TGGAGAACGTGACCGAGAACTTCAACATGTGGAAGAACAACATGGTGGAG 301	CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG CAGATGCACGAGGACATCATCAGCCTGTGGGACCAGAGCCTGAAGCCCTG	_	
(251) (251)	(301) (301) (301) (301) (301) (301) (301) (301)	(351) (351) (351) (351) (351) (351) (351) (351)	(401) (401) (375) (401) (401) (401) (401)
gp120.modSF162 Consensus	<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>

A51 ATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAAGGTGACCACCAGCATCCGCAACAAGATGCA ATCAAGAACTGCAGCTTCAAGGTGGC	
(451) (376) (375) (451) (451) (451) (451) (451) (451) (501)	
gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delVV2 gp160.modSF162.delVVV2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 Consensus gp160.modSF162.delVV2 gp160.modSF162.delVV2 gp160.modSF162.delVV2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162	

A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	(462) CGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAACGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCAGCG (651) CGCCGGCTTCGCCATCCTGAAGTGCAACGACAACGTGCACCACGGCATCCGCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCAACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCC (701) GCCCTGCACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCC (701) GCCCTGCACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCC (701) GCCCTGCACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC (701) GCCCTGCACGTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCTGAGCACCTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCC (701) GCCCTGCACCTGAGCACCGTGCAGTGCACCCACGGCATCCGCCCCCCCC
6.55	12 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

800 (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (670) GTGGTGAGCACCCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGCCGAGGAGGCGT (562) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCTGAACGGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGCCCAAGGAGGCGCT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGGCCGAGGAGGCGGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGGCCGAGGAGGCGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGGCCGAGGAGGCCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGGAGGCCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGGCCGAGGAGGCGCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGGCCGAGGAGGCCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGAACGCCAGGCCGAGGAGGCCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCAGCAGCCAGGAGGCCGT (751) GTGGTGAGCACCCAGCTGCTGCCCAAGGAGCCGTAGCAGCCGAGCAGCCGAGCAGCCCAAGGAGCCCAAGGAGCCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGCACCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACGCCAAGAACCAACAA	(801) GGTGATCCGCAGCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGC (720) GGTGATCCGCAGGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGC (612) GGTGATCCGCAGGAGCATCATCGTGC (801) GGTGATCCGCAGGAGCATTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATGTGC (801) GGTGATCCGCAGGAGAACTTCACCGACAAACGCCAAGACCATCATGTGC (801) GGTGATCCGCAGGAGAACTTCACCGACAAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGC (801) GGTGATCCGCAGGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGC (801) GGTGATCCGCAGGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGC (801) GGTGATCCGCAGGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGC (801) GGTGATCCGCAGCGAGAACTTCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCATCATCGTGC (801) AGCTGAAGGAGCGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCCCCCAACAACACAACACCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGCGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCCCCCAACAACAACACCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGGATCAACTGCACCCCCCAACAACAACACCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGATCAACTGCACCCCCCAACAACAACACCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGATCAACTGCACCCCCCAACAACAACAACCCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGATCAACTGCACCCCCCAACAACAACACCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGATCAACTGCACCCCCCAACAACAACACCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGATCAACTGCACCCCCCAACAACAACACCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGAACAACAACTGCACCCCCCCAACAACAACAACACCC (662) AGCTGAAGGAGGAGAACAACAACACCCCCCCCAACAACAACAAC
<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.delV2</pre>

CACCCGCCCAACAACAACACC CACCCGCCCAACAACAACACC CACCCGCCCCAACAACAACACC CACCCGCCCCAACAACAACACC CACCCGCCCAACAACAACACC CACCCGCCCAACAACAACACC CACCCGCCCAACAACAACACC	GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA GCGCCTTCTACGCCACCGGCGA	CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT CTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT
AGCTGAAGGAGAGCGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCGCCCCCAACAACAACAACA AGCTGAAGGAGAGCGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCGGCCCCCAACAACACCACC AGCTGAAGGAGAGCGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCCGCCCCCAACAACAACACC AGCTGAAGGAGAGCGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCCGCCCCAACAACAACACCAACGAGGAGGGGTGGAGATCAACTGCACCCGCCCCAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAACAA	51 0 0 0 0	CATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTGCAACATCAGCGGCGAGAAGT
(851) (851) (851) (851) (851) (851)	(901) (820) (712) (901) (901) (901) (901)	(951) (870) (762) (951) (951) (951) (951) (951)
<pre>gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1VV2 gp160.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>

1001 GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC GGAACAACACCCTGAAGCAGATCGTGACCAAGCTGCAGGCCCAGTTCGGC	AACAAGACCATCGTGTTCAAGCAGAGCGGGGGGGGGGCGACCCCGAGATCGT AACAAGACCATCGTGTTCAAGCAGAGCAG		
(1001) (920) (812) (1001) (1001) (1001) (1001) (1001)	(1051) (970) (862) (1051) (1051) (1051) (1051) (1051)	(1101) (1020) (912) (1101) (1101) (1101) (1101) (1101)	(1151)
<pre>gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1VV2 gp160.modSF162.de1VVV2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	gp160.modSF162

(115) (115) (115) (115) (115) (115) (116) (120)	400) AGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACAACCATCGGCCCCAACAACCAAC	
160.modSF162.delVV2 0.modSF162.delVIV2 gp140.mut.modSF162 pp140.mut7.modSF162 pp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162 consensus gp160.modSF162.delVV2 sp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.modSF162 gp140.modSF162 gp140.modSF162 gp140.modSF162 gp140.modSF162 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162	5-555566 5555555 555	

1301 GCAGCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGGCAAGGAG GCAGCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCCAAGGAG GCAGCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCCAAGGAG GCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCAAGGAG GCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCAAGGAG GCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCAAGGAG GCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGGCAAGGAG GCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGCTGACCCGCGACGGCGCAAGGAG GCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGCACGCGCGCAAGGAG GCAGCAACATCACCGGCCTGCTGACCCGCGCACGCGCGCAAGGAG		CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGTGATGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC CAACTGGCGCAGCGAGCTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGAAGATCGAGCCCC
(1301) (1220) (1112) (1301) (1301) (1301) (1301)	(1351) (1270) (1162) (1351) (1351) (1351) (1351) (1351)	(1401) (1320) (1212) (1401) (1401) (1401) (1401) (1401)
<pre>gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162</pre>	gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162	<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>

1500 16GCGTGCCCCCACCAAGGCCCAGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAGAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCAAGGCCCAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCAAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCAAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCAAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCAAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCACCAAGGCCATCAGCAGCGTGGTGCAGAGCGAGAAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCAAGGCCATCAGCAGCGTGGTGCAGAGCGCGAGAAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCAAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTGGTGCAGCGCGAGAAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCCCCCACCAAGGCCCAAGCGCCGCGCGGAGAG TGGGCGTGGCCCCCCCCCACCAAGGCCCAAGCGCCGCGCGCG	0000111	
(1451) (1370) (1262) (1451) (1451) (1451) (1451) (1451)	(1501) (1420) (1312) (1501) (1501) (1501) (1501) (1501)	(1551) (1470) (1362) (1551) (1551) (1551) (1551) (1551)
gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162	<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.mot.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut3.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>

1601 TGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCCATCGAG TGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAG TGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAG TGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAG TGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAG TGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAG TGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAG TGCTGAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCATCGAG	TGCTGAGCGCCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCACCTGCTGCGCGCCCATCGAG 1651 GCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCA GCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGGGCATCAAGCAGCTGCA			GGCCCGCGTGCTGCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCTGCTGGGGCCCGCGCTGCTGGGGCCCCGTGGAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGGCCCCGTGGAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGGCCCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGGCCCGCGTGGAGCGCTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGG
	(1513) (1601) (1651) (1570)	(1462) (1651) (1651) (1651) (1651)	(1513) (1651) (1701) (1620) (1512)	(1701) (1701) (1701) (1701)
<pre>gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 ap140.mut7.modSF162 ap140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	<pre>gp120.modSF162 Consensus gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.delV2</pre>	<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV1V2</pre>	<pre>gp120.mods:162 Consensus gp160.modsF162.de1V2 gp160.modsF162.de1V2</pre>	gp140.mod3F162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162

	GCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCCAAGCTGATCTGCACCGGCGTGCCTTGG GCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGCCGTGCCCTGG GCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGCCGTGCCCTGG GCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGCCGTGCCCTGG GCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGCCGTGCCCTGG GCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGCCGTGCCCTGG	GCATCTGGGGCTGCAGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCGCCGTGCCCTGG 1850 1801 AACGCCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGGACCAGATCTGGAACAACATGAC	AACGCCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCTTGGACCAGATCTGGAACATGACAACATGACAACATGAACCAGCTGGACCAGCCAG	AACGCCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGGACCAGATCTGGAACAACATGAC	CTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGACAACTACAACCTGATCTACA CTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGACAACTACACCAACCTGATCTACA CTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGACAACTACACCAACCTGATCTACA CTGGATGGAGTGGAG	ctggatggagtggagcgcgagatcgacaactacaccaacctgatctaca FIG. 66A-13
(1513) (1701) GGCC 1751			(1720) A (1612) A (1801) A (1801) A (1801) A (1801) A	(1513) - (1801) P	(1851) ((170) ((1662) (1851) (1851) (1851) (1851) (1851)	(1513) (1851)
gp120.modSF162 Consensus	<pre>gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162</pre>	gp120.modsF162 Consensus ap160.modSF162	gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162	gp120.modSF162 consensus	<pre>gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162</pre>	gp120.modSF162

1901 CCCTGATCGAGGAGAGCCAGAACCAGGAGAAGGAACGAGCAGGAGCTG CCCTGATCGAGGAGAGCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTG CCCTGATCGAGGAGAGCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTG CCCTGATCGAGGAGAGCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTG CCCTGATCGAGGAGAGCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAAACGAGCAGGAGCTG CCCTGATCGAGGAGAGCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTG CCCTGATCGAGGAGAGCCAGAACCAGCAGGAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTG	CCCTGATCGAGGAGCCAGAACCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTG 1951 CTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAA CTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAA CTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAA CTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAA CTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAA	CTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAA CTGGAGCTGGACAAGTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCAGCAA 	GIGGCTGTGGTACATCATCATCATCATGATCGTGGCGGCCTGGTGGGTG
(1901) (1820) (1712) (1901) (1901) (1901) (1901)	(1901) (1951) (1870) (1762) (1951)	(1951) (1951) (1513) (1951)	(1920) (1920) (1812) (2001) (2001)
<pre>gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162</pre>	gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.de1V2 gp160.modSF162.de1V1V2 gp140.modSF162	gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162 Consensus	gp160.modsF162.de1V2 gp160.modsF162.de1V1V2 gp140.modsF162 gp140.modsF162

GTGGCTGTGGTACATCTAACTCGAG	GAGCATCGTGAACCGCGTGCG GAGCATCGTGAACCGCGTGCG		2150	GGCTACAGCCCCTGAGCTTCCAGACCCGCTTCCCCGCCCCCGCGGCGCCCCGCGCGCCCCCGCGCCCCCC			2151 CGACCGCCCGAGGCATCGAGGAGGGGGGGCGGCGAGCGCGACCGC CGACCGCCCCGAGGGCATCGAGGAGGAGGGCGGCGAGCGCGAGCGCGC CGACCGCCCCGAGGGCATCGAGGAGGAGGGCGGCGGCGAGCGCGACGGC		FIG. 66A-15
(2001) G (2001) G (1513) - (2001) G		(2026) (2026) (2026) (2026)	(1513) (2051)	(2101) (2020) (1912)	(2026) (2026) (2026)	(2026) (2026) (1513) (2101)	(2151) (2070) (1962)	(2026) (2026) (2026) (2026) (2026)	(1513) (2151)
<pre>gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>	gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.delv2	gpiecon applating applatin	gp120.modSF162 Consensus	gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.delV2	gp140.modSF162	<pre>gp140.muc/.modsf162 gp140.mut8.modsF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>	gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.de1V2	gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162	gp120.modSF162 gp120.modSF162 Consensus

			1		2251 . 2300			CGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCGCCTGCGCGACCTGATCCTGAT				; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	111155115511155111111111111111111111111		2301 2350	CGCCGCCCCATCGTGGAGCTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGA	(2220) csccscccscarcsrssascrsccssscsccscssscsss	CGCCGCCCGCATCGTGGAGCTGCTGGGCCGCCGCCGCGCTGGGAGGCCCTGA
(2201) (2120) (2012)	(2026) (2026)	(2026)	(1513)	(2201)		(2251)	(2170)	(2062)	(2026)	(2026)	(2026)	(2026)	(1513)	(2251)		(2301)	(2220)	(2112)
<pre>gp160.modSF162 gp160.modSF162.de1V2 ap160.modSF162.de1V1V2</pre>	gp140.modSF162	gp140.mut7.modSF162	gp140:mace:mode: 102 qp120.modSF162	Consensus		qp160.modSF162	qp160.modSF162.delV2	qp160.modSF162.delV1V2	qp140.modSF162	qp140.mut.modSF162	qp140.mut7.modSF162	qp140.mut8.modSF162	gp120.modSF162	Consensus		gp160.modSF162	gp160.modSF162.delV2	qp160.modSF162.delV1V2

2400	AGTACTGGGGCAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGATCCAGGAGCTGAAGAACAGC AGTACTGGGGCCAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGATCCAGGAGCTGAAGAACAGC AGTACTGGGGCCAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGATCCAGGAGCTGAAGAACAGC	2450 2401 GCGTGAGCCTGTTCGACGCCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGCACGA GCCGTGAGCCTGTTCGACGCCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGCACCGA GCCGTGAGCCTGTTCGACGCCATCGCCATCGCCGTGGCCGAGGGCACCGA	FIG.
(2026) (2026) (2026) (2026) (1513) (2301)	(2351) (2270) (2162) (2026) (2026)	(2026) (1513) (2351) (2320) (2212)	(2026) (2026) (2026) (2026) (1513) (2401)
<pre>gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>	gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2 gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162	<pre>gp140.mut%.modsf162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162 Consensus gp160.modSF162.delV2 gp160.modSF162.delV1V2</pre>	<pre>gp140.modSF162 gp140.mut.modSF162 gp140.mut7.modSF162 gp140.mut8.modSF162 gp120.modSF162</pre>

(2451) C (2370) C (2262) C (2026) -	<pre>gp140.mut.modSF162 (2026)</pre>		gp120.modSF162 (1513)
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Start of tPA
                                                                  40
                      (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
                       (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
            gp160
                       (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
     gp160 del V1
                       (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
     gp160 del V2
                       (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
    gp160 del V1-2
                       (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
gp 160 del 128-194
                       (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
           qp140TM
                       (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
             gp140
                       (1) GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
          gp140mut
                          GAATTCGCCACCATGGATGCAATGAAGAGAGGGCTCTGCT
             gp120
                       (1)
         Consensus
                                                                 RΛ
                           GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
                      (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
             gp160
                      (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
      gp160 del Vl
                      (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
      gp160 del V2
                      (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
    gp160 del V1-2
                      (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
gp 160 del 128-194
           gp140TM
                      (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
                      (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
             qp140
                      (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
          gp140mut
                       (41) GTGTGCTGCTGTGTGGAGCAGTCTTCGTTTCGCCCAG
           . gp120
         Consensus
                    of tPA
                 end
                                                                 120
                            81
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
              gp160
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
      gp160 del V1
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
      gp160 del V2
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
     gp160 del V1-2
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
 gp 160 del 128-194
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
            gp140TM
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
              gp140
                       (81) CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
           gp140mut
                            CGCCACCACCGTGCTGTGGGTGACCGTGTACTACGGCGTG
              gp120
                       (81)
          Consensus
                                                                 160
                            121
                      (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
                      (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
             gp 160
                       (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
       gp160 del Vl
       gp160 del V2
                       (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
     gp160 del V1-2
                       (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
 gp 160 del 128-194
                       (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
                       (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCCTGTTCTGCGCCA
             qp140TM
               gp140
                       (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
                       (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
            gp140mut
                       (121) CCCGTGTGGAAGGAGGCCACCACCACCTGTTCTGCGCCA
               gp120
           Consensus
```

FIG. 66B-1

		00 (13)	4	
		98 / 13		200
-1.60	(161)	CCCACGCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAG	GCCCACAACGTGTG
gp160	(161)	CCCACGCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAG	GCCCACAACGTGTG
gp160 del Vl	(161)	CCCACCCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAG	GCCCACAACGTGTG
gp160 del V2	(161)	CCCACCCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAG	GCCCACAACGTGTG
gp160 del V1-2	(161)	CCCACCCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAC	GCCCACAACGIGIG
gp 160 del 128-194	(161)	CCCNCCCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAC	GCCCACAACGTGTG
gp140TM gp140	(161)	CCCACCCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAC	GCCCACAACGTGTG
gp140 gp140mut	(161)	CCCACCCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAG	GCCCACAACGTGTG
gp140mac gp120	(161)	CCCACCCCAAGG	сттасааGGCCGAC	GCCCACAACGTGTG
Consensus	(161)	GCGACGCCAAGG	CTTACAAGGCCGAG	GCCCACAACGTGTG
Collactions	\	201		240
gp160	(201)	GGCCACCCACGC	CTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG
gp160 del Vl	(201)	CCCCACCCACGC	CTGCGTGCCCACC(GACCCCAACCCCCAG
gp160 del V2	(201)	GGCCACCCACGC	CTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG
gp160 del V1-2	(201)	GGCCACCCACGC	CTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG
gp 160 del 128-194	(201)	GGCCACCCACGC	CTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG
gp 100 del app 140TM	(201)	GGCCACCCACGC	CTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG
gp140	(201)	GGCCACCCACGC	CTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG
gp140mut	(201)	GGCCACCCACGC	CCTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG
gp120	(201)	GGCCACCCACG	CCTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG
Consensus	(201)	GGCCACCCACG	CCTGCGTGCCCACC	GACCCCAACCCCCAG 280
		241		
gp160	(241)	GAGGTGAACCT	SACCAACGTGACCG	AGAACTTCAACATGT
gp160 del Vl	(241)	GAGGTGAACCT	GACCAACGTGACCG	AGAACTTCAACATGT
gp160 del V2	(241)	GAGGTGAACCT	GACCAACGTGACCG	AGAACTTCAACATGT AGAACTTCAACATGT
ap160 del V1-2	(241)	GAGGTGAACCT	GACCAACGIGACCG	AGAACTTCAACATGT
gp 160 del 128-194	(241)	GAGGTGAACCT	CACCAACGIGACCG	AGAACTTCAACATGT
gp140TM	(241)	GAGGTGAACCT	CACCAACGIGACCG CACCAACGIGACCG	AGAACTTCAACATGT
gp140	(241)	GAGGTGAACCT	CACCAACGTGACGG	GAGAACTTCAACATGT
gp140mut	(241)	CACCTCAACCT	GACCAACGTGACCG	AGAACTTCAACATGT
gp120	(241) (241)		GACCAACGTGACCG	AGAACTTCAACATGT
Consensus	(241)	201		320
160	(281	CCAACAACAAC	ATGGTGGAGCAGAT	GCATGAGGACATCAT
gp160	(281	CCNNCNNCNAC	ATGGTGGAGCAGAT	GCATGAGGACATCAT
gp160 del V1 gp160 del V2	(281	CCANCANCANC	ATGGTGGAGCAGA	rgcatgaggacatca:
gp160 del V1-2	(281		'ATCGTGGAGCAGAT	CCATGAGGACATCAI
gp 160 del 128-194	(281	CCDNCDACDAC	'ATGGTGGAGCAGAT	rgcatgaggacaicai
gp 160 de1 120 194 gp140TM	(281	CCDACDACAAC	'ATGGTGGAGCAGAT	rgcatgaggacatca:
gp140111 gp140	(281	CCNNCNACAAC	'ATGGTGGAGCAGA'	rgcatgaggacatcat
gp140mut	(281	CCNNCNNCNNC	'ATCCTCCACCAGA'	rgcargaggacarcar
gp120	(281	CCARGAGAGAG	`ATGGTGGAGCAGA'	TGCATGAGGACATCAL
Consensus	(281		CATGGTGGAGCAGA	TGCATGAGGACATCAT
3323	·	221		360
gp160	(321) CAGCCTGTGGG	GACCAGAGCCTGAA	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
gp160 del Vl	(321) CAGCCTGTGGG	GACCAGAGCCTGAA	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
ap160 del V2	(321) CAGCCTGTGGG	GACCAGAGCCTGAA	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
gp160 del V1-2	(321) CAGCCTGTGG	SACCAGAGCCTGAA	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
gp 160 del 128-194	(321) CAGCCTGTGG	SACCAGAGCCTGAA	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
gp140TM) CAGCCTGTGG	SACCAGAGCC LGAA	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
gp140	(321) CAGCCTGTGG	CACCAGAGCC I GAA	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
gp140mut	(321	CAGCCTGTGG	CACCACACCCTCAA GACCACACCCTCAA	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
gp120	(321	.) CAGCCTGTGG	CYCCYGYGCC I GWY	GCCCTGCGTGAAGCTG
Consensus	(32)) CAGCCTGTGG	GACCAGAGCC.GAA	

FIG. 66B-2

	99 / 131	400
	361	rGCACCGACAAGCTGA
dbioo ,		
		I GCACCO. I G. II I G
gp160 del V2 (
ani60 del VI-2	301) GGC	
an 160 del 128-199		
dbraorn		
9F		
upi ioiii		
95	(361) ACCCCCTGTGCGTGACCCTGAAC (361) ACCCCCCTGTGCGTGACCCTGAAC	TGCACCGACAAGCTGA
Consensus		
	401 (401) CCGGCAGCACCAACGGCACCAACA	AGCACCAGCGGCACCAA
3F		
	\ = = = = CCD CCD D CGCCDCCACC	AGCACCAGCGGCACCAA
gp160 del V2		
gp160 del V1-2	(364)	
an 160 del 128-194		AGCACCAGCGGCACCAA
dbiaoin		
gp14C		
gp140mur		
gp120	(401) CCGGCAGCACCAACGGCACCAAC	AGCACCAGCGGCACCAA
Consensus		
160	441 (441) CAGCACCAGCGGCACCAACAGCA	CCAGCACCAACAGCACC
gp160		
gp160 del V1	(409)	CCAGCACCAACAGGAGG
gp160 del V2	(364)	
gp160 del V1-2		CARCARCACC
gp 160 del 128-194 gp140TM		CCAGCACCAACAGCACC
gp1401 gp140		
gp140mut		
gp120	(441) CAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGC (441) CAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGC (441) CAGCACCAGCGCACCAACAGC	ACCAGCACCAACAGCACC
Consensus		
Consenses	481 (481) GACAGCTGGGAGAAGATGCCCG	AGGGGGAGATCAAGAACT
gp160		
anl60 del Vi	(4U9) ====================================	AGGGCGAGATCAAGAACT
gp160 del V2	(481) GACAGCTGGGAGAAGATGCCCG	
gp160 del V1-2	(364)	
gn 160 del 128-194	(385)	AGGGCGAGATCAAGAACT
gp1401M		
gp140		
gp140mut		
gp120	(481) GACAGCTGGGAGAAGATGCCC (481) GACAGCTGGGAGAAGATGCCC	GAGGGCGAGATCAAGAACT
Consensus	(481) GACAGCIGGGAGANOMICO	560
	521 (521) GCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCA	GCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA
gp160		
gp160 del V1		
ap160 del V2		
gp160 del V1-2	(321)	
an 160 del 128-194	\J2+1	CCCTCCCCGACAAGGIGGA
gp14018		
gp140	(521) GCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACC	AGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA
gp140mut	(521) GCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACC	AGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA
gp120	(521) GCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACC	AGCGTGCGCGACAAGGTGCA
Consensus	(521) GCAGCTTCAACATCACCACCA	

FIG. 66B-3

```
100 / 131
                                                            600
                         561
                   (561) GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCC
            gp160
                   (465) GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCC
     gp160 del V1
                   (544) -----
     gp160 del V2
                   (364) -----
   gp160 del V1-2
                    (385) -----
gp 160 del 128-194
                    (561) GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCC
          gp140TM
                    (561) GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCC
                    (561) GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCC
            gp140
         gp140mut
                    (561) GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCC
            gp120
                    (561) GAAGGAGTACAGCCTGTTCTACAAGCTGGACGTGGTGCCC
        Consensus
                    (601) ATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCA
            gp160
                    (505) ATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCA
      qp160 del Vl
                    (544) -----CGCCTGATCAACTGCA
      gp160 del V2
                    (364) -----
    gp160 del V1-2
                    (385) -----AACTGCG
gp 160 del 128-194
                    (601) ATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCA
          gp140TM
                    (601) ATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCA
            gp140
                    (601) ATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCA
          qp140mut
                    (601) ATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCA
            gp120
                    (601) ATCGACAACGACAACGCCAGCTACCGCCTGATCAACTGCA
         Consensus
                          641
                    (641) ACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
             gp160
                    (545) ACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
      gp160 del V1
                    (560) ACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
      gp160 del V2
                    (364) ------CAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
    gp160 del V1-2
                    (392) AGACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
gp 160 del 128-194
                     (641) ACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
           gp140TM
                     (641) ACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
             gp140
                     (641) ACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
          gp140mut
                     (641) ACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
                     (641) ACACCAGCGTGATCACCCAGGCCTGCCCCAAGGTGAGCTT
             gp120
         Consensus
                     (681) CGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCGCCGGCTTC
                     (585) CGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTC
             gp160
       gp160 del V1
                     (600) CGAGCCCATCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCGCCGGCTTC
       gp160 del V2
                     (387) CGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTC
     gp160 del V1-2
                     (432) CGAGCCCATCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCCCCGCCGGCTTC
 gp 160 del 128-194
                     (681) CGAGCCCATCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTC
           gp140TM
                     (681) CGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTC
                     (681) CGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCCGCCGGCTTC
              gp140
                     (681) CGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTC
           gp140mut
                     (681) CGAGCCCATCCCCATCCACTACTGCGCCCCGCCGGCTTC
              gp120
          Consensus
                     (721) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
              gp160
                     (625) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
       gp160 del V1
                     (640) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
       gp160 del V2
                      (427) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
     gp160 del V1-2
                      (472) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
 qp 160 del 128-194
                      (721) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
            gp140TM
                      (721) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
              gp140
                      (721) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
                      (721) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
           gp140mut
                      (721) GCCATCCTGAAGTGCAAGGACAAGAAGTTCAACGGCACCG
              gp120
          Consensus
```

FIG. 66B-4

	.01 / 121	
	101 / 131	800
	761 761) GCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACCG	TGCAGTGCACCCACGG
95		, I GCAG I OCH COOL
upito des .		
apieu dei 🕶 –		
ap140mut	(761) GCCCCTGCAAGAACGTGAGCACC	GTGCAGTGCACCCACGG
ap120		GTGCAGTGCACCCACGG
Consensus	· · · · ·	
	801 (801) CATCCGCCCCGTGGTGAGCACCC	AGCTGCTGCAACGGC
	`	Mail I GC I GC I G G G G G
	`	MIN. I GC I GC I GIA I GG G
gp160 del V2	·	AGC I GC I GC I G I G I G
gp160 del V1-2	COCCECTCACCACC	AGCIGCIGCIGAACGG
gp 160 del 128-194 gp140TM		'AlaCa GCa GCa Garage
gp140111 gp140		Alac I GC I GC I Grate Good
gp140mut		Alac. I GC I GC I GI II I G
gp110.m20	(801) CATCCGCCCGTGGTGAGCACCG (801) CATCCGCCCGTGGTGAGCACCG (801) CATCCGCCCGTGGTGAGCACCG	PAGCTGCTGCTGAACGGC
Consensus		
	841 (841) AGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGATCG	TGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACT
gp160		
gp160 del V1		
gp160 del V2 gp160 del V1-2		
100 401 128-194		
gp 160 del 120 151	(841) AGCCTGGCCGAGGAGGAGATCG	
gp140		
gp140mut		
gp120	CCCCACCAGAGATCC	STGCTGCGCTCCGAGAACT
Consensus		
160		CATCGTGCAGCTGAACGA
gp160		
gp160 del V1 gp160 del V2		Trail Grade Lot and Carlo
gp160 del V1-2	(800) TCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCA (587) TCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCA (632) TCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCA	
gp 160 del 128-194		THE ATTENDED
gp14UTM		
gp140		
gp140mut		
gp120	(881) TCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCA (881) TCACCGACAACGCCAAGACCA	TCATCGTGCAGCTGAACGA
Consensus		
gp160	921 (921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCAT	CCGCCCCAACAACAACACACG
gp160 del Vl	(921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCAT (825) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCAT (840) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCAT	
gp160 del V2		
gp160 del V1-2		
gp 160 del 128-194	(672) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA (921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA	TCCGCCCCAACAACAACACG
gp140TM	(921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA' (921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA'	TCCGCCCCAACAACAACACG
gp140	(921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA (921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA	TCCGCCCCAACAACAACACG
gp140mut	(921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA (921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA	TCCGCCCCAACACACACCC
gp120	(921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA (921) GTCCGTGGAGATCAACTGCA	TCCGCCCCAACAACAACAC
Consensus	, - - - ·	

FIG. 66B-5

```
102 / 131
                                                                1000
                     (961) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
             gp160
                     (865) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
      gp160 del V1
                     (880) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
      gp160 del V2
                     (667) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
    ap160 del V1-2
                     (712) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
qp 160 del 128-194
                     (961) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
           gp140TM
             gp140
                     (961) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
                     (961) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
          qp140mut
                     (961) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCTTCTACG
             gp120
                     (961) CGTAAGAGCATCCACATCGGCCCCGGCCGCCCTTCTACG
         Consensus
                    (1001) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
             gp160
                     (905) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
      gp160 del Vl
                     (920) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
      qp160 del V2
                     (707) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
    gp160 del V1-2
                     (752) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
gp 160 del 128-194
                    (1001) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
           gp140TM
                    (1001) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
             gp140
                    (1001) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
          gp140mut
                    (1001) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
             gp120
                    (1001) CCACCGGCGACATCATCGGCGACATCCGCCAGGCCCACTG
         Consensus
                           1041
                    (1041) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
             gp160
                     (945) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
      gp160 del V1
                     (960) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
      gp160 del V2
                     (747) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
    gp160 del V1-2
                     (792) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
gp 160 del 128-194
                    (1041) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
           qp140TM
                    (1041) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
             gp140
                    (1041) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
          gp140mut
                    (1041) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
             gp120
                    (1041) CAACATCAGCAAGGCCAACTGGACCAACACCCTCGAGCAG
         Consensus
                     (1081) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
             qp160
                     (985) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
      gp160 del V1
                     (1000) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
      gp160 del V2
                     (787) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
    gp160 del V1-2
                     (832) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
gp 160 del 128-194
                    (1081) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
           gp140TM
                    (1081) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
             qp140
                     (1081) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
          qp140mut
                     (1081) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
             gp120
                     (1081) ATCGTGGAGAAGCTGCGCGAGCAGTTCGGCAACAACAAGA
         Consensus
                            1121
                     (1121) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCGGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGAT
             gp160
                     (1025) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGGGGGGCGACCCCGAGAT
      gp160 del V1
                     (1040) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGAT
      gp160 del V2
                      (827) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGGGGGGCGACCCCGAGAT
    gp160 del V1-2
                     (872) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCGGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGAT
gp 160 del 128-194
                     (1121) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGAT
           gp140TM
                     (1121) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGAT
              gp140
                     (1121) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGAT
           ap140mut
                     (1121) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGGGGGGCGACCCCGAGAT
              qp120
                     (1121) CCATCATCTTCAACAGCAGCAGCGGCGGCGACCCCGAGAT
          Consensus
```

FIG. 66B-6

	103	3 / 131
		1200
		1161 CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTAC
gp160 del V1 (
gp160 del V2 (
an160 del V1-2	-	as common north total and conditions are a series
160 del 128-194		CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTAC CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTAC
gp140TM (CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTAC CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTAC
gp140 ((1161)	CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGCGCGAGTTCTTCTAC
gp140mut ((1161)	CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGGGGGGGGTTCTTCTAC CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGGGGGGGTTCTTCTAC
		CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGGGGGGTTCTTCTAC CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGGGGGGGGTTCTTCTAC
	(1161)	CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTAC CGTGTTCCACAGCTTCAACTGCGGCGGCGAGTTCTTCTAC 1240
Conscillation		
gp160	(1201)	1201 TGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCA
	(1105)	ACCACCOTONN AACACACCIOO A CONTRACTOR
ub100 @= -	(1120)	
gp160 de1 v2	(907)	CONCONCONCINICIAN AGUACUIGGI
gp160 del V1-2	(952)	" = === COCKCCTCTTTCAALACTCACCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCC
gp 160 del 128-194 gp 140TM	(1201)	
qp1.00	(1201)	
99	(1201)	
951.0	(1201)	
gp120	(1201)	TGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCA TGCAACACCAGCCAGCTGTTCAACAGCACCTGGAACATCA 1280
Consensus	(1201)	
-1.60	(1241)	TO A CARCA CON A CARCA CON A CONTRACT CAT
gp160	(1145)	
gp160 del V1	(1160)	
gp160 del V2	(947)	
gp160 del V1-2	(992)	
gp 160 del 128-194	(1241)	
gp140TM	(1241)	
gp140	(1241)	
gp140mut	(1241)	
gp120	•	TO BE CONCERN A CAN A CAN CHARGE A GARCIAGO
Consensus	(1241)	
1.00	(1281)	MCCCCCA CAMC ATC AACAT GIGGORG
gp160	(1185)	
gp160 del V1	(1200)	
gp160 del V2	(987)	
gp160 del V1-2	(1032)	
gp 160 del 128-194	(1281	
gp140TM	(1281	
gp140	(1281	
gp140mut	•	
gp120	(1281	ACTIC C CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
Consensus	(1281	
gp160	(1321	
gp160 del Vl	(1225	
ap160 del V2	(1240	
gp160 del V1-2	(1027	
gp 160 del 128-194	(1072	
gp140TM	(1321	
gp140	(132)	
gp140mut	(1321	
gp120	(132)	
Consensus	(132	1) GAGG TGGGCAAGGCCATGTTGGGGG

FIG. 66B-7

	10	4/131
		1400
an160	(1261)	AGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGAC
gp160 gp160 del Vl	122651	A CATCA A CT CCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGAC
gp160 del Vi	(1280)	ACATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGAC
gp160 del V2	(1067)	DODUCT DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP
gp160 del V1-2	(1112)	A CATCA AGTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGCTGAC
gp 160 del 128-194 gp140TM	(1361)	ACATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGAC
gp14010 gp140	(1361)	D C D T C D D C T C C D C C A C C A C C C C C C C C C C C
gp140mut	(1361)	DCATCA DCTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGAC
gp140dc	(1361)	AGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGAC
Consensus	(1361)	AGATCAAGTGCAGCAGCAATATTACCGGCCTGCTGAC
2033	,	1440
gp160	(1401)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACGACACC
gpl60 del Vl	(1305)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACGCACCAACGACACC
gp160 del V2	(1320)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACGACACC
ap160 del V1-2	(1107)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACGCACCAACGACACC
gp 160 del 128-194	(1152)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACGCCACCAACGACACC
gp140TM	(1401)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACGCCACCAACGACACC
gp140	(1401)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACGCCACCAACGACACC
gp140mut	(1401)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACGCCACCAACGACACC
gp120	(1401)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACGACACC
Consensus	(1401)	CCGCGACGGCGCACCAACAACAACCGCACCAACGACACC
		1441 GAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCGACATGAAGGACAACT
gp160	(1441)	GAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACT GAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACT
gp160 del Vl	(1345)	GAGACCTTCCGCCCGGCGGCGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACT
gp160 del V2	(1360)	GAGACCTTCCGCCCGGCGGCGGCAACATGAAGGACAACT
gp160 del V1-2	(1147)	GAGACCTTCCGCCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACT
gp 160 del 128-194	(1192) (1441)	CACACCTTCCGCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACT
gp140TM	(1441)	CACACCTTCCGCCCGGCGGCGCCAACATGAAGGACAACT
gp140 gp140mut	(1441)	CAGACCTTCCGCCCGGCGGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACT
gp140mac gp120	(1441)	CACACCTTCCGCCGGCGCGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACI
Consensus	(1441)	GAGACCTTCCGCCCGGCGGCGCGCAACATGAAGGACAACT
Consensus	(=	1481
gp160	(1481)	GGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGA
gp160 del Vl	(1385)	CCCCCACCACCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGA
gp160 del V2	(1400)	GGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGA
gp160 del V1-2	(1187)	GGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGA
gp 160 del 128-194	(1232)	GGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGA
gp140TM	(1481)	GGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGA
gp140	(1481)	
gp140mut	(1481)	
gp120	(1481)	GGCGCAGCGAGCTGTACAAGTACAAGGTGGTGCGCATCGA
Consensus	(1481)	
		1521 GCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTG
gp160	(1521	· caccaracacacacacacacacacacacacacacacaca
gp160 del Vl	(1425	GCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTG GCCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTG
gp160 del V2		, cccctaccctcCCCCCCCCCACCAAGCGCCAAGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGC
gp160 del V1-2	(1227	COCCOTTGGCCGTGGCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGCGCGCGC
gp 160 del 128-194	(1272	CCCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTG
gp140TM	(1521	COCCOTEGGCGTGGCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGIG
gp140	(1521	A GCCCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGTG
gp140mut		COCCTGGGCGTGGCCCCACCCAGGCCAAGCGCCGCGIG
gp120	(1521 (1521	
Consensus	(1)21	, 000

FIG. 66B-8

```
105 / 131
                                                           1600
                  (1561) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGT
                         1561
                  (1465) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGT
            gp160
                  (1480) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCGTGGGCCCTGT
     gp160 del V1
                   (1267) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCGTGGGCCCTGT
     gp160 del V2
                   (1312) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCGTGGGCCCTGT
    gp160 del V1-2
                  (1561) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGT
gp 160 del 128-194
                  (1561) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGT
          gp140TM
                  (1561) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGAGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGT
            gp140
                  (1561) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCTAAG----
         gp140mut
                   (1561) GTGCAGCGCGAGAAGCGCGCCGTGGGCCCTGT
            gp120
         Consensus
                   (1601) TCATCGGCTTC-CTGGGCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
                   (1505) TCATCGGCTTC-CTGGGCGCCGCGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
             gp160
                   (1520) TCATCGGCTTC-CTGGGCGCCGGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
      gp160 del V1
      gp160 del V2
                   (1307) TCATCGGCTTC-CTGGGCGCCGCGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
                   (1352) TCATCGGCTTC-CTGGGCGCCGCGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
    gp160 del V1-2
                   (1601) TCATCGGCTTC-CTGGGCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
gp 160 del 128-194
                   (1601) TCATCGGCTTC-CTGGGCGCCGCCGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
           gp140TM
                   (1601) TCATCGGCTTC-CTGGGCGCCGGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
             gp140
                   (1583) ATATCGGATCCTCTAGA----
          gp140mut
                    (1601) TCATCGGCTTCNCTGGGCGCCGGGGAGCACCATGGGCG
             gp120
         Consensus
                    (1640) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
                    (1544) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
             gp160
                    (1559) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
       gp160 del V1
                    (1346) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
       gp160 del V2
                    (1391) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
     gp160 del V1-2
                    (1640) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
 gp 160 del 128-194
                    (1640) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
            gp140TM
                    (1640) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
              gp140
                    (1600) -----
           gp140mut
                    (1641) CCGCCTCCGTGACCCTGACCGTGCAGGCCCGCCAGCTGCT
              gp120
          Consensus
                     (1680) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCAACCTGCTGCGCGCC
                     (1584) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCC
              gp160
                     (1599) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCAACCTGCTGCGCGCCC
       gp160 del Vl
                     (1386) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGAACAACCTGCTGCGCGCCC
       gp160 del V2
                     (1431) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCAACCTGCTGCGCGCC
      gp160 del V1-2
                     (1680) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCAACCTGCTGCGCGCCC
  gp 160 del 128-194
                     (1680) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCAACCTGCTGCGCGCC
            gp140TM
                     (1680) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCAACCTGCTGCGCGCC
              gp140
                     (1600) -----
           gp140mut
                     (1681) GAGCGGCATCGTGCAGCAGCAGCAACCTGCTGCGCGCC
              gp120
           Consensus
                     (1720) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
                     (1624) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
               gp160
        gp160 del Vl
                     (1639) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
                     (1426) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
        gp160 del V2
                     (1471) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
      gp160 del V1-2
                     (1720) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
   gp 160 del 128-194
                     (1720) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
             gp140TM
                     (1720) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
               gp140
                     (1600) -----
            gp140mut
                     (1721) ATCGAGGCCCAGCAGCACCTGCTGCAGCTGACCGTGTGGG
               gp120
           Consensus
```

FIG. 66B-9

	1	06/131
		1761
		GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
		GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
		GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
gp160 del V2		GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
gp160 del V1-2	(1466)	GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGCCGTGGAGCG
120-101	(1511)	GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
gp 160 del 126-134 gp140TM	(1760)	GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
gp140	(1760)	GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
gp140mut	(1760)	GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
gp14020 gp120	11.0001	
	(1761)	GCATCAAGCAGCTGCAGGCCCGCATCCTGGCCGTGGAGCG
Consensus	(1/01/	1840
	(1000)	OF A CONCARCA CONCARCA GCT GCT GG GCATCT GG GG CT GC
gp160	(1800)	CONDECTED ACCACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCCATCTGGGGC1GC
gp160 del V1	(1704)	CENCETCA ACCA CCACCACCACCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGC
gp160 del V2	(1719)	CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGC
gp160 del V1-2	(1506)	CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGC
ap 160 del 128-194	(1551)	CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGC
gp140TM	(1800)	CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGGCATCTGGGGCTGC
gp140	(1800)	CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGC CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGC
gp140mut	(1800)	CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAG
gp120	(1600)	
Consensus	(1801)	CTACCTGAAGGACCAGCAGCTGCTGGGCATCTGGGGCTGC
		10/1
gp160	(1840)	AGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
gp160-del Vl	(1744)	AGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
gp160 del V2	(1759)	AGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
gp160 del V1-2	(1546)	AGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
160 -1 120-104	(1591)	ACCCCA ACCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
gp 160 del 128-194 gp140TM	(1840)	DOCCCONDCCTGNTCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
gp140111 gp140	(1840)	P GGGGGA ACCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
gp140 gp140mut	(1840)	AGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
	(1600)	
gp120	(1841)	AGCGGCAAGCTGATCTGCACCACCACCGTGCCCTGGAACA
Consensus	(1011)	1920
a=160	(1880)	CONCERCED CONTRACTOR ACAGOCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAA
gp160	(1784)	CONCERCED CONTROL ACAGECCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAA
gp160 del V1 gp160 del V2	(1799)	CONCOMOCA BOA BOA GAGCOTGAC COGAGATO I GGGACAA
gp160 del v2	(1586)	CONCORCON CON MON AGAGCCTGACCGAGA I CI GGGACAA
gp160 del V1-2	(1631)	CONCERCENCE A CA AGAGCCTGACCGAGATC I GGGACAA
gp 160 del 128-194	(1880)	CONCERCENCE ACA ACA ACACICE GACCAGA I CI GOGACA:
gp140TM		TO COMPANY A CARCOTT GACCGAGATUT GGGACAA
gp140	(1000)	GCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAA
gp140mut		
gp120	(1600)	GCAGCTGGAGCAACAAGAGCCTGACCGAGATCTGGGACAA
Consensus		4001
		1921 CATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTAC
gp160		
gp160 del Vl	(1824	CATGACCIGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTAC CATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTAC
gpl60 del V2		
ap160 del V1-2	(1626) CATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTAC) CATGACCTGGATGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTAC
ap 160 del 128-194) CATGACCTGGATGGGGTGGGGGGGGATCGGCAACTAC
gp140TM	(1920	CATGACCIGGAIGGAGIGGGAGCGC GAGAICGGCAACIAC CATGACCIGGAIGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGAGCIAC
gp140	(1920	CATGACCTGGATGGGAGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTAC CATGACCTGGATGGGGTGGGAGCGCGAGATCGGCAACTAC
gp140mut		A MCACCTCCATCCACTCGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG
gp170m2		
Consensus		
0000	•	<u>-</u>

FIG. 66B-10

	107	7 / 131
		2000
	_	TO THE TOTAL OF A COMPANY OF THE A TOTAL OF THE A T
gp160 del V2 (_	
160 del V1-2		
3 CO HOL 128-194		
an140TM		ACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACC
ap140		ACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACC
gp140mut	(1960)	ACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATGGGGGTG
gp120	(1600)	
Consensus	(1961)	ACCGGCCTGATCTACAACCTGATCGAGATCGCCCAGAACC
Conscient	•	
gp160	(2000)	2001 AGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTAA
	,	CRACRACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCACCAC
	,	CONCARCARCAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG
gp160 del V2		- CONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONC
gp160 del V1-2		- CONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONC
gp 160 del 128-194		CD D CCD CCD CCD CCD CCD CCD CCD CC
gp140TM	(200-)	CONCANCANCANCANCANCANCANCANCANCANCANCANCAN
gp140		AGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAA AGCAGGAGAAGAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAA
gp140mut	(2000)	
gp120	(1600)	AGCAGGAGAACAACGAGCAGGAGCTGCTGGAGCTGGACAA
Consensus	(2001)	2000
		2041 GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp160	(2040)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp160 del V1	(1944)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp160 del V2	(1959)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp160 del V1-2	(1746)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp 160 del 128-194	(1791)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp 180 der 12- gp140TM	(2040)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp140	(2040)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp140mut	(2040)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
gp120	(1600)	CARCTGG
Consensus	(2041)	GTGGGCCAGCCTGTGGAACTGGTTCGACATCACCAACTGG
Consensus	• –	
gp160	(2080)	2081 CTGTGGTACATCCGCATCTTCATCATGATCGTGGGCGGCC
gp100	(1984)	COMP CAMCCCCAMCTTCATCATCATCGTGGGCGGGG
gpl60 del Vl	(1999)	CONTONECTOR TOTAL ATTENTION OF THE PROPERTY
gp160 del V2	(1786)	CCDACATCCCCCATCTTCATCATCATCGTGGGCCCCC
gp160 del V1-2	(1831)	CONTONECTOR CATCATCATCATCATCATCATCATCATCATCATCATCATC
gp 160 del 128-194	(2080)	
gp140TM	(2080)	
gp140	(2080)	
gp140mut		
gp120	(1600	
Consensus	(2081	
		COMCCCCATCCTCTTCGCCGTGCTGAGCA
gp160	(2120	
gp160 del Vl	(2024	
ap160 del V2	(2039	
gp160 del V1-2	(1826	
gp 160 del 128-194	(18/1	
gp 100 del ap140TM	1 (2120	
gp140	(2092	
gp140mut		
gp140		
Consensus		TGATCGGCCTGCGCATCGTGTTCGCCGTGCTGAGCANNNN
Consensus	, ,	

FIG. 66B-11

```
108/131
                                            2200
                   2161
              (2156) -TCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCC
         gp160
              (2060) -TCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCC
    gp160 del V1
              (2075) -TCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCC
    gp160 del V2
              (1862) -TCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCC
  gp160 del V1-2
              (1907) -TCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCC
gp 160 del 128-194
              (2160) GTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA----
        gp140TM
              (2092) -TAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA----
              (2092) -TAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA----
         gp140
              (1600) -----
       qp140mut
         gp120
              (2161) NTCGTGAACCGCGTGCGCCAGGGCTACAGCCCCATCAGCC
      Consensus
                   2201
              (2195) TGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCCCAGCGCGGCCCCGACCGCCC
         gp160
              (2099) TGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCCCAGCGCGCCCCGACCGCCC
    qp160 del V1
              (2114) TGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCCCAGCGCGGCCCCGACCGCCC
    gp160 del V2
              (1901) TGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCCCAGCGCGCCCCGACCGCCC
   gp160 del V1-2
              (1946) TGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCCCAGCGCGCCCCGACCGCCC
gp 160 del 128-194
              (2182) -----
        gp140TM
              (2113)
         gp140
              (2113) -----
       qp140mut
              (1600) -----
         gp120
              (2201) TGCAGACCCGCCTGCCCGCCCAGCGCGCCCCGACCGCCC
       Consensus
                   2241
               gp160
              gp160 del V1
               gp160 del V2
               gp160 del V1-2
              (1986) CGAGGGCATCGAGGAGGAGGGCGGCGAGCGCGAC
gp 160 del 128-194
              (2182) -----
        gp140TM
              (2113) -----
          gp140
                     ------
        gp140mut
               (2113) --
               (1600) -----
          gp120
               Consensus
               (2275) CGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCT
          gp160
               (2179) CGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCT
     gp160 del Vl
               (2194) CGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCT
     gp160 del V2
               (1981) CGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCT
   gp160 del V1-2
               (2026) CGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCT
 gp 160 del 128-194
               (2182) -----
               (2113) -----
         gp140TM
          gp140
               (2113) -----
        gp140mut
               (1600) -----
          qp120
               (2281) CGCAGCAACCGCCTGGTGCACGGCCTGCTGGCCCTGATCT
       Consensus
                    2321
               (2315) GGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCG
               (2219) GGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCG
          gp160
     gp160 del V1
               (2234) GGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCG
               (2021) GGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCG
     gp160 del V2
    gp160 del V1-2
               (2066) GGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCG
 gp 160 del 128-194
               (2182) -----
               (2113) -----
         gp140TM
                (2113) -----
           qp140
               (1600) -----
        ap140mut
               (2321) GGGACGACCTGCGCAGCCTGTGCCTGTTCAGCTACCACCG
           gp120
        Consensus
```

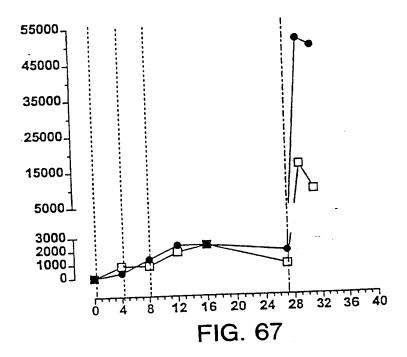
FIG. 66B-12

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109/131
                                                2400
               (2355) CCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAG
               (2259) CCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAG
         gp160
               (2274) CCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAG
    gp160 del V1
               (2061) CCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAG
    gp160 del V2
               (2106) CCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAG
   gp160 del V1-2
               (2182) -----
gp 160 del 128-194
               (2113) -----
        qp140TM
               (2113) -----
          gp140
               (1600) -----
       gp140mut
               (2361) CCTGCGCGACCTGCTGCTGATCGTGGCCCGCATCGTGGAG
          gp120
       Consensus
                (2395) CTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGT
                (2299) CTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGT
          gp160
                (2314) CTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGT
     gp160 del V1
                (2101) CTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGT
     gp160 del V2
                (2146) CTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGT
   gp160 del V1-2
                (2182) -----
gp 160 del 128-194
                (2113) -----
         gp140TM
          gp140
                (1600) -----
        gp140mut
                (2401) CTGCTGGGCCGCCGCGGCTGGGAGGCCCTGAAGTACTGGT
          gp120
       Consensus
                (2435) GGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAG
                (2339) GGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAG
           gp160
                (2354) GGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAG
     gp160 del Vl
                (2141) GGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAG
     gp160 del V2
                (2186) GGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAG
    gp160 del V1-2
                (2182) -----
 gp 160 del 128-194
                (2113) -----
         gp140TM
                 (2113) -----
           gp140
                 (1600) -----
         gp140mut
                (2441) GGAACCTGCTGCAGTACTGGAGCCAGGAGCTGAAGAGCAG
           gp120
        Consensus
                 (2475) CGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCC
                 (2379) CGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCC
           gp160
                 (2394) CGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCC
      gp160 del Vl
                 (2181) CGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCC
      gp160 del V2
                 (2226) CGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCC
     gp160 del V1-2
                 (2182)
 gp 160 del 128-194
                 (2113)
          gp140TM
                 (2113) -----
            gp140
                 (1600) -----
         gp140mut
                 (2481) CGCCGTGAGCCTGTTCAACGCCACCGCCATCGCCGTGGCC
            gp120
         Consensus
                  (2515) GAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCT
                 (2419) GAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCT
            gp160
                 (2434) GAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCT
       gp160 del Vl
                 (2221) GAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCT
       gp160 del V2
                  (2266) GAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCT
     gp160 del V1-2
                  (2182) -----
  gp 160 del 128-194
                 (2113) -----
           gp140TM
                  (2113) -----
            gp140
                  (1600) -----
          gp140mut
                  (2521) GAGGGCACCGACCGCATCATCGAGATCGTGCAGCGCATCT
            gp120
         Consensus
```

FIG. 66B-13

```
2600
                   2561
             (2555) TCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGG
         qp160
             (2459) TCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGG
    gp160 del Vl
             (2474) TCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGG
    gp160 del V2
             (2261) TCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGG
  gp160 del V1-2
              (2306) TCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGG
gp 160 del 128-194
              (2182) -----
       gp140TM
              (2113) -----
         gp140
              (2113) -----
       gp140mut
              (1600) -----
         qp120
              (2561) TCCGCGCCGTGATCCACATCCCCCGCCGCATCCGCCAGGG
      Consensus
                   2601
              (2595) CCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA
         gp160
              (2499) CCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA
    gp160 del Vl
              (2514) CCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA
    gp160 del V2
              (2301) CCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA
   gp160 del V1-2
              (2346) CCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA
gp 160 del 128-194
              (2182) -----
        gp140TM
              (2113) -----
         gp140
              (2113) -----
       gp140mut
              (1600) -----
         gp120
              (2601) CCTGGAGCGCCCCTGCTGTAAGATATCGGATCCTCTAGA
      Consensus
                   2641
              (2635) AAGCCATGGATATCGGATCCACTACGCGTTAGAGCTCGCT
         gp160
              (2539) -----
    gp160 del V1
              (2554) -----
    gp160 del V2
              (2341) -----
   gp160 del V1-2
              (2386) -----
gp 160 del 128-194
              (2182) -----
        gp140TM
              (2113) -----
         gp140
              (2113) -----
       gp140mut
              (1600) -----
         gp120
              Consensus
                   2681
              (2675) GATCAGCT
         gp160
              (2539) -----
     gp160 del Vl
               (2554) -----
     gp160 del V2
              (2341) -----
   gp160 del V1-2
              (2386) -----
gp 160 del 128-194
              (2182) -----
        gp140TM
              (2113) -----
          gp140
               (2113) -----
        gp140mut
               (1600) -----
          gp120
               (2681) NNNNNNN
       Consensus
```

FIG. 66B-14



HIV-1SF2 wt RT (PISPIET-->GIRKVL) GTTAAGCAATGGCCATTGACAGAAGAAAAAATAAAAGCATTAGTAGAGATATGTACAGAA ATGGAAAAGGAAGGGAAAATTTCAAAAATTGGGCCTGAAAATCCATACAATACTCCAGTA TTTGCTATAAAGAAAAAAGACAGTACTAAATGGAGAAAACTAGTAGATTTCAGAGAACTT AATAAAAGAACTCAAGACTTCTGGGAAGTTCAGTTAGGAATACCACACCCCGCAGGGTTA AAAAAGAAAAATCAGTAACAGTATTGGATGTGGGTGATGCATACTTTTCAGTTCCCTTA GATAAAGACTTTAGAAAGTATACTGCATTTACCATACCTAGTATAAACAATGAGACACCA GGGATTAGATATCAGTACAATGTGCTGCCACAGGGATGGAAAGGATCACCAGCAATATTC CAAAGTAGCATGACAAAAATCTTAGAGCCTTTTAGAAAACAGAATCCAGACATAGTTATC TATCAAtacatggatgatTTGTATGTAGGATCTGACTTAGAAATAGGGCAGCATAGAACA AAAATAGAGGAACTGAGACAGCATCTGTTGAGGTGGGGATTTACCACACCAGACAAAAAA CATCAGAAAGAACCTCCATTCCTTtggatgggttatGAACTCCATCCTGATAAATGGACA GTACAGCCTATAATGCTGCCAGAAAAAGACAGCTGGACTGTCAATGACATACAGAAGTTA GTGGGAAAATTGAATTGGGCAAGTCAGATTTATGCAGGGATTAAAGTAAAGCAGTTATGT AAACTCCTTAGAGGAACCAAAGCACTAACAGAAGTAATACCACTAACAGAAGAAGCAGAG CTAGAACTGGCAGAAAACAGGGAGATTCTAAAAGAACCAGTACATGAAGTATATTATGAC CCATCAAAAGACTTAGTAGCAGAAATACAGAAGCAGGGGCAAGGÇCAATGGACATATCAA ATTTATCAAGAGCCATTTAAAAATCTGAAAACAGGAAAGTATGCAAGGATGAGGGGTGCC CACACTAATGATGTAAAACAGTTAACAGAGGCAGTGCAAAAAGTATCCACAGAAAGCATA GTAATATGGGGAAAGATTCCTAAATTTAAACTACCCATACAAAAGGAAACATGGGAAGCA TGGTGGATGGAGTATTGGCAAGCTACCTGGATTCCTGAGTGGGAGTTTGTCAATACCCCT CCCTTAGTGAAATTATGGTACCAGTTAGAGAAAGAACCCATAGTAGGAGCAGAAACTTTC TATGTAGATGGGGCAGCTAATAGGGAGACTAAATTAGGAAAAGCAGGATATGTTACTGAC AGAGGAAGACAAAAAGTTGTCTCCATAGCTGACACAACAAATCAGAAGACTGAATTACAA GCAATTCATCTAGCTTTGCAGGATTCGGGATTAGAAGTAAACATAGTAACAGACTCACAA ATAATAGAGCAGTTAATAAAAAAGGAAAAGGTCTACCTGGCATGGGTACCAGCACAAA GGAATTGGAGGAAATGAACAAGTAGATAAATTAGTCAGTGCTGGAATCAGGAAAGTACTA

> FIG. 68 (SEO ID NO:77)

GagProtMod.SF2(GP1)

GTCGACGCCACCATGGGCGCCCGCGCCAGCGTGCTGAGCGGCGGCGAGCTGGACAAGTGG GAGAAGATCCGCCTGCGCCCCGGCGCAAGAAGAAGTACAAGCTGAAGCACATCGTGTGG GCCAGCCGCGAGCTGGAGCGCTTCGCCGTGAACCCCGGCCTGCTGGAGACCAGCGAGGGC TGCCGCCAGATCCTGGGCCAGCTGCAGCCCAGCCTGCAGACCGGCAGCGAGGAGCTGCGC AGCCTGTACAACACCGTGGCCACCCTGTACTGCGTGCACCAGCGCATCGACGTCAAGGAC ACCAAGGAGGCCCTGGAGAAGATCGAGGAGGAGCAGAACAAGTCCAAGAAGAAGGCCCAG CAGGCCGCCGCCGCCGGCACCGGCAACAGCCAGGTGAGCCAGAACTACCCCATC GTGCAGAACCTGCAGGGCCAGATGGTGCACCAGGCCATCAGCCCCGCACCCTGAACGCC TGGGTGAAGGTGGTGGAGGAGAAGGCCTTCAGCCCCGAGGTGATCCCCATGTTCAGCGCC CTGAGCGAGGGCGCCACCCCCAGGACCTGAACACGATGTTGAACACCGTGGGCGGCCAC CAGGCCGCCATGCAGATGCTGAAGGAGACCATCAACGAGGAGGCCGCCGAGTGGGACCGC GTGCACCCCGTGCACGCCGGCCCATCGCCCCCGGCCAGATGCGCGAGCCCCGCGGCAGC GACATCGCCGGCACCACCAGCACCCTGCAGGAGCAGATCGGCTGGATGACCAACAACCCC CCCATCCCCGTGGGCGAGATCTACAAGCGGTGGATCATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCGTG CGGATGTACAGCCCCACCAGCATCCTGGACATCCGCCAGGGCCCCAAGGAGCCCTTCCGC AACTGGATGACCGAGACCCTGCTGGTGCAGAACGCCAACCCCGACTGCAAGACCATCCTG AAGGCTCTCGGCCCCGCGGCCACCCTGGAGGAGATGATGACCGCCTGCCAGGGCGTGGGC GGCCCCGGCCACAAGGCCCGCGTGCTGGCCGAGGCGATGAGCCAGGTGACGAACCCGGCG ACCATCATGATGCAGCGCGGCAACTTCCGCAACCAGCGGAAGACCGTCAAGTGCTTCAAC TGCGGCAAGGAGGGCCACACCGCCAGGAACTGCCGCGCCCCCCGCAAGAAGGGCTGCTGG CGCTGCGGCCGCGAAGGACACCAAATGAAAGATTGCACTGAGAGACAGGCTAATTTTTTA GGGAAGATCTGGCCTTCCTACAAGGGAAGGCCAGGGAATTTTCTTCAGAGCAGACCAGAG CCAACAGCCCCACCAGAAGAGAGCTTCAGGTTTGGGGAGGAGAAACAACTCCCTCTCAG AAGCAGGAGCCGATAGACAAGGAACTGTATCCTTTAACTTCCCTCAGATCACTCTTTGGC AACGACCCCTCGTCACAGTAAGGATCGGCGGCCAGCTCAAGGAGGCGCTGCTCGACACCG GCGCCGACGACACCGTGCTGGAGGAGATGAACCTGCCCGGCAAGTGGAAGCCCAAGATGA TCGGCGGGATCGGGGGCTTCATCAAGGTGCGGCAGTACGACCAGATCCCCGTGGAGATCT GCGGCCACAAGGCCATCGGCACCGTGCTGGTGGGCCCCACCCCCGTGAACATCATCGGCC GCAACCTGCTGACCCAGATCGGCTGCACCCTGAACTTCCCCATCAGCCCCATCGAGACGG TGCCCGTGAAGCTGAAGCCGGGGATGGACGGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAGTGGCCCCTGTAAG AATTC

FIG. 69 (SEO ID NO:78)

114/131

GagProtMod.SF2(GP2)

GTCGACGCCACCATGGGCGCCCGCGCCAGCGTGCTGAGCGGCGGCGAGCTGGACAAGTGG GAGAAGATCCGCCTGCGCCCCGGCGCAAGAAGAAGTACAAGCTGAAGCACATCGTGTGG GCCAGCCGCGAGCTGGAGCGCTTCGCCGTGAACCCCGGCCTGCTGGAGACCAGCGAGGGC TGCCGCCAGATCCTGGGCCAGCTGCAGCCCAGCCTGCAGACCGGCAGCGAGGAGCTGCGC AGCCTGTACAACACCGTGGCCACCCTGTACTGCGTGCACCAGCGCATCGACGTCAAGGAC ACCAAGGAGGCCCTGGAGAAGATCGAGGAGGAGCAGAACAAGTCCAAGAAGAAGGCCCAG CAGGCCGCCGCCGCCGCCACCGGCAACAGCCAGGTGAGCCAGAACTACCCCATC GTGCAGAACCTGCAGGGCCAGATGGTGCACCAGGCCATCAGCCCCGGCACCCTGAACGCC TGGGTGAAGGTGGTGGAGGAGAAGGCCTTCAGCCCCGAGGTGATCCCCATGTTCAGCGCC CTGAGCGAGGGCGCCACCCCCAGGACCTGAACACGATGTTGAACACCGTGGGCGGCCAC CAGGCCGCCATGCAGATGCTGAAGGAGACCATCAACGAGGAGGCCGCCGAGTGGGACCGC GTGCACCCCGTGCACGCCGGCCCATCGCCCCCGGCCAGATGCGCGAGCCCCGCGGCAGC GACATCGCCGGCACCACCAGCACCCTGCAGGAGCAGATCGGCTGGATGACCAACAACCCC CCCATCCCCGTGGGCGAGATCTACAAGCGGTGGATCATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCGTG CGGATGTACAGCCCCACCAGCATCCTGGACATCCGCCAGGGCCCCCAAGGAGCCCTTCCGC AACTGGATGACCGAGACCCTGCTGGTGCAGAACGCCAACCCCGACTGCAAGACCATCCTG AAGGCTCTCGGCCCCGCGGCCACCCTGGAGGAGATGATGACCGCCTGCCAGGGCGTGGGC GGCCCGGCCACAAGGCCCGCGTGCTGGCCGAGGCGATGAGGCAGGTGACGAACCCGGCG ACCATCATGATGCAGCGCGGCAACTTCCGCAACCAGCGGAAGACCGTCAAGTGCTTCAAC TGCGGCAAGGAGGGCCACACCGCCAGGAACTGCCGCGCCCCCCGCAAGAAGGGCTGCTGG CGCTGCGGCCGCGAAGGACACCAAATGAAAGATTGCACTGAGAGACAGGCTAATTTTTTA GGGAAGATCTGGCCTTCCTACAAGGGAAGGCCAGGGAATTTTCTTCAGAGCAGACCAGAG CCAACAGCCCCACCAGAAGAGAGCTTCAGGTTTGGGGAGGAGAAACAACTCCCTCTCAG AAGCAGGAGCCGATAGACAAGGAACTGTATCCTTTAACTTCCCTCAGATCACTCTTTGGC AACGACCCCTCGTCACAGTAAGGATCGGGGGGCAACTCAAGGAAGCGCTGCTCGATACAG GAGCAGATGATACAGTATTAGAAGAAATGAATTTGCCAGGAAAATGGAAACCAAAAATGA TAGGGGGGATCGGGGGCTTCATCAAGGTGAGGCAGTACGACCAGATACCTGTAGAAATCT GTGGACATAAAGCTATAGGTACAGTATTAGTAGGACCTACACCTGTCAACATAATTGGAA GAAATCTGTTGACCCAGATCGGCTGCACCTTGAACTTCCCCATCAGCCCTATTGAGACGG TGCCCGTGAAGTTGAAGCCGGGGATGGACGGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAATGGCCATTGTAAG AATTC

FIG. 70 (SEQ ID NO:79)

FS(+)_ProtInact_RTopt_YM

GCGGCCGCGAAGGACACCAAATGAAAGATTGCACTGAGAGACAGGCTAATTTTTTAGGGA AGATCTGGCCTTCCTACAAGGGAAGGCCAGGGAATTTTCTTCAGAGCAGACCAGAGCCAA CAGCCCCACCAGAAGAGAGCTTCAGGTTTGGGGAGGAGAAAACAACTCCCTCTCAGAAGC AGGAGCCGATAGACAAGGAACTGTATCCTTTAACTTCCCTCAGATCACTCTTTTGGCAACG ACCCCTCGTCACAATAAGGATCGGGGGGCAACTCAAGGAAGCGCTGCTCGATACAGGAGC AGATGATACAGTATTAGAAGAAATGAATTTGCCAGGAAAATGGAAACCAAAAATGATAGG GGGGATCGGGGGCTTCATCAAGGTGAGGCAGTACGACCAGATACCTGTAGAAATCTGTGG ACATAAAGCTATAGGTACAGTATTAGTAGGACCTACACCTGTCAACATAATTGGAAGAAA TCTGTTGACCCAGATCGGCTGCACCTTGAACTTCCCCATCAGCCCTATTGAGACGGTGCC CGTGAAGTTGAAGCCGGGGATGGACGGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAATGGCCATTGACCGAGGA GAAGATCAAGGCCCTGGTGGAGATCTGCACCGAGATGGAGAAGGAGGGCAAGATCAGCAA GATCGGCCCCGAGAACCCCCTACAACACCCCCGTGTTCGCCATCAAGAAGAAGAAGACACCAC CAAGTGGCGCAAGCTGGTGGACTTCCGCGAGCTGAACAAGCGCACCCAGGACTTCTGGGA GGTGCAGCTGGGCATCCCCCACCCCGCCGGCCTGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGACGTGACCGTGCT GGACGTGGGCGACGCCTACTTCAGCGTGCCCCTGGACAAGGACTTCCGCAAGTACACCGC CTTCACCATCCCCAGCATCAACAACGAGACCCCCGGCATCCGCTACCAGTACAACGTGCT GCCCCAGGGCTGGAAGGGCAGCCCCGCCATCTTCCAGAGCAGCATGACCAAGATCCTGGA GCCCTTCCGCAAGCAGAACCCCGACATCGTGATCTACCAGGCCCCCCTGTACGTGGGCAG CGACCTGGAGATCGGCCAGCACCAAGATCGAGGAGCTGCGCCAGCACCTGCTGCG CTGGGGCTTCACCACCCCGACAAGAAGCACCAGAAGGAGCCCCCCTTCCTGTGGATGGG CTACGAGCTGCACCCCGACAAGTGGACCGTGCAGCCCATCATGCTGCCCGAGAAGGACAG GGTGATCCCCCTGACCGAGGGGGCCGAGCTGGAGCTGGCCGAGAACCGCGAGATCCTGAA GGAGCCCGTGCACGAGGTGTACTACGACCCCAGCAAGGACCTGGTGGCCGAGATCCAGAA GCAGGGCCAGGGCCAGTGGACCTACCAGATCTACCAGGAGCCCTTCAAGAACCTGAAGAC CGGCAAGTACGCCCGCATGCGCGGCGCCCCACACCAACGACGTGAAGCAGCTGACCGAGGC CGTGCAGAAGGTGAGCACCGAGAGCATCGTGATCTGGGGCAAGATCCCCAAGTTCAAGCT

FIG. 71A (SEO ID NO:80)

FIG. 71B (SEO ID NO:80)

FS(+)_ProtInact_RTopt_YMWM

GCGGCCGCGAAGGACACCAAATGAAAGATTGCACTGAGAGACAGGCTAATTTTTTAGGGA AGATCTGGCCTTCCTACAAGGGAAGGCCAGGGAATTTTCTTCAGAGCAGACCAGAGCCAA CAGCCCCACCAGAAGAGAGCTTCAGGTTTGGGGAGGAGAAAACAACTCCCTCTCAGAAGC AGGAGCCGATAGACAAGGAACTGTATCCTTTAACTTCCCTCAGATCACTCTTTGGCAACG ACCCCTCGTCACAATAAGGATCGGGGGGCAACTCAAGGAAGCGCTGCTCGATACAGGAGC AGATGATACAGTATTAGAAGAAATGAATTTGCCAGGAAAATGGAAACCAAAAATGATAGG GGGGATCGGGGGCTTCATCAAGGTGAGGCAGTACGACCAGATACCTGTAGAAATCTGTGG ACATAAAGCTATAGGTACAGTATTAGTAGGACCTACACCTGTCAACATAATTGGAAGAAA TCTGTTGACCCAGATCGGCTGCACCTTGAACTTCCCCATCAGCCCTATTGAGACGGTGCC CGTGAAGTTGAAGCCGGGGATGGACGGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAATGGCCATTGACCGAGGA GAAGATCAAGGCCCTGGTGGAGATCTGCACCGAGATGGAGAAGGAGGGCAAGATCAGCAA GATCGGCCCCGAGAACCCCTACAACACCCCCGTGTTCGCCATCAAGAAGAAGAAGACACCAC CAAGTGGCGCAAGCTGGTGGACTTCCGCGAGCTGAACAAGCGCACCCAGGACTTCTGGGA GGTGCAGCTGGGCATCCCCCACCCCGCCGGCCTGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGACGTGACCGTGCT GGACGTGGGCGACGCCTACTTCAGCGTGCCCCTGGACAAGGACTTCCGCAAGTACACCGC CTTCACCATCCCCAGCATCAACAACGAGACCCCCGGCATCCGCTACCAGTACAACGTGCT GCCCCAGGGCTGGAAGGGCAGCCCCGCCATCTTCCAGAGCAGCATGACCAAGATCCTGGA GCCCTTCCGCAAGCAGAACCCCGACATCGTGATCTACCAGGCCCCCCTGTACGTGGGCAG CGACCTGGAGATCGGCCAGCACCGCACCAAGATCGAGGAGCTGCGCCAGCACCTGCTGCG CTGGGGCTTCACCACCCCGACAAGAAGCACCAGAAGGAGCCCCCCTTCCTGCCCATCGA GCTGCACCCCGACAAGTGGACCGTGCAGCCCATCATGCTGCCCGAGAAGGACAGCTGGAC CATCAAGGTGAAGCAGCTGTGCAAGCTGCTGCGCGCCACCAAGGCCCTGACCGAGGTGAT CCCCTGACCGAGGGGGCCGAGCTGGAGCTGGCCGAGAACCGCGAGATCCTGAAGGAGCC CGTGCACGAGGTGTACTACGACCCCAGCAAGGACCTGGTGGCCGAGATCCAGAAGCAGGG CCAGGGCCAGTGGACCTACCAGATCTACCAGGAGCCCTTCAAGAACCTGAAGACCGGCAA GTACGCCCGCATGCGCGCGCCCACACCAACGACGTGAAGCAGCTGACCGAGGCCGTGCA GAAGGTGAGCACCGAGAGCATCGTGATCTGGGGCAAGATCCCCAAGTTCAAGCTGCCCAT

FIG. 72A (SEO ID NO:81)

FIG. 72B (SEQ ID NO:81)

FS(-)_ProtMod_RTopt_YM

GCGGCCGCGAAGGACACCAAATGAAAGATTGCACTGAGAGACAGGCTAATTTCTTCCGCG AGGACCTGGCCTTCCTGCAGGGCAAGGCCCGCGAGTTCAGCAGCGAGCAGACCCGCGCCCA CCGGCGCCGACCGCCAGGCACCGTGAGCTTCAACTTCCCCCAGATCACCCTGTGGCAGC GCCCCTGGTGACCATCAGGATCGGCGGCCAGCTCAAGGAGGCGCTGCTCGACACCGGCG CCGACGACACCGTGCTGGAGGAGATGAACCTGCCCGGCAAGTGGAAGCCCAAGATGATCG GCGGGATCGGGGGCTTCATCAAGGTGCGGCAGTACGACCAGATCCCCGTGGAGATCTGCG GCCACAAGGCCATCGGCACCGTGCTGGTGGGCCCCACCCCGTGAACATCATCGGCCGCA ACCTGCTGACCCAGATCGGCTGCACCCTGAACTTCCCCATCAGCCCCATCGAGACGGTGC CCGTGAAGCTGAAGCCGGGGATGGACGGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAGTGGCCCCTGACCGAGG AGAAGATCAAGGCCCTGGTGGAGATCTGCACCGAGATGGAGAAGGAGGGCAAGATCAGCA AGATCGGCCCGAGAACCCCCTACAACACCCCCGTGTTCGCCATCAAGAAGAAGAACACACA CCAAGTGGCGCAAGCTGGTGGACTTCCGCGAGCTGAACAAGCGCACCCAGGACTTCTGGG AGGTGCAGCTGGGCATCCCCCACCCCGCCGGCCTGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGACGTGACCGTGC TGGACGTGGGCGACGCCTACTTCAGCGTGCCCCTGGACAAGGACTTCCGCAAGTACACCG CCTTCACCATCCCCAGCATCAACAACGAGACCCCCGGCATCCGCTACCAGTACAACGTGC TGCCCCAGGGCTGGAAGGGCAGCCCCGCCATCTTCCAGAGCAGCATGACCAAGATCCTGG AGCCCTTCCGCAAGCAGAACCCCGACATCGTGATCTACCAGGCCCCCCTGTACGTGGGCA GCGACCTGGAGATCGGCCAGCACCGCACCAAGATCGAGGAGCTGCGCCAGCACCTGCTGC GCTGGGGCTTCACCACCCCGACAAGAAGCACCAGAAGGAGCCCCCCTTCCTGTGGATGG GCTACGAGCTGCACCCCGACAAGTGGACCGTGCAGCCCATCATGCTGCCCGAGAAGGACA AGGTGATCCCCCTGACCGAGGGGGCCGAGCTGGAGCTGGCCGAGAACCGCGAGATCCTGA AGGAGCCCGTGCACGAGGTGTACTACGACCCCAGCAAGGACCTGGTGGCCGAGATCCAGA ${\tt AGCAGGGCCAGGGGCCAGTGGACCTACCAGATCTACCAGGAGCCCTTCAAGAACCTGAAGA}$ CCGGCAAGTACGCCCGCATGCGCGGCGCCCCACACCAACGACGTGAAGCAGCTGACCGAGG CCGTGCAGAAGGTGAGCACCGAGAGCATCGTGATCTGGGGCAAGATCCCCAAGTTCAAGC

FIG. 73A (SEO ID NO:82)

FIG. 73B (SEQ ID NO:82)

FS(-)_ProtMod_RTopt_YMWM

GCGGCCGCGAAGGACACCAAATGAAAGATTGCACTGAGAGACAGGCTAATTTCTTCCGCG AGGACCTGGCCTTCCTGCAGGGCAAGGCCCGCGAGTTCAGCAGCGAGCAGACCCGCGCCA ACAGCCCCACCCGCGCGAGCTGCAGGTGTGGGGCGGCGAGAACAACAGCCTGAGCGAGG CCGGCGCCGACCGCCAGGCACCGTGAGCTTCAACTTCCCCCAGATCACCCTGTGGCAGC GCCCCTGGTGACCATCAGGATCGGCGGCCAGCTCAAGGAGGCGCTGCTCGACACCGGCG CCGACGACACCGTGCTGGAGGAGATGAACCTGCCCGGCAAGTGGAAGCCCAAGATGATCG GCGGGATCGGGGGCTTCATCAAGGTGCGGCAGTACGACCAGATCCCCGTGGAGATCTGCG GCCACAAGGCCATCGGCACCGTGCTGGTGGGCCCCACCCCGTGAACATCATCGGCCGCA ACCTGCTGACCCAGATCGGCTGCACCCTGAACTTCCCCATCAGCCCCATCGAGACGGTGC CCGTGAAGCTGAAGCCGGGGATGGACGGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAGTGGCCCCTGACCGAGG AGAAGATCAAGGCCCTGGTGGAGATCTGCACCGAGATGGAGAAGGAGGGCAAGATCAGCA AGATCGGCCCGAGAACCCCTACAACACCCCCGTGTTCGCCATCAAGAAGAAGGACAGCA CCAAGTGGCGCAAGCTGGTGGACTTCCGCGAGCTGAACAAGCGCACCCAGGACTTCTGGG AGGTGCAGCTGGGCATCCCCCACCCCGCCGGCCTGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGACGTGACCGTGC TGGACGTGGGCGACGCCTACTTCAGCGTGCCCCTGGACAAGGACTTCCGCAAGTACACCG CCTTCACCATCCCCAGCATCAACAACGAGACCCCCGGCATCCGCTACCAGTACAACGTGC TGCCCCAGGGCTGGAAGGGCAGCCCCGCCATCTTCCAGAGCAGCATGACCAAGATCCTGG AGCCCTTCCGCAAGCAGAACCCCGACATCGTGATCTACCAGGCCCCCCTGTACGTGGGCA GCGACCTGGAGATCGGCCAGCACCGCACCAAGATCGAGGAGCTGCGCCAGCACCTGCTGC GCTGGGGCTTCACCACCCCGACAAGAAGCACCAGAAGGAGCCCCCCTTCCTGCCCATCG AGCTGCACCCCGACAAGTGGACCGTGCAGCCCATCATGCTGCCCGAGAAGGACAGCTGGA CCGTGAACGACATCCAGAAGCTGGTGGGCCAAGCTGAACTGGGCCAGATCTACGCCG GCATCAAGGTGAAGCAGCTGTGCAAGCTGCTGCGCGCGCACCAAGGCCCTGACCGAGGTGA TCCCCTGACCGAGGAGGCCGAGCTGGAGCTGGCCGAGAACCGCGAGATCCTGAAGGAGC CCGTGCACGAGGTGTACTACGACCCCAGCAAGGACCTGGTGGCCGAGATCCAGAAGCAGG GCCAGGGCCAGTGGACCTACCAGATCTACCAGGAGCCCTTCAAGAACCTGAAGACCGGCA AGTACGCCCGCATGCGCGCCCCCACACCAACGACGTGAAGCAGCTGACCGAGGCCGTGC AGAAGGTGAGCACCGAGAGCATCGTGATCTGGGGCAAGATCCCCAAGTTCAAGCTGCCCA

FIG. 74A (SEO ID NO:83)

TCCAGAAGGAGACCTGGGAGGCCTGGTGGATGGAGTACTGGCAGGCCACCTGGATCCCCG
AGTGGGAGTTCGTGAACACCCCCCCCCTGGTGAAGCTGTGGTACCAGCTGGAGAAGGAGC
CCATCGTGGGCGCCGAGACCTTCTACGTGGACGGCGCCGCCAACCGCGAGACCAAGCTGG
GCAAGGCCGGCTACGTGACCGACCGGGGCCGGCAGAAGGTGGTGAGCATCGCCGACACCA
CCAACCAGAAGACCGAGCTGCAGGCCATCCACCTGGCCCTGCAGGACAGCCGGCCTGGAGG
TGAACATCGTGACCGACAGCCAGTACGCCCTGGGCATCATCCAGGCCCAGCCCGACAAGA
GCGAGAGCGAGCTGGTGAGCCAGATCATCGAGCAGCTGATCAAGAAGGAGAAGGTGTACC
TGGCCTGGGTGCCCGCCCACAAGGGCATCGGCGGCAACGAGCAGGTGGACAAGCTGGTGA
GCGCCGGCATCCGCAAGGTGCTGTTCCTGAACGGCATCGATGGCGGCATCGTGATCTACC
AGTACATGGACGACCTGTACGTGGGCAGCGGCGCCCTAGGATCGATTAAAAGCTTCCCG
GGGCTAGCACCGGTGAATTC

FIG. 74B (SEQ ID NO:83)

FS(-)_ProtMod_RTopt(+)

WO 00/39302

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FIG. 75A (SEQ ID NO:84)

FIG. 75B (SEO ID NO:84)

Tat_wt_SF162 (wildtype)

FIG. 76 (SEO ID NO:85)

Tat_SF162

MEPVDPRLEPWKHPGSQPKTACTNCYCKKCCFHCQVCFITKGLGISYGRKKRRQRRRAPPDSE VHQVSLPKQPASQPQGDPTGPKESKKKVERETETDPVH

FIG. 77 (SEO ID NO:86)

Tat_SF162_opt

FIG. 78
(SEO ID NO:87)

Tat_Cys22_SF162_opt

> FIG. 79 (SEO ID NO:88)

Alignment GagMod vs GP1_GP2

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	F2 (1) 1) (1) 2) (1) us (1)	(7) (7) (1) (1) (1)	(77) su		(22	SF2 (229) 21) (229) 22) (229) sus (229)	(305) SF2 (305) P1) (305)
	GagMod.SF2 GagProtMod.SF2(GP1) GagProtMod.SF2(GP2)	GagMod.SE GagProtMod.SF2 (GP1	Consensus	GagMod.SF2 GagProtMod.SF2(GP1) GagProtMod.SF2(GP2)		GagMod.SF2 GagProtMod.SF2(GP1) GagProtMod.SF2(GP2)	GagMod.SF2 GagProtMod.SF2(GP1)

Alignment GagMod vs GP1_GP2

127 / 131

Section 6 (381) 381 390 400 410 420 430 440 456	GagMod.SF2 (381) CAGCCAGGTGAGCCAGAACTACCCCATCGTGQAGAACCTGCAGGGCCAGATGGTGCACCAGGCCATCAGCCCCGGCCACAGCCCCCGC :Mod.SF2 (GP1) (381) CAGCCAGGTGAGCCAGAACTACCCCATCGTGCAGAACCTGCAGGGCCAGATGGTGCACCAGGCCATCAGCCCCGC :Mod.SF2 (GP2) (381) CAGCCAGGTGAGCCAGAACTACCCCATCGTGCAGAACCTGCAGAGGCCAGATGGTGCACCAGGCCATCACGTGCACACAGAACTACCTGC	(381)	(457) 457 470 480 490 500 510 520 532 GagMod.SF2 (457) ACCTGAACGCTGGAGGAGGGGAGAAGGCCTTCAGCCCCGAGGTGATCCCCATGTTCAGCGCCCTGA	tMod.SF2(GP1) (457) ACCCTGAACGCCTGGGTGAAGGTGGTGGAGGAAGGCCTTCAGCCCCGAGGTGATCCCCATGTTCAGCGCCCTGA	Consensus (457) ACCCTGAACGCCTGGGTGAAGGTGGTGGAGGAGAAGGCCTTCAGCCCCGAGGTGATCCCCATGTTCAGCGCCCTGA	33) 533 540 550 560 570 580 590 60	_	(533)	(533)	Consensus (533) GCGAGGGCGCCACCCCCAGGACCTGAACACGATGTTGAACACCGTGGGCGGCCACCAGGCCGCCATGCAGATGCT	(609)	(609)	(609)	(609)	Consensus (609) GAAGGAGACCATCAACGAGGCCGCCGAGTGGGACCGCGTGCACCCGTGCACGCCGGCCCCGATCGCCCCGGCCCCGATGGCGCCCCGGCCCCGGCCCCGGCCCCGGCCCCGGCCCCGGCCCC	(685) 685 690 700 710 720 730 740 750 760		(685)	(589)	CONSENSUS (883) CAGAIGCGCGCGCGCCGCGGCACAICGCCGGCACACCACCACCACCAIGCAGGAGCAGAICGCIGGAIGACCA
	GagMod.SF2 GagProtMod.SF2(GP1) GagProtMod.SF2(GP2)	Con	GagN	GagProtMod.SF2(GP1) GagProtMod.SF2(GP2)	Cor		Gagl	GagProtMod.SF2 (GP1)	GagProtMod.SE	Cor	1	Gagh	GagProtMod. SF2 (GP1)	GagProtMod.SE	Co		Gagh	GagProtMod.Sl	GagProtMod.Sl	

Alignment GagMod vs GP1_GP2

Section 16

Alignment GagMod vs GP1 GP2

129/131

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CCAACAGCCCCACCAGAAGAAGATTCAGGTTTGGGGAGGAGAAAAACAACTCCCTCTCAGAAGCAGGAGCCGATAG

Section 19

1430

1420

1410

1400

1390

1380

GagMod. SF2 (1369)

GagProtMod.SF2(GP1)(1369)

(1369)

Consensus (1293)

Alignment GagMod vs GPl_GF2

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,	1 1		1790	1780	1770		17		(1749)	:
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1748	1730	1720	1710			1690	1680		(1673)	
rGGAGATCTGCGG IAGAAATCTGTGG I GA ATCTG GG	AGATCCCGT AGATACCTGT AGAT CC GT	GTACGACC GTACGACC GTACGACC	sgrecesca sgreassca sgre sgca	TTCATCAAC TTCATCAAC TTCATCAAC	rc66666C rc66666C	AGGCGGGAT GGGGGGGAT GG GGGAT	AGATGATO		.SF2 (1510) GP1) (1597) GP2) (1597) nsus (1597)	GagMod. agProtMod.SF2(G agProtMod.SF2(G
1660 1672	 	1 1 1	164	1630	1620	.610	1		(1597)	
CCGGCAAGTGGA CCAGGAAAATGGA CC GG AA TGGA	ATGAACCTGC ATGAATTTGC ATGAA TGC	TGGAGGAG) TAGAAGAA) T GA GA)	CACCGTGC NTACAGTAT	CCCCACGA AGCAGATGA GC GA GA	SACACCGG	GCTGCTCC	AAGGAGGC AAGGAAGC AAGGAAGC		.SF2 (1510) GP1) (1521) GP2) (1521) nsus (1521)	GagMod. gProtMod.SF2(G gProtMod.SF2(G
1596	1580	1570	1560	1550		154	1530	1521	(1521)	

TataminoSF162.opt

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FIG. 81 (SEQ ID NO:89)

Tat_Cys22_SF162

MEPVDPRLEPWKHPGSQPKTAGTNCYCKKCCFHCQVCFITKGLGISYGRKKRRQRRRAPPDSE VHQVSLPKQPASQPQGDPTGPKESKKKVERETETDPVHZ

FIG. 82 (SEQ ID NO:90)

SEQUENCE LISTING

PCT/US99/31245

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3

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WO 00/39302	PCT/US99/31245
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 WO 00/39302
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<211> 26
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: primer XPANXNR
<400> 18
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<210> 19
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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      Major Homology Region
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Phe Tyr Lys Thr
<210> 20
<211> 60
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
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      Gag Major Homology Region
<400> 20
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<211> 15

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WO 00/39302 <212> PRT <213> Human immunodeficiency virus <400> 21 Ala Pro Thr Lys Ala Lys Arg Arg Val Val Gln Arg Glu Lys Arg 5 <210> 22 <211> 5 <212> PRT <213> Human immunodeficiency virus <400> 22 Lys Ala Lys Arg Arg <210> 23 <211> 4 <212> PRT <213> Human immunodeficiency virus <400> 23 Arg Glu Lys Arg <210> 24 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: aa of mut7.SF162 cleavage site <400> 24 Ala Pro Thr Lys Ala Ile Ser Ser Val Val Gln Ser Glu Lys Ser 1 5 10 <210> 25 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: aa of mut8.SF162 cleavage site Ala Pro Thr Ile Ala Ile Ser Ser Val Val Gln Ser Glu Lys Ser 5 <210> 26 <211> 15

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12

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  <211> 2457
  <212> DNA
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<213> Artificial Sequence
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cccgtgtgga aggaggccac caccaccctg ttctgcgcca gcgacgccaa ggcctacgac 180
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cagatgcacg aggacatcat cagcctgtgg gaccagagcc tgaagccctg cgtgaagctg 360
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<213> Artificial Sequence
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<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<212> DNA
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<210> 43
<211> 1944
<212> DNA
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<220>
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PCT/US99/31245 WO 00/39302

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: gp140.mut7.modSF162.delV2 <400> 43

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<210> 44 <211> 1836 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence

<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:

gp140.mut7.modSF162.delV1/V2

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tggagcaaca agagcctgga ccagatctgg aacaacatga cctggatgga gtgggagcgc 1680
gagategaea actaeaceaa eetgatetae accetgateg aggagageea gaaceageag 1740
gagaagaacg agcaggagct gctggagctg gacaagtggg ccagcctgtg gaactggttc 1800
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<211> 2025
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:
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cccgtgtgga aggaggccac caccaccctg ttctgcgcca gcgacgccaa ggcctacgac 180
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gagatcgtgc tggagaacgt gaccgagaac ttcaacatgt ggaagaacaa catggtggag 300
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agcateegea acaagatgea gaaggagtae geeetgttet acaagetgga egtggtgeee 540
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agegeegtga eeetgggege catgtteetg ggetteetgg gegeegeegg cageaccatg 1560
ggcgcccgca gcctgaccct gaccgtgcag gcccgccagc tgctgagcgg catcgtgcag 1620
cagcagaaca acctgctgcg cgccatcgag gcccagcagc acctgctgca gctgaccgtg 1680
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tggggcatca agcagctgca ggcccgcgtg ctggccgtgg agcgctacct gaaggaccag 1740
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aacgccagct ggagcaacaa gagcctggac cagatctgga acaacatgac ctggatggag 1860
tgggagcgcg agatcgacaa ctacaccaac ctgatctaca ccctgatcga ggagagccag 1920
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<210> 46
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<212> DNA
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gageceatee ceatecaeta etgegeeeee geeggetteg ceateetgaa gtgeaacgae 600
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<210> 47
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24

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<212> DNA
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<210> 49
<211> 2466 -
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:
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<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: gp120.modUS4.del 128-194 <400> 55 gaattegeea ceatggatge aatgaagaga gggetetget gtgtgetget getgtgtgga 60 gcagtetteg tttegeccag egecaceace gtgetgtggg tgacegtgta etaeggegtg 120 cccgtgtgga aggaggccac caccaccetg ttctgcgcca gcgacgccaa ggcttacaag 180 geogaggeee acaacgtgtg ggecacccac geetgegtge ceaeegaeee caaeeecag 240 gaggtgaacc tgaccaacgt gaccgagaac ttcaacatgt ggaagaacaa catggtggag 300 cagatgcatg aggacatcat cagectgtgg gaccagagee tgaageeetg egtgaagetg 360 acceccetgt gegtggggge agggaactge gagaccageg tgateaceca ggeetgeeee 420 aaggtgaget tegageecat ecceateeac tactgegeec eegeeggett egeeateetg 480 aagtgcaagg acaagaagtt caacggcacc ggcccctgca agaacgtgag caccgtgcag 540 tgcacccaeg gcatcegeee egtggtgage acccagetge tgctgaacgg cagectggee 600 gaggaggaga tegtgetgeg etcegagaae tteacegaea aegecaagae cateategtg 660 cagetgaaeg agteegtgga gateaaetge ateegeeeca acaacaacae gegtaagage 720 atccacateg geoceggeeg egeettetae gecaceggeg acateategg egacateege 780 caggeceact geaacateag caaggecaae tggaceaaca eeetegagea gategtggag 840 aagetgegeg ageagttegg caacaacaag accateatet teaacageag cageggegge 900 gacccegaga tegtgtteea cagetteaae tgeggeggeg agttetteta etgeaacace 960 agccagctgt tcaacagcac ctggaacatc accgaggagg tgaacaagac caaggagaac 1020 gacaccatca teetgeeetg eegeateege cagateatea acatgtggea ggaggtggge 1080 aaggeeatgt aegeeeeee cateegegge cagateaagt geageageaa tattaeegge 1140 ctgctgctga cccgcgacgg cggcaccaac aacaaccgca ccaacgacac cgagaccttc 1200 cgccccggcg gcggcaacat gaaggacaac tggcgcagcg agctgtacaa gtacaaggtg 1260 gtgcgcatcg agcccctggg cgtggccccc acccaggcca agcgccgcgt ggtgcagcgc 1320 gagaagcgct aagatatcgg atcctctaga 1350 <210> 56 <211> 2112 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: gp140.modUS4 gaattegeea eeatggatge aatgaagaga gggetetget gtgtgetget getgtgtgga 60 geagtetteg titegeecag egecaceace gigetgigg igacegigta ciaeggegig 120 cccgtgtgga aggaggccac caccaccctg ttctgcgcca gcgacgccaa ggcttacaag 180 gccgaggecc acaacgtgtg ggccacccac gcctgcgtgc ccaccgaccc caacccccag 240 gaggtgaacc tgaccaacgt gaccgagaac ttcaacatgt ggaagaacaa catggtggag 300 cagatgcatg aggacatcat cagcctgtgg gaccagagcc tgaagccctg cgtgaagctg 360 accecectgt gegtgaceet gaactgeace gacaagetga eeggeageac caaeggeace 420 aacagcacca geggeaccaa cageaccage ggeaccaaca geaccageac caacageace 480 gacagetggg agaagatgee egagggegag ateaagaaet geagetteaa cateaceaec 540 agegtgegeg acaaggtgea gaaggagtae ageetgttet acaagetgga egtggtgeee 600 ategacaacg acaacgccag ctaccgcctg atcaactgca acaccagcgt gatcacccag 660 geetgeecca aggtgagett egageecate eccatecaet actgegeece egeeggette 720 gecateetga agtgeaagga caagaagtte aaeggeaeeg geceetgeaa gaaegtgage 780 accytycayt ycacccacyy catccycccc ytyytyayca cccayctyct yctyaacyyc 840 agectggeeg aggaggagat egtgetgege teegagaact teacegacaa egecaagace 900 atcategtge agetgaaega gteegtggag ateaaetgea teegeeecaa caacaacaeg 960 cgtaagagca tccacategg ccccggccgc gccttctacg ccaccggcga catcateggc 1020 gacateegee aggeeeactg caacateage aaggeeaact ggaceaacae cetegageag 1080 atcgtggaga agctgcgcga gcagttcggc aacaacaaga ccatcatctt caacagcagc 1140 ageggeggeg acceegagat egtgtteeae agetteaaet geggeggega gttettetae 1200

tgcaacacca gccagctgtt caacagcacc tggaacatca ccgaggaggt gaacaagacc 1260

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 attaccggcc tgctgctgac ccgcgacggc ggcaccaaca acaaccgcac caacgacacc 1440
 gagacettee geeeeggegg eggeaacatg aaggacaact ggegeagega getgtacaag 1500
 tacaaggtgg tgcgcatcga gcccctgggc gtggccccca cccaggccaa gcgccgcgtg 1560
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 ageggeateg tgeageagea gaacaacetg etgegegeea tegaggeeea geageacetg 1740
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tacctgaagg accagcaget getgggcate tggggctgca geggcaaget gatetgcace 1860
accaccgtgc cctggaacag cagctggagc aacaagagcc tgaccgagat ctgggacaac 1920
atgacctgga tggagtggga gcgcgagatc ggcaactaca ccggcctgat ctacaacctg 1980
atcgagatcg cccagaacca gcaggagaag aacgagcagg agctgctgga gctggacaag 2040
tgggccagcc tgtggaactg gttcgacatc accaactggc tgtggtacat ctaagatatc 2100
ggatcctcta ga
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<211> 2112
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:
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cccgtgtgga aggaggccac caccaccctg ttctgcgcca gcgacgccaa ggcttacaag 180
geogaggeec acaacgtgtg ggeeacceae geetgegtge ceaecgaece caaeceecag 240
gaggtgaacc tgaccaacgt gaccgagaac ttcaacatgt ggaagaacaa catggtggag 300
cagatgcatg aggacatcat cagcetgtgg gaccagagee tgaageectg egtgaagetg 360
accecetgt gegtgaceet gaactgeace gacaagetga eeggeageac caacggeace 420
aacagcacca gcggcaccaa cagcaccagc ggcaccaaca gcaccagcac caacagcacc 480
gacagetggg agaagatgee egagggegag ateaagaaet geagetteaa cateaceaec 540
agegtgegeg acaaggtgea gaaggagtae ageetgttet acaagetgga egtggtgeee 600
atcgacaacg acaacgccag ctaccgcctg atcaactgca acaccagcgt gatcacccag 660
geetgeecea aggtgagett egageecate eccatecaet aetgegeece egeeggette 720
gccatcctga agtgcaagga caagaagttc aacggcaccg gcccctgcaa gaacgtgagc 780
accgtgcagt gcacccacgg catccgcccc gtggtgagca cccagctgct gctgaacggc 840
ageetggeeg aggaggagat egtgetgege teegagaact teacegacaa egeeaagace 900
atcategtge agetgaacga gteegtggag atcaactgea teegeeceaa caacaacacg 960
cgtaagagea tecacategg ceceggeege geettetaeg ceaceggega cateategge 1020
gacateegee aggeecaetg caacateage aaggeeaaet ggaceaacae eetegageag 1080
ategtggaga agetgegega geagttegge aacaacaaga ecateatett caacageage 1140
ageggeggeg acceegagat egtgtteeac agetteaact geggeggega gttettetae 1200
tgcaacacca gccagctgtt caacagcacc tggaacatca ccgaggaggt gaacaagacc 1260
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attaceggee tgetgetgae eegegaegge ggeaecaaca acaacegeae caacgacace 1440
gagacettee geeeeggegg eggeaacatg aaggacaaet ggegeagega getgtacaag 1500
tacaaggtgg tgcgcatcga gcccctgggc gtggccccca cccaggccaa gcgccgcgtg 1560
gtgcagcgcg agaagagcgc cgtgggcctg ggcgccctgt tcatcggctt cctgggcgcc 1620
geegggagea ceatgggege egeeteegtg accetgaceg tgeaggeeeg ceagetgetg 1680
ageggeateg tgeageagea gaacaacetg etgegegeea tegaggeeea geageacetg 1740
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tacctgaagg accagcaget getgggcate tggggetgea geggeaaget gatetgeace 1860
accaccgtgc cctggaacag cagctggagc aacaagagcc tgaccgagat ctgggacaac 1920
atgacctgga tggagtggga gcgcgagatc ggcaactaca ccggcctgat ctacaacctg 1980
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 ggatcctcta ga
 <210> 58
 <211> 2181
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: gp140TM.modUS4
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eccgtgtgga aggaggccac caccaccetg ttetgegeca gegaegecaa ggettacaag 180
geogaggeee acaacgtgtg ggeeacceae geetgegtge ecaeegaeee caaceceeag 240
gaggtgaacc tgaccaacgt gaccgagaac ttcaacatgt ggaagaacaa catggtggag 300
cagatgcatg aggacatcat cagcetgtgg gaccagagee tgaageeetg egtgaagetg 360
accecetgt gegtgaceet gaactgeace gacaagetga eeggeageac caacggeace 420
aacagcacca geggeaccaa cagcaceage ggeaccaaca gcaceageac caacagcace 480
gacagetggg agaagatgee egagggegag atcaagaaet geagetteaa cateaceaee 540
agegtgegeg acaaggtgea gaaggagtae ageetgttet acaagetgga egtggtgeee 600
ategacaaeg acaaegeeag etacegeetg ateaaetgea acaeeagegt gateaeeeag 660
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agectggeeg aggaggagat egtgetgege teegagaaet teaeegaeaa egecaagaee 900
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gacateegee aggeeeactg caacateage aaggeeaact ggaeeaacae eetegageag 1080
atcgtggaga agctgcgcga gcagttcggc aacaacaaga ccatcatctt caacagcagc 1140
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gagacettee geeeeggegg eggeaacatg aaggacaact ggegeagega getgtacaag 1500
tacaaggtgg tgcgcatcga gcccctgggc gtggccccca cccaggccaa gcgccgcgtg 1560
gtgcagcgcg agaagcgcgc cgtgggcctg ggcgccctgt tcatcggctt cctgggcgcc 1620
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tacctgaagg accagcagct gctgggcatc tggggctgca gcggcaagct gatctgcacc 1860
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taagatatcg gatcctctag a
<210> 59
<211> 1818
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:
     gp140.modUS4.delV1/V2
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<400> 59
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cccgtgtgga aggaggccac caccacctg ttctgcgcca gcgacgccaa ggcttacaag 180
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aacacgcgta agagcatcca catcggcccc ggccgcgcct tctacgccac cggcgacatc 720
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gagegetace tgaaggacea geagetgetg ggeatetggg getgeagegg caagetgate 1560
tgcaccacca ccgtgccctg gaacagcagc tggagcaaca agagcctgac cgagatctgg 1620
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aacctgatcg agatcgccca gaaccagcag gagaagaacg agcaggagct gctggagctg 1740
gacaagtggg ccagcctgtg gaactggttc gacatcacca actggctgtg gtacatctaa 1800
gatatcggat cctctaga
<210> 60
<211> 2031
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:
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cccgtgtgga aggaggccac caccaccctg ttctgcgcca gcgacgccaa ggcttacaag 180
gccgaggccc acaacgtgtg ggccacccac gcctgcgtgc ccaccgaccc caacccccag 240
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gageceatee ecatecaeta etgegeeece geeggetteg ecateetgaa gtgeaaggae 660
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atcogcoccg tggtgagcac ccagctgctg ctgaacggca gcctggccga ggaggagatc 780
gtgctgcgct ccgagaactt caccgacaac gccaagacca tcatcgtgca gctgaacgag 840
tccgtggaga tcaactgcat ccgccccaac aacaacacgc gtaagagcat ccacatcggc 900
eceggeegeg cettetaege caceggegae atcateggeg acateegeea ggeecaetge 960
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gtgttccaca gettcaactg eggeggegag ttettetact geaacaccag ceagetgtte 1140
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egegagateg geaactacae eggeetgate tacaacetga tegagatege ceagaaceag 1920
caggagaaga acgagcagga gctgctggag ctggacaagt gggccagcct gtggaactgg 1980
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:
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<400> 61
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eccgtgtgga aggaggecae caccaccetg ttetgegeca gegaegecaa ggettacaag 180
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gtgagcaccg tgcagtgcac ccacggcatc cgccccgtgg tgagcaccca gctgctgctg 540
aacggcagcc tggccgagga ggagatcgtg ctgcgctccg agaacttcac cgacaacgcc 600
aagaccatca tegtgeaget gaacgagtee gtggagatea actgeateeg eeccaacaae 660
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ateggegaca teegeeagge ceaetgeaac ateageaagg ceaaetggae caacaceete 780
gagcagatcg tggagaagct gcgcgagcag ttcggcaaca acaagaccat catcttcaac 840
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agcaatatta ccggcctgct gctgacccgc gacggcggca ccaacaacaa ccgcaccaac 1140
gacaccgaga cetteegeee eggeggegge aacatgaagg acaactggeg cagegagetg 1200
tacaagtaca aggtggtgcg catcgagccc ctgggcgtgg ccccaccca ggccaagcgc 1260
cgcgtggtgc agcgcgagaa gagcgccgtg ggcctgggcg ccctgttcat cggcttcctg 1320
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ctgctgagcg gcatcgtgca gcagcagaac aacctgctgc gcgccatcga ggcccagcag 1440
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gagcgctacc tgaaggacca gcagctgctg ggcatctggg gctgcagcgg caagctgatc 1560
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gacaacatga cctggatgga gtgggagcgc gagatcggca actacaccgg cctgatctac 1680
aacctgatcg agatcgccca gaaccagcag gagaagaacg agcaggagct gctggagctg 1740
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1818
gatatcggat cctctaga
<210> 62
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41

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<210> 73 <211> 4766 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:
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<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

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